FLANDERS--
MY COUNTRY
AT
WEST END
CINEMA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913

WEST END
CINEMA
THE COOLEST AND THE MOST COMFORTABLE THEATRE IN BOMBAY

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VOL. V NO. 275 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1917. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co., will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden, Port Said and Marseilles.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch Mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I., sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
BOMBAY BRANCH
Alice Buildings, Fort,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE.—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 128 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 819,057.

Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY.

Prof. JAMES'

Electro Tonic Pearls.

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of overwork and dissipation. In cases of premature old age, involuntary discharges and weariness after slight effort these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.

V. P. Charges, annas four extra.

SOLE AGENTS:

THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.

Market, BOMBAY.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,250,000

Head Office:
20, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point.)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank:

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum secured does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1889.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 36,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 22,100,000

HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fongtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Seattle (U.S.A.)
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tiehling
Honolulu	New York	Tientsin
Kobe	Osaka	Tokyo
Los Angeles (Cal U.S.A.)	Pekin	Tsingtau
Liaoyang	Singapore	Tsinanfu

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI.
Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England)

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.

BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BAGDAD, BASRAH AND AMARA

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £900,000
Reserve Fund £70,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T. (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique.)
Lieut-Col. J. Leigh Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.)
J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. Haskell, Esq. (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq. (Martins Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.,
Narottam Morarji Goculdas Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 5 PER CENT PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT Accounts at 4 per cent per annum.

Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.
INDIA, BURMA, STRAITS & CHINA
CEYLON, MALAY STATES, JAPAN.

Bombay	Singapore	Hongkong
Calcutta	Penang	Shanghai
Madras	Malacca	Canton
Karachi	Kwala Lumpor	Foochow
Delhi	Ipoh	Hankow
Amritsar	Klang	Peking
Rangoon	Serenbam	Tientsin
Tavoy	Taiping	Yokohama
Colombo		Kobe

JAVA & SUMATRA, INDO-CHINA, Manila, Bangkok, PHILIPPINES, SIAM.

Batavia	Saigon	Cebu	Puket
Sourabaya	Haiphong	Hoile	
Medan			

NEW YORK and all Banks in Australia.

BANKERS.—Bank of England, London City and Midland Bank, London, County and Westminister Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.

The CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principle commercial cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued, does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

J. KEENAN,
Agent.

Esplanade Road,
Post Box No. 34, Bombay.
Office Hours:—10-30 a.m. to 4-0 p.m.
Saturday—10-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital £582,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £562,500
Reserve Fund £600,000

HEAD OFFICE:
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor
Batavia	Howrah (Calcutta)	Madras
Bombay	Kandy	Mauritius
Calcutta	Karachi	Penang
Colombo	Kota Bahru (Kelantan)	Rangoon
Delhi		Shanghai
Galle		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS.—The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents, and collection of interest thereon as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors. $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,500,000
old Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kawia Lumpor	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkew
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted, Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

BANKING

THE
SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

Subscribed Capital ... . Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 18,750,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 2,100,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

Bombay	Hankau	Honolulu
Kyoto	Moji	New York
San Francis	Shimonoseki	Yokohama, etc.,
Hakata	Hiroshima	Kobe
London	Nagoya	Osaka
Shanghai	Tokyo	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

J. SATO, Manager.

Church Gate Street, Bombay.
P. O Box No. 389.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS. BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 10,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,33,439	15	5
Reserve Funds	13,37,432	8	0

HEAD OFFICE.—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jummu, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are brought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

NAND LAL PURI,
Manager.

INSURANCE

THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL
ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).

Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.

Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.

For Prospectus and further particulars—Apply to—

SECRETARIES & MANAGERS,
JIVANLAL, DASTUR & Co.,
112, Esplanade Road, Fort.

INSURANCE.

Messrs. MATHRADAS & Co., Canada uilding, Home Street, Bombay, will be leased to entertain applications for Subagencies in Mofussil centres.

As Agents for the "QUEEN," "EQUITABLE," "NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE," and "STATE" (Fire Offices), the "EAGLE & BRITISH DOMINIONS" (Marine) and "GENERAL ACCIDENT" (Motor, Horse and Accidents) we can grant the most favourable rates and conditions for risks in and outside Bombay. Apply to

COLIN M. ROSS.
Managing Partner.

FASHION--UP-TO-MARK.

USE Our "English," "French," "Chinese" and "Japanese" Silk's and highly finished "Art Embroidery."

CHIC AND BEAUTY IN EVERY THREAD.

OUR Stock leads the fashion of the day and our patrons are the leaders of "fashion-up-to-date" *Our Show Room is a veritable palace of.*

MODERN SILK FOR MODERN DRESSES.

SILKS Our Show Room is a Palace of Silk goods, To visit it is a *"Study in Modern fashion* and modern Dress materials. *Your visit. Solicited.*

AHMED E. ESAALI,
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

TRY YOUR LUCK

2,000 HANDSOME AND BEAUTIFUL FREE PRIZES

WHERE?
AT JAPANESE FINE ARTS
NEXT TO NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA Ltd.

To be distributed among 2,000 first Customers purchasing goods upto Rs. 10 or above. Not merely the prizes, but a great amusement too for the Customers in the drawing of the prizes.

COMMENCING FROM 5th NOVEMBER 1917.

HOTELS

SPECIAL ARMY RESTAURANT.
167-69, Hornby Road, Fort.
Opposite Empire Cinematograph.
ICECREAM & CAKES OUR SPECIALITY.
HOT MEALS AND PROMPT SERVICE

EXCELSIOR RESTAURANT.
PROVISION, GENERAL MERCHANTS.
and
HIGH CLASS TOBACCONISTS.
193-195, HORNBY ROAD,
FORT, BOMBAY.

EDWARD RESTAURANT
Opposite WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & Co.
CONFECTIONERS & PROVISION MERCHANTS.
THE PLACE TO SUIT ALL.

KYANI & CO.
Prag Mahal, Dhobi Talao
BAKERS & CONFECTIONERS.
MAKER OF 'MACROON' (Almond) BISCUITS, DELICIOUS and WHOLESOME.

EMPIRE RESTAURANT
Empire Building,
BORI BUNDER.
CENTRAL POSITION AND PROMPT SERVICE.
HOT MEALS AT ANY TIME.

CHURCH GATE RESTAURANT
EXCELLENT MANAGEMENT.
BEST CUISINE.
18, Church Gate Street. Fort.

MERWAN & SONS.
97, Medow Street, Fort.
CONFECTIONERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS and TOBACCONISTS.

DURBAR DELAVER RESTAURANT
14, Green Street, Fort.
HIGH CLASS CONFECTIONERS and CATERERS.

BEST ACCOMMODATION
FOR HIGH CLASS HINDOOS.
SHREE ARYA PATHIKA ASHRAM.
(BOARDING AND LODGING)
Girgaum Back Road, Parekh Wadi's Bungalow

HOTELS

ROYAL HINDU HOTEL
MATHERAN.
has re-opened as usual from the beginning of October.
GOVINDJI VASANJI,
CHIRA BAZAAR, BOMBAY.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL
MATHERAN.
This Hotel is now open. Occupies best situation, and affords all comforts with good cuisine. Rooms available. Proprietor's personal supervision.
Blocks reserved for European visitors.
CHARGES MODERATE.

THE EVER POPULAR
EMPRESS HOTEL
NASIK ROAD,
DEOLALI.
MODERATE CHARGES.
FAMOUS FOR CUISINE
SPACIOUS GYMKHANA.

TURKO ROMAN BATH,
WITH MASSAGE AND VIBRATORY MASSAGE
Separate arrangement for Ladies.
Restorer and Preserver of
HEALTH, STRENGHT AND BEAUTY.
Open: 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays not excepted.
Chambers: 303, Hornby Road, Bombay, and at
Calcutta, Delhi and Rangoon.

Messrs. P. HORMUSJI & COMPANY.
No. 123, Crawford Market,
Central Compound.
THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST.
Daily bazar suppliers of dry and fresh fruits, vegetables, ice, fish and oilman-stores to Navies, Clubs, Hotels and private Families Commission Agents, Purveyors and General Merchants.
All orders local or up-country carefully executed and promptly despatched under the special supervision of the proprietors.
Prices exceptionally cheap, genuineness of every article guaranteed.
A TRIAL ORDER EARNESTLY SOLICITED.
CASH ONLY WITH ORDER OF V. P.

A. S. MOLOOBHOY & CO.
CONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS.
Have on hand a stock of galvd. black and steam pipes with fittings, stay boiler and hydraulic tubes, lead, brass and copper pipes, gunmetal steam wheel valves, ball and other cocks, English leather and hair belting, well pumps, etc.
Price on application—
229 & 231, Nagdevi Street, BOMBAY.

THE CARE OF TYRES.

DUNLOP:—"Now, before you put that tyre on, have a good look round the inside of the rim to see if it is rusty. If it is, rub the rust off with emery cloth, and then apply a coat of enamel. Rust is one of the very worst enemies of rubber, and is one of the chief factors in premature decay of tyres."

Buy a good tyre—one of the Dunlop, Warwick or Cambridge series—treat it fairly, and you will experience to the full the keen pleasures of cycling.

DUNLOP
RUBBER COMPANY, LTD.
(Incorporated in England).
Founders of the Pneumatic Tyre Industry,
3, Wallace Street, Hornby Rd., Bombay.

SALE

A RARE OPPORTUNITY
SALE OF OPTICAL GOODS

To last for a **Short Time** only at specially reduced Prices.

Dinshaw M. Dastoor & Co.,
(Original Firm.)
Near Currency Bank, Esplanade Road.

Owing to simultaneous arrival of several big consignments long overdue on account of the war we are just at present very heavily stocked in optical goods,

With a view to saviug interest, insurance and other charges incidental upon storing these recent additions to our stock we wish to dispose of parts thereof at reduced prices, such as gold and rolled gold frames, Binoculars, Motor Goggles Brazilian pebbles, **Kryptok, Sir William Crooks,** Toric and other high quality lenses.

PIONEER ELECTRIC
CHURCHGATE ST. LAMPS FORT, BOMBAY
of All Makes. at Lowest Price

The Oil of Quality for general cooking, frying, salads and French dressings. It replaces butter, ghee, or olive oil and is considerably cheaper. Sold by all dealers and Stores in 1 lb., 3½ lbs. and 35 lbs. tins.

THE INDIAN COTTON OIL Co. Ld.
Hummum St., Fort, BOMBAY.

C. BHOGILAL & Co
MARBLE & TILES MERCHANTS.
MARBLE FLOORING

Importers of White and Black Marble, Tiles, Slabs and Blocks, White Glazed Tiles, and Tiles of every description for floor Walls, Furniture and Mosaic Tiles Polishing Materials Cement, etc.

CONTRACTS UNDERTAKEN
Elphinstone Circle, Fort, BOMBAY.
Tel. 661 "Fashion" Bombay

BOMBAY WASHING Co
Military Square, Opposite Watson's Hotel, Fort
PIONEER CLEANERS
32 Years' Experience.

Experts in stains removing without cleaning the whole garment, Hats, Gloves, etc.
Dry Cleaning without aid of water, if within 24 hours Extra Charges.
Old white flannels and white silks do not improve in Dry Cleaning by anyone. But we can renovate the same by chemical wet cleaning.

PHOTOGRAPHIC HOBBIES
OF ALL KINDS
for Grown ups and Children. Suitable to all purses

Professionals Requisities: Dry Plates, Papers, Mounts, Chemicals, Retouching leads, etc.
Amateurs' Work:—Developing, Printing, Enlarging, &c., and repairs to Cameras done in a short time. Entire Satisfaction guaranteed.

S. MAHADEO & SON,
DEALERS IN PHOTO-MATERIALS, &c.,
54-56 Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OTTO MOHINI
KING OF PERFUMES

Rs. 100
Will be the Reward if proved that the
PERFUME
OF
OTTO MOHINI
is not lasting for four days.
TRY ONCE
AND
GET REWARD.
MOHINI AGENCY
Juma Masjid,
BOMBAY.

ASK FOR
KABUTO PILSENER
BEER
(BEST AND REFRESHING)
OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE.

Sole Agents:—
JEENA & Co.,
CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

AGENTS WANTED WHERE NOT REPRESENTED.

HIGH GRADE KEROSINE OILS.

We have in stock for ready delivery the following brands of high grade kerosine oils in cases, packed in America, of The Texas Company, incorporated in Texas, U. S. A.

Brands.		Rates.
Southern Star 150° (Fire Test)	=	Rs. 8-3-0 per case.
Unicorn brand 125° (,, ,,)	=	,, 7-14-0 ,, ,,

The above oils give clear mellow light, restful and pleasing They give off no odors or smoke and burn steadily to the last drop!

Buyers will be given delivery free of charge.

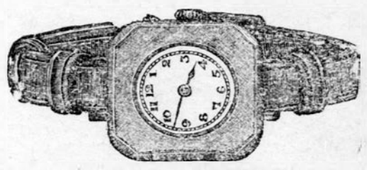
EMPTY TINS AND BOXES.

We hold large stock of second hand empty kerosine oil tins and boxes suitable for the filling of vegetable oils, etc., and sell the same at moderate rates. Also we make contracts with oil mills and other buyers to supply any quantity for long periods at fixed moderate rates.

Intending buyers should communicate with

AHMED HUSEIN & COMPANY
Khadak, Mandvi Post, BOMBAY.

Full Jewelled Lever Watch.



SQUARE OR OCTAGON.

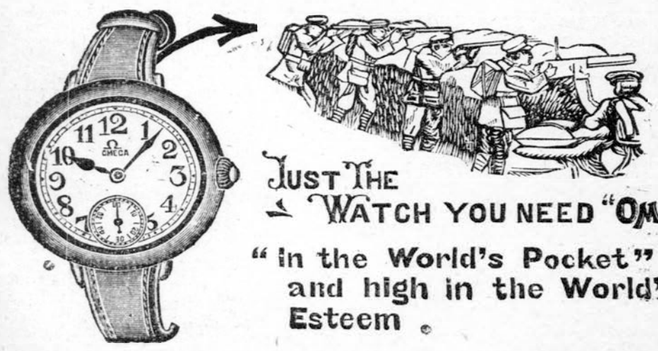
Silver case..	.. ..	Rs. 25
9 ct. Gold	.. ..	,, 45
14 ct. ,,	.. ..	,, 57
18 ct. ,,	.. ..	,, 70

Guaranteed for 5 Years.

Kasanji Dayalji Desai,
Watch and Clock Dealer,
144, Abdul Rehman Street, BOMBAY.

HARBINGER'S
Eau De Cologne
Musk Lavender, Scents and Toilet preparations, have won the esteem of the public for Excellence of Fragrance and Cheapness.
Particulars on application to
THE HARBINGER WORKS
Mfg. Chemists, BOMBAY.

"PISTOL" brand insect powder and sticks. Best for the destruction of Bugs, fleas, mosquitoes, etc.
Beware of imitations
Sole Agent:—
T. HARA,
73-75, Nagdevi St.



JUST THE WATCH YOU NEED "OMEGA"
"In the World's Pocket" and high in the World's Esteem.

Nickel Case with fine English Leather						Rs. 20 & 21
0,935 Silver	,,	,,	,,			30 & 31
Gold 14 ct.	,,	,,	,,	(Gold Buckle)		Rs. 80
,, 18 ct.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,, 90

GUARANTEED FOR 3 YEARS.
Radium Dial costs Rs. 5 Extra.

SOLE AGENTS:—
ABRECHT & CO.
289, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Also can be had from all respectable Watch Dealers in India and Burma.

For Military.
FRESH STOCK
of Puttee Gaiters, Marching Boots, Sam Brown Belts and other varieties of leather goods.
SUTOR & Co.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Agents:—The Western India Army Boot and Equipment Factory, Sion, BOMBAY.

POWELL'S CHEMICAL LABORATORY

Underta es

1. The testing and standardising of Chemicals, Drugs and Galenicals.
2. To investigate as far as possible vegetable and minera drugs used in the Indian systems of medicine.
3. To investigate the value of raw materials, e.g., Coals Indigo, Sands, Clays, Minerals, etc., for industrial purposes

For further particulars write to—

Dr. S. M. SANE, B.Sc., B. A., Ph.D.,
Lamington Road,
BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 2141.

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ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES

"Wanted," "To be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words) 8 annas per insertion; every additional word ½ anna.

Advertisements are not received after 3 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcements.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGER,
"Bombay Chronicle," Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

	Daily. Rs.	Sunday Rs.
Local	30	5 per annum.
Up-country	35	6 per annum.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Bookkeeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

LEPROSY of ten years standing Leucoderma and patches of any duration arising from vitiated blood cured radically and permanently in four weeks. Rs. 7/8 per week. Three days treatment sent free for trial. THE EASTERN MEDICINE STORE, 77, Durga, Ch., Mitter Street, Calcutta. 895.

SHORTHAND—Sloan-Duployan System saves months' laborious study, ensuring highest efficiency and speediest results. Expert individual or postal instructions. Speed classes conducted. CENTRAL CORRESPONDENCE COLLEGE, Post Box 416, Bombay. 690

ASTROLOGER—PROFESSOR XENOBIN —whose reputation as an upto date Astrologer is well known—is on tour. Predicts yearly, monthly and daily events of one's life and answers all sorts of questions on a thorough scientific basis, and attends private calls to any part of India. Send date, time, and place of birth. Address: Watson's Hotel, Room No. 112, Bombay. 695

FRUITS, FLOWERS, Etc.

WALNUTS or CHESTNUTS, 9 lbs. nett for Rs. 3-8, dried apple rings for cooking 6 lbs. for Rs. 4, honey 5 lbs. for Rs. 4, all charges included. Apply to CAPTAIN BANON, Duff Dunbar, P. O. Kulu, Panjab. 352

KASHMIR FLOWER SEEDS—Write for list of flower seeds produced in the famous Mughal Gardens in Kashmir, to The DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE, Sprinagar, Kashmir. 675

HOTELS & HEALTH RESORTS

DEOLALI'S PREMIER HOTEL.—Grand Hotel well-known for Best cuisine, cleanliness and home comforts and separate Blocks. Moderate charges. Apply, H. F. SETNA, Proprietor 1000

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—L. Ag. or B. Ag. for a commercial firm. Experienced men to be preferred. Apply stating terms to Box No. 404, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 740

WANTED—A B.Sc. with Geology as optional subject, for a commercial firm. Preference will be given to experienced men. Apply stating terms to Box No. 406, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 742

WANTED—A man with thorough, practical and theoretical knowledge of Cement and its Manufacture. Only experienced men need apply stating terms to Box No. 405, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 741

WANTED—A GRADUATE with Honours in English. One knowing Persian preferred. Pay from Rs. 70 to 80 according to qualifications. Those who have worked satisfactorily as English teachers in higher standards may apply. The selected candidate will have to begin his work from the 1st December 1917. Apply, with copies of testimonials, before the 25th of November to, the SECRETARY, High School Board, Siddhpur. 694

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A PARSI GRADUATE for the NEW HIGH SCHOOL. Apply personally to the PRINCIPALS. 801

WANTED—First Class ENGINEER for Up-country Mills. Apply with testimonials and salary wanted to Box No. 422, Advt Dept "Bombay Chronicle." 800

WANTED—A TYPIST with sound knowledge of Accountancy for a Firm in Poona. Parsi or East Indian preferred. Apply stating salary to Box No. 416 Advt. Dept, "Bombay Chronicle." 778

WANTED—A GRADUATE TEACHER for the Universal High School, Hornby Road. One capable of teaching science also will be preferred. Apply personally to the PRINCIPAL. 750

WANTED—A GRADUATE to take charge as Chief Librarian of the J. N. Petit Institute Bombay. Salary according to qualifications. Apply stating age and qualifications to the HON: SECRETARY, 312, Hornby Road, Bombay. 796

WANTED—A capable Office CLERK with sound knowledge of Gujrati, English and Typewriting (for China, Japan) Bohra preferred. Apply to Box 304 Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 339

WANTED.—A GRADUATE with Mathematics, Persian man will be preferred. Salary Rupees 50—5/2—70 p.m. Apply to the CHAIRMAN, M. J. High School Board, Viramgam. 716.

WANTED—EDUCATED, YOUNG, ACTIVE PARTNER for a well established business over 40 years for Bombay, no capital required, but must pay certain remuneration to join and share profits. Write to JOHN, No. 2039, West Street., Camp, Poona. 782

WANTED—GENERAL ASSISTANTS for our Receiving and Delivery Department, must be of good address and write legible hand. Strong in English preferred. Apply personally to the GENERAL MANAGER. Diamond Jubilee Washing Co., Hamam Street, Fort. 794

WANTED—Respectable CHIEF AGENTS in important centres of Bombay Presidency, C. P. and Native States for the Provincial Insurance Co., Ltd., on liberal terms. Rates of premiums moderate. Please apply to Secretaries, 98/4, Clive Street, Calcutta. 785

WANTED for a first class daily newspaper a thoroughly experienced man as MANAGER. Must be fully acquainted with and experienced in all the duties pertaining to the Managership of a first class newspaper office and press. Apply stating salary, etc., to the INDIAN NEWSPAPER COMPANY, LTD., Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED—A GRADUATE for the post of HEAD MASTER. Pay according to qualifications. Those who have a liking for the teaching profession and who desire to stay permanently need only apply. Wanted another GRADUATE for the post of FIRST ASSISTANT. Conditions as stated above. One with science preferred. Apply stating terms, age and previous experience to the SECRETARY of the A. V. SCHOOL. Maroli, via Sachin, B. B. & C. I. Railway. 754

WANTED for the Benares Hindu University an ASSISTANT PROFESSOR of Biology on Rs. 200 P. M. He must be a M.Sc., with special qualifications in Zoology. Men with some teaching experience will be preferred. The appointment will be on one years probation and the gentleman selected will have to join in July, 1918. Applications, with copies of testimonials, should reach the Registrar, Benares Hindu University, Benares City, not later than December 15th, 1917. 676

WANTED for Service in MESOPOTAMIA. AGENTS & TREASURERS for duty with the Supply & Transport Corps. (2) Pay Rs. 50 p.m., 50 per cent. Batta from date of proceeding on Field Service, also 12½ per cent. Mesopotamia allowance whilst in the Field. (3) SECURITY DEPOSIT Rs. 500 essential in cash or Government Promissory Loan Notes etc., NOT PERSONAL. (4.) Application should be submitted to the ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES & TRANSPORT, POONA DIVISION. Applicants residing in Bombay should apply to the BRIGADE SUPPLY OFFICER, BOMBAY BRIGADE (Bombay Castle behind Town Hall) PERSONAL INTERVIEW PREFERABLE. 786

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATION as a Tutor, Secretary or Correspondent, by a competent Graduate. Apply to Box No. 392, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 666

AN M.A WANTS EMPLOYMENT as a Companion, Tutor or Secretary in a family, or a Post in any publishing firm. Good testimonials. Write to Box No. 419, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 784

WANTED—SITUATION in Bombay by Bombay L. M. & S., few hours daily in charitable dispensary, private hospital or as Assistant to Medical Practitioner, small remuneration. Apply Box No. 418, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 783

A COMPETENT MAN, having fifteen years' experience in Colaba Cotton Line and having very good connection with local as well as Mofussil Cotton Merchants, is willing to join as a partner, bringing his capital of Rupees Fifty thousand with firms of good standing, either Cotton Brokers or Commission Agents or Muccadums. For further particulars please address Box No. 420, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 795

WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS by The Eastern Industrial Works for Phenyle, Sealing Wax, Black Japan, etc. Write G. V. MEHTA & Co., Shanghvi Sadan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. 9559

WANTED—STUDENTS desirous of joining Colleges to see PRINCIPAL, EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL for Matric and Senior Cambridge, conducted under Educational Experts at Convenient times at 259/261, Hornby Road., opposite Messrs. Cox and Co., FRESH NAMES enrolled for Matric and Cambridge, (July & Dec.) 1918. 815.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—JAIPUR and MIRZAPUR CARPETS of all sizes and tastes in retail at factory prices by MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort.

FOR SALE—Young OSTRICH BIRDS. For particulars apply to Box No. 413, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 758

FOR SALE OR HIRE—Three SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES with electric fittings, with one horse power motor, complete, quite new, better chance for Government contractors. Apply to Box No. 421, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 798

FOR SALE—One DRUM and GREY WINDER in working order. For particulars apply to Messrs. POPATLAL GIRDHARLAL & Co., Mill Stores, Yarns and Machinery Merchants, Mandvi Street, Ahmedabad. 659

FOR SALE—Angles, Tees, Flats, Rounds Squares, Beams, Channels, Plates, Electrical, Sanitary, Engineering and General Hardware Goods. Enquiries invited. PROUDFOOT BROS. & CO., MADRAS. 243

RARE OPPORTUNITY—A GINNING FACTORY in thorough-running order, FOR SALE in United Provinces, owner having other engagements. Apply to "D." care of Dr. J. J. Naegamwala, next to Leach and Weborny, opp. Clock Tower, 29, Esplanade Road, Fort. 599

FOR SALE—2 DINAMOS. One Dinamo with combine Steam Engine, 105 Volts, 250 Amps, 300 Revs. complete with switch-board. One Dinamo, 2,2000 volts, 19/7 Amps. Apply DAWOODBHOY N. CHOONIA, Kamatipura, No. 66 Shukla ji Street. 702

FOR SALE—DODGE BROTHERS' Touring 5 Seater Car. Self-Starter, Lighting Set, H. T. Magneto, and all other modern equipments. Absolutely perfect and in excellent condition. For sale as Owner has no further use. Price Rs. 5,250. Apply Dr. ARDESHIR ERACHSHAW HAKIM, Erachshaw Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. 754

MACHINERY FOR SALE—11 Roller and Clearer Cards by Dobson and Barlow and one Slubbing Frame 60 Spindles by Brooks and Doxey in sound working order. Intending purchasers can see the machinery working in the Raja Bahadur Motilal Poona Mills, Poona, and should send their tenders to the Manager, Raja Bahadur Motilal Pitty Mills, Tardeo, Bombay, before the 24th November, 1917. 715

FOR SALE—35 Carbotron Smokeless PORTABLE STOVES, a boon for use in tent in winter, size 3ft., diameter 8½ inches, large enough to warm a double poled tent, almost new, in thorough working order with 16 maunds special fuel (Carbotron cylinders), Also 7 Perfection Heating Stoves, 100-candle power each, with wrought iron Tray and Stove Guard and Airer complete, never used. Height 20½ inches without Guard. For particulars apply to Box No. 412, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 757

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington No. 8 two-color Fine	115
Remington No. 7 Rs. 90, 2 color	100
Oliver Typewriter No. 3 Brief Size	115
Empire No. 1 Portable foolscap	110
Imperial with Double/C Visible	100
Blick Portable Fine Leather Case	110
Blick No. 8 Gujerati & English (Almost New)	165
Fox No. 24 Visible very good	115
Barlock B. S. Tab. 2 color	85
Underwood Brief Size	140
Densmore No. 7 with Back spacer	95
Corona in L. Case, Portable	125

Typewriter accessories supplied. Repairs to typewriters a speciality.
THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO.
36, (B) Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.
Tel: "Writertype." 713

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—

	Rs
Yost No. A., Visible, Fine,	135
Oliver No. 3, Brief Size,	145
Adler, Portable, Visible, L. Case	150
L. C. Smith & Bros. No. 2.	150
Underwood No. 5 Slightly Used,	180
Underwood No. 5, 2 Colours, Fine.	200
L. C Smith & Bros. No. 5, Slightly Used,	200
Mercedes, Visible, Shop Soiled.	250
Oliver No. 6, Policy Size, 96 Characters	250
Oliver No. 7, Rebuilt.	
Remington No. 10, Rebuilt, Foolscap and Brief.	

Typewriters Sold, Exchanged and Repaired. All Typewriter Accessories
NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

TO BE LET.

TO LET—AT BANDRA, one storied Bungalow, facing sea. Very comfortable, with garden etc. Apply FORT MODEL SCHOOL. Opp. Fire Brigade, Fort. 799

AN AIRY OFFICE ROOM in Medows Street with independent entrance, situation central. Apply to GUSTADJI, 65, Medows Street, First floor, within office hours. 771.

TO LET—"HARROW ON THE HILL" at Ootacamund for December to March, 1918. For further particulars apply to The LAND MANAGER to Sir Ratan Tata, Navsari Buildings, Fort. 735

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder Rooms facing Yacht Club. Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 25 to 125 Rooms can be furnished and arrangemen for Board made on shortest notice. Appl to MANAGER.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

UNIVERSITY EXAMINERSHIPS, MARCH AND APRIL, 1918.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that at a Meeting to be held shortly the Syndicate will proceed to make appointments to Examinerships at the University Examinations to be held in March and April 1918, when they will be glad to consider any applications that may have been received by the Registrar not later than TUESDAY, the 4th DECEMBER, 1917.

2. Forms of application and particulars regarding the Examinerships may be obtained from the Office of the undersigned.

By Order,
FARDUNJI M. DASTUR,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 10th November, 1917. 791

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Partnership between the undersigned carrying on business in the name of The Bombay Cotton Company has been DISSOLVED by mutual consent as from 16th November, 1917, from which date the interest and responsibility of Messrs. CHENIRAM JESRAJ shall cease and the business will continue to be carried on in the name of The Bombay Cotton Company by Mr. Phirozshaw Sorabji Gazdar on his own account and responsibility.

CHENIRAM JESRAJ.
PHIROZSHAW SORABJI GAZDAR.
Bombay, 16th Nov. 1917.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ALLIHUSEIN MAHOMEDALLI and MAHOMEDBAKHAR ABDULTYEB, who were till lately serving with us as Purchasing Clerk and Bill Collector respectively, have been DISLISSED from our Services from the 15th day of November, 1917, and any person or persons having dealings with them in any way for or on our behalf, shall be at his or their entire and sole risks, and we shall in no way be held responsible.

AMIR BROTHERS,
Shipchandlers.
194-96, Nagdevi Street, Bombay. 803

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S. S. "RANGOON MARU" having arrived from JAPAN via Hongkong, Singapore, Malacca and Colombo, and the CONSIGNEES of her CARGO are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of Steamers arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager,
"Nippon Yusen Kaisha."

THE ALPHA TOURING CAR.

20-22 H. P. Fitted with ZENITH Carburettor, Electric Lights, and SELF-STARTER. EXTREME ECONOMY ON TYRES. PETROL consumption 25 miles per gallon.

OMIAR MOTOR WORKS,
Chowpatty, BOMBAY
982

NOTICE.

TO THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT GOVERNMENT WORKS AND ENGINEERING FIRMS.

WE have been appointed SOLE DISTRIBUTORS for the BENGAL BRASS CO., LTD., and can supply from stock Brass Stop Cocks, Bib Taps, Ferrules and most lines of Plumber's Brass work. Please send for prices to PALLONJEE EDULJEE & SON, Khetwadi Back Road, Bombay. 611

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a GENERAL MEETING of the Club Members of the Western India Turf Club at the TAJ MAHAL HOTEL, Bombay, at 6-30 p.m., on MONDAY, the 17th December, 1917, to consider certain suggested alterations to the Rules of Racing regarding entries and starting.

By Order,
J. REYNOLDS,
Ag. Secretary,
Western India Turf Club.
Bombay 16th November, 1917. 788

THE CHHOI SILK MILL COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

THE TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company No. 207 Hornby Row, Fort, on WEDNESDAY the 28th November, 1917, at 4-30 p.m., (Bombay Time), to transact the following business:—

1.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ending 30th June 1917.
2.—To declare a Dividend.
3.—To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4.—To appoint Auditor or Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix his or their remuneration.
5.—To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board,
CHHOI KOOKA DESAI & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.
Bombay, 7th November, 1917.

N. B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 24th November 1917 to 7th December 1917 both days inclusive.

The dividend, if declared, as recommended by the Directors will be paid on and after Wednesday, the 5th December, 1917, during office hours. 789

NOTICE.

THE EBRAHIMBHOY PABANEY MILLS CO., LTD.

Loomshed Extension.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by Messrs. The Currimbhoy Ebrahim & Sons, Ltd., Agents of the above Mill up to 1 p.m. on 26th November, 1917, for the construction of the loomshed extension.

2. Printed forms of Tender giving schedule of rates, may be obtained free of charge from Messrs. NOWROSJEE WADIA & SONS, Consulting Engineers and Architects Home Street, Fort, Bombay.

3. Form of Agreement and general specification and Conditions and plans can be seen by intending tenderers at the Offices of the above named Messrs. Nowrosjee Wadia & Sons.

4. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500 to be paid to the Agents and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender or refusal to sign or carry out the contract.

5. Deduction at the rate of 10 per cent. to make the total deposit not exceeding 10 per cent. on the amount of contract will be made from the bills of the Contractor, whose tender may be accepted.

6. Messrs. The Currimbhoy Ebrahim & Sons, Ltd. do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender. 790

NOTIFICATION.

STUDENTSHIPS. STIPENDIARY—FOR FOREST COURSE AT DEHRA DUN.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that His Excellency the Governor in Council desires to nominate SIX CANDIDATES for training in the Ranger's course at the Forest College, Dehra Dun, with a view to their qualifying for appointment to the Bombay Forest Department as Rangers for service in the Northern Circle.

2. Candidates should submit their applications in person to the Conservator of Forests, Northern Circle, at his office at Nasik on the 3rd December, 1917, at 8 a.m. so that the work of selection may be completed that day.

3. Of the applicants who appeared before the undersigned on the 15th October, only the four provisionally selected men, viz., Nos. 2, 3, 10 and 20 can be allowed to reappear on the above notified date for re-examination.

4. Candidates must be not less than 18 nor more than 23 years of age on 1st April, 1918. They should furnish with their applications the following certificates:—

(i) A certificate that the candidate is a "Native of India" as described in Section 6 of 33 Victoria, Chaptre 3.
(ii) A certificate of age.
(iii) A health certificate in the form prescribed by Article 49 of the Civil Service Regulations (Fifth Edition), signed by the Civil Surgeon of any one of the districts.
(iv) A certificate of respectability and good moral character from two or more persons whose social or official position can be accepted as a guarantee of trustworthiness.
(v) A certificate that the candidate has passed one or other of the following examinations, viz:—
(a) The B.A., F.A., B.Sc., or Licentiate of Agriculture Examination;
(b) The Matriculation Examination where no School Final Examination exists;
(c) The School Final Examination, provided the candidate can show that he has qualified in English and Mathematics up to the Matriculation Standard or for European candidates, a certificate of having passed the High Schcol Examination with a similar proviso.

N.B.—The certificates (iii) and (iv) must bear date not further back than April 1st of the year previous to that in which the candidate desires admission to the College.

5. Successful candidates must be prepared to go on tour in the Forests of the Northern Circle for a period of three months' preliminary training and experience from the 15th December, 1917. They will receive travelling allowance for this tour; and stipends whilst at College.

6. Any further information required may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

By Order,
W. FISHER,
Actg. Conservator of Forests,
Northern Circle.
Camp via Nasik, 20th October, 1917. 354

PUBLIC NOTICE.

PROCLAMATION.

PROCLAMATION—BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the FIFTH SESSIONS of 1917 of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of November, 1917, at 10-30 o'clock in the forencon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs and Oppressions, had, done or committed by any of His Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to or dependent upon the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Rememberances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.

Dated this Fifth day of November, 1917.

THOMAS WILLIAM BIRKETT,
635 Sheriff of Bombay.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Estate of Bai SUNDERBAI, widow of DWARKADAS MORARJI .....deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the Estate of the abovenamed Bai SUNDERBAI, widow of DWARKADAS MORARJI, deceased who died at Bombay on or about the 22nd day of December 1916, leaving a Will, Probate of which Will having effect throughout the Presidency of Bombay was granted on the 6th day of November, 1917, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to Thacker Narotam Manji and Ranchordas Parshotam of Bombay two of the Executors named therein are hereby required to send in their claims within one calendar month from this date to Messrs. Edgelow Gulabchand Wadia & Co., Solicitors for the said Executors at their office, No. 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, at the expiration of which time the said Executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognised.

And all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Estate are hereby required forthwith to pay the amount owing by them or to deliver up the said securities or property as the case may be to the said Messrs. Edgelow Gulabchand Wadia & Co., the Solicitors for the abovenamed Executors.

Dated this 16th day of November 1917.
EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & Co.,
Attorneys for the abovenamed Executors.
804

NOTICE.

WHEREAS our clients, Messrs. HENRY F. COCKILL AND SONS, LIMITED, of Cleckheaton and Manchester, in England, have for many years past been manufacturing and exporting into India leather belting known as "COCKILLS' STRETCHLESS BELTING" having impressed thereon at intervals the device of a diamond with the word "STRETCHLESS" and the letters "M" and "V" respectively above and below that word enclosed therein (a diagram of which is set out at foot hereof) which device is the registered trade mark of our clients in the United Kingdom and has for a long time past been used by them in India and other countries as their trade mark on the abovementioned leather belting of their manufacture to distinguish such belting from that of other manufacturers. And Whereas it has been brought to the notice of our clients that another manufacturer recently shipped into India leather belting having impressed thereon a device SIMILAR in design and arrangement to our clients' trade mark which our clients claim to be an unlawful imitation thereof and calculated to deceive purchasers into the belief that the leather belting so marked is belting of our clients' manufacture

Notice is hereby given that the said device, a diagram of which is set out at foot hereof, is the exclusive trade mark of our clients and is impressed at intervals on every roll of "COCKILLS' STRETCHLESS BELTING" and the public are hereby warned against importing, purchasing or otherwise dealing in leather belting having impressed thereon a device SIMILAR to the said trade mark and notice is also hereby given that any person found importing or dealing in leather belting marked with a device so SIMILAR to that of our clients' trade mark as to be calculated to deceive will be proceeded against according to law.

HENRY F. COCKILL & SONS, LTD.,
MAKERS,
M STRETCHLESS V
CLECKHEATON.
PAYNE & Co.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Henry F. Cockill & Sons, Ltd.
395

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHARE of the late SHIVJI BHOJA in the firm of Messrs. Shivjee Cooverjee and Co., has CEASED owing to his death and that the present partners of the said firm are Messrs. Hariram Doongersey, Pragji Mohunji, Kanji Vishram, Khetao Vishram, Khimji Liadhar, Virji Jetha, Kalianji Ukeda and Karsondas Kheraj.

MULLA & MULLA,
Attorneys for Messrs. Shivjee, Cooverjee and Co.
Dated this 13th day of Nov. 1917. 766

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No, 1325 of 1916.

RUTTONSHAW ARDDESHIR PAREKH Plaintiff.

v/s.

KASAM HAJI ABDULLA & Another Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for sale made in the above suit and bearing date the 25th day of June, 1917, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his office in the Court House on Saturday the 15th day of December, 1917, at the hour of half past four o'clock in the afternoon (S.T.)

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the Plaintiff and the 1st Defendant abovenamed in all that piece or parcel of land or ground together with all the hereditaments and premises and dwelling houses now standing thereon, and situate lying and being at Mingat Mandali near Parel and containing four thousand and two hundred and sixty-one square yards be the same a little more or less and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 264, 284, 285, and 287. New No. 12258 and New Survey No. 2/29161 and assessed by the Municipality under G Ward Nos. 1929 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and Street Nos. 925, 925A, 925B, 925C and 925D in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay and bounded on the East by the property of Bhawrao Raghoba, on the West by the Public passage, on the North by the property of Sir Currimbhai Ebrahim and on the South by the batty ground of Bhimrao Raghoba.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Jehangir and Seervai, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 9th day of October, 1917.

H. H. WADIA,
Commissioner.

793.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 156 of 1917.

RUTTONSHAW ARDESHIR PAREKH Plaintiff.

v/s.

KONDOO JANARDHAN CHHATRE and another ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above suit and bearing date the 25th day of June, 1917, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his office in the Court House on SATURDAY, the 15th day of December, 1917, at the hour of half past four o'clock in the afternoon (S.T.)

PARTICULARS

All the right, title and interest of the Plaintiff and the 1st Defendant abovenamed in all that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Walkeshwar Banganga and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement two hundred and twenty square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, New Survey No. 7261 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3221, Street No. 35 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the East by the property of Jayaram Dadra, on the West by the property of Pandurang Shridhar on the North by the private road and vacant ground belonging to the Temple of Walkeshwar and on the South by the property of Luxmon Dhondoo.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Jehangir and Seervai, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 9th day of October, 1917.

H. H. WADIA,
Commissioner.

792.

NOTICE.

OUR clients Messrs. CHENIRAM JESRAJ have been for a long time past importing into Bombay piece-goods known as "LOTA CHHAP", having printed thereon the device of a Lota, (i.e. water-jug,) and having in the middle of the Lota Shri Krishna, standing with a flute in his hand and the initials C. J. at the bottom thereof. The said device is the registered trademark of our clients and has for a long time past been used by them as their trademark on the piecegoods imported by them, and our clients' goods with the said device have acquired a very great reputation in Bombay and throughout other parts of India and have become very well-known by the name of "Lota Chhap."

Our clients having recently ascertained that the firm of Seth Ramdas Pitamber was selling and exposing for sale piecegoods with a "Lota Chhap" thereon and that the general get up and appearance of their piecegoods were very similar to the general get up and appearance of our Clients piecegoods, a notice was served upon the said Seth Ramdas Pitamber. The said firm of Seth Ramdas Pitamber has admitted our clients' right and have agreed forthwith to refrain from selling or exposing for sale any such goods as aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given that the said device is the exclusive trademark of our clients and is printed upon their piecegoods in one or two or three Lotas in a line or three Lotas in a triangular shape and the public are hereby warned against importing, purchasing, selling or offering for sale, or otherwise dealing in piecegoods having printed thereon our clients' device or a device similar to our clients' device and any person found doing so will be proceeded against according to law.

Dated this 12th day of November, 1917.

MULLA & MULLA,
Attorneys for Messrs. Cheniram Jesraj.

718.

B. JOSHI & Co.,
GOLDSMITHS AND JEWELLERS,
ABDOOL REHMAN STREET,
Corner Pydhowni Baria Building,
BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 3523.

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.
No. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT MATUNGA DHARAVI ROAD.

Under instruction from Messrs. Khanderao Laud & Mehta, Attorneys for the mortgagees, Messrs. Khialdas Ramdas & Co., Messrs. Bennett & Co., will on FRIDAY, the 30th November, 1917, sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), on the premises on account and risk of the mortgagor Messrs. Ramavtar Ramsarup and Jamnadas Parbhudas the following:

SCHEDULE A

All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground situate lying and being at Matunga Dharavi Road in the registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 6246 square yards or thereabouts and forming portion of the land registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 95, 352, 99, 205, 396, 396, 413, 99, 205, 115, 360, 361, 367 and 390 Collectors New Nos. 12918, 12928, 13048, 12947, 13221. and New Survey Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6/381, 1 & 3 369, 7-8-9 and 10/381, 3 and 5A 370, 1 and 2 371, 3-4 and 5 256, 1/372, 2/3721, 4/372, 5/372, and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by Great Indian Peninsula Railway Harbour line on or towards the West and South by the property of Byramji Heerjeebhoy Warden and on or towards the North by the property of Mancherji Framji Cama.

SCHEDULE B.

All that piece or parcel of Foras Road or ground situate lying and being at Matunga Dharavi Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 674 1/9 square yards or thereabouts and forming portion of the land registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 95, 352, 99, 205, 396, 396, 415, 99, 205, 115, 360, 361, 367 and 390 Collectors New Nos. 12918, 12928, 13048, 12947, 13221 and New Survey Nos. 1-2-3-4-5 and 6/318 1 and 3 369, 7-8-9 and 10/381 3 and 5A/ 370, 1 and 2, 371, 3-4 and 5 256, 1/372, 2/372, 4/372, 5-372 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the East by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, Harbour line, on or towards the West and South by the property of Byramji Hirjeebhoy Wardon and on or towards the North by the property of Muncherji Framji Cama.

The buildings tenements and messuages standing lying and being on both the pieces of land described in Schedule A. and B. herein above written being assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G. Ward No. 7861 (3) Street Nos. 1751B Street Dharavi Road.

For Further particulars and conditions of sale apply Messrs. Khanderao Laud & Mehta, Solicitors at Church Gate Street, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT THE CORNER OF ESPLANADE ROAD, AND MEDOWS STREET, FORT, KNOWN AS "ORIENTAL BANK BUILDINGS."

Under instructions from Mr. Hormusji N. Vakil, the sole Surviving Executor and Trustee of the last Will and Testament of the late Mahomed Haji Saboo Sidick and with the approval of the Hon. the Advocate-General of Bombay in order to wind up the estate and utilise the surplus in charity, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., Auctioneers, will sell the undermentioned immoveable properties by Public Auction, on the premises on the day and the time hereunder mentioned:—

On MONDAY, the 19th day of November, 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.).

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground with the buildings, messuage and dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at the corner of the Esplanade Road and Medows Street in the Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,155 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay under Old No. 82, New No. 4919, Old Survey No. 1384, and New Survey No. 9454. and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward. Ward Nos. 1155, and 1156, Street Nos. 57, 59, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the Medows Street, on or towards the West by the Esplanade Road, on or towards the North by the angle formed by the junction of the Esplanade Road, and Medows Street, and on or towards the South by the property belonging to Government.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made to Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Executor and Trustees, or Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Advocate-General of Bombay, or to the Undersigned.

BENNETT, & Co.

Bombay, 19th Nov. 1917.

GANDHI & CO
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 52 Medows Street.

SALE TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)
AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE,
GALICHAS, etc. etc.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 17th November, 1917 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. GANDHI and Co., will sell by public auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street very rich household and office Furniture including rich tapestry lined drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, marble top center tables, tiled top teapoys, rich almyrahs dressing chest of drawers, leather lined sofas, easy chairs, wooden and iron double cots, deck chair, galichas, office tables, office chairs revolving book case, typewriting machine, Verandah bench, phonograph records, etc. etc.

A fresh consignment including.
1 lot galichas of various designs.
By order of office concerned.
1 lot Ammunition boots.

SALE TO-DAY AT 5 P.M. (S.T.)
SALE OF 50 c/s JAPANESE CAMPHOR.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 17th day of November 1917, at 5 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. GANDHI and Co. will sell by public auction at the godown of Sheth Himatlal Dahyabhai, Dariasthan gully, by order of Thaker Meghji Laxmidas and on account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser Marwadi Jetaji Lakhaji.

50 cases Japanese camphor each case containing 80 tins of ½ lb. each, 24 bundles and 960 tablets in a tin.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay 17th Nov. 1917.

AT THE FANCY FAIR
AT BOMBAY
in the Town Hall the popular
ANNAPURNA COOKERS
and many other useful novelties will be sold.
ANNAPURNA COOKER Co.
Near Cinema, Girgaum, BOMBAY.

SALE BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & CO'S SALES.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 19th, November, 1917, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, at 1st Floor of No. 16, Apollo Street, opposite the Government Dockyard and next to the Great Western Hotel Fort horses, carriages and bicycles at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), and new designed furniture and sundry article at 3 p.m., (S.T.)

Furniture such as blackwood, rich carved specially made to order, drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, panel door almyrahs, cupboards, chairs, fancy teapoys, writing tables, glassware, etc.

By Order of the office concerned:—2 c/s. flooring tiles.

3 A. C. Electric Motor Machines 10 H. P. complete with pulleys starters etc., etc.,

5 A. C. Electric Motor Machines 15 H. P. complete with pulleys, starters etc.

Under instructions from the party concerned:—

Cinematograph films extending to about 175,000 feet and consisting of dramas, features, comedy, comic, industrial, gazette etc., and not shown in India as yet.

Under instructions from J. Sanders Slater, Esq., the Administrator General of Bombay and the Administrator of the estate and effects of the late Bai Atyabai, the following effects of the said deceased:—

Gold paltees, ear-rings, rings, buttons, silver kadas, toe-rings, bangles, kerba beads, chairs, tables, pictures, clock, wooden cots, mattressess pillows, copper, and brass pots, lamps, wearing apparel, carpet, crockery, etc.

By order of the Post Master General of Bombay:—

Dead articles such as tobacco, wearing apparels, books, used stamps, sample cuttings boots, shoes, picture post-cards, metal watches etc.

AT 2-30 P.M.

1 rubber-tyred glass-fronted miniature office brougham and 1 office shigram.

1 rubber-tyred handsome victoria.

1 Arab horse.

Second-hand bicycles.

AUCTION SALE OF THE INSOLVENT'S VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT FRERE ROAD.

Under instructions from B. N. Lang, Esq., the Official Assignee of Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of Vussonji Deoji and another, Insolvents, and with the consent of Mr. Charandas Dewji, the mortgagee, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of November, 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), the right, title and interest of the said Insolvents, on the premises.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land together with the messuage, tenements or buildings, standing thereon, situate on the Mody Bay, Imperial estate in the Island of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 347/5/9 square yards or thereabouts and bearing New Survey No. 29/8480 and bounded on the East by the Frere Road, on the West partly by the property of Assur Virji and partly by the property of Odhavji Liladhar, on the North by the property of Odhavji Karamchand and on the South by the property of Morarji Poonja and the buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under "A" Ward No. 1900 (2) and Street No. 28A and which said premises are now in the occupation or possession of the tenants of the mortgagee.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Jamshedji Rustomji and Devidas, Solicitors for the said Official Assigene at their office in Bell Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 17th Nov. 1917.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO
Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P Railway.
No. 58, Medows Street, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENT.

AUCTION SALE OF A PROSPECTIVE PLOT OF LAND ADJACENT TO THE VICTORY MILLS AT FERGUSSON ROAD (Two minutes way from the Low er Parel Station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway).

On WEDNESDAY, the 21st November, 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on the premises the following very valuable Plot of Land, facing the Fergusson Road, Worli and having a frontage of over 200 feet.

DESCRIPTION:—All that piece or parcel of Foras, Pension and Tax Land situate, lying and being at Fergusson Road, Worli in the district of Mahim, containing by admeasurement 7,000 square yards, be the same more or less, bearing Collector's Old Nos. 320, and 321, and New No. 12354, Old Survey No. nil, and New Survey No. 1-2805 and assessed by the Municipal Assessor and Collector under Ward No. 2128, (1), 2128 (2), and Street Nos. 1124 and 1124A, and bounded on the East by the property of the Victory Mills, on the North by the land of the said Victory Mills, on the West by the land or ground of Pirojsha Jamsetji Joshi, and on the South by the Fergusson Road.

Further particulars, conditions of sale and Inspection of plan, and Title Deeds can be had from the Undersigned.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

THE FUTURE OF JERUSALEM,

Jerusalem will be built again.
When, and by whom?

The Israelites will return to Palestine and Jerusalem. When?

Any who are desirous of knowing what the Bible predicts concerning Jerusalem and the return of the Jews should attend this lecture.

You know, BIBLE PROPHECY IS SURE TO BE FULFILLED.

Sunday, November 18th, 6-30 p. m., at
The New Hall, Apollo Bunder.
All are invited,

NOTE.—Pastor French is well again and will fill the above appointment (*D. V.*) in person.

CULTURED TAILORS
FOR
CUSTOMERS
OF CULTURED TASTE.
Araujo Fernandes & Co.,
Princess Street, BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

POSITIVELY
3 LAST THREE NIGHTS 3
of present.
GAIETY ARTISTES
TO-NIGHT AT 10 p. m.
EDWARDES THEATRE
GAIETY THEATRE AT 6-30

PALACE
OF VARIETIES
present
HUGE VARIETIES
BY
MISS LAURA DIAMOND
MISS PEGGY CASTELLO
MISS ROSIE CASTELLO
MR. C. MORRIS
In oddition our Exclusive 3 PART
PATHETIC DRAMA
STRAKOFF
The Adventurer.
Also Keystone Comedy.
To-morrow, Sunday, at 6-30
EDWARDES THEATRE. GAIETY at 10 p.m.

OPENING
Tuesday November 20th
Tuesday November 20th
TOM MELBOURNE'S
REVUE AND COMEDY CO.
In selections from the
LATEST LONDON MUSICAL
Comedies and Revues including
THE
SENTRY BOX
THE SOLDIER AND THE MAID
THE
BOMBARDMENT
THE
I. D. F. ON PARADE
HEAR
MELBOURNE'S HYMN OF HATE
A Programme full of
MUSIC
MIRTH
AND **SONGS**
Productive of
IRRESISTABLE LAUGHTER,
THE COMPANY
includes
ALBERT MORROW
presenting
AN ENTERTAINMENT SELECTED FROM A REPERTOIRE OF NOVELS
"YOU SEE WHAT YOU DON'T SEE"
AND DON'T SEE WHAT
—YOU THINK TO SEE—
AN ENTERTAINMENT SELECTED FROM A REPERTOIRE
OF
1001 NOVELTIES 1001
A rapid series of ORIGINAL SURPRISES BY
MORROW
There are more things in heaven and earth than are dreamt of in your philoscphy.

SOME PRESS CRITIQUES,

"Mr. Tom Melbourne has, or should have, a special place in Calcutta's heart. We are not sure he does not deserve a statue somewhere on the Maidan overlooking the quarter that holds our theatres. For to Mr. Melbourne Calcutta probably owes more laughter than to any other actor extant. He it was who made the Gaiety Theatre famous for its revues; he it was who showed us how Calcutta can be travestied; he it was who produced some extraordinarily good pantomimes, with his own type of humour and cleverness writ large upon them."

—*The Statesman.*

THE HALL MARK OF SIMLA.

"Is it, therefore, any wonder that when it was known that Tom Melbourne and his happy little party were paying a visit to Simla that there was a rush to book seats, and that during his stay here the Gaiety was crowded nightly?"

"Mr. Tom Melbourne appears to have the happy knack of putting the audience in a good humour from the moment he comes on and keeping them in that humour all the evening."

"The Melbourne Comedy Company are to be thanked by the Hongkong people for the amusement they have provided in a singularly quiet season, for had it not been for their timely appearance the winter season in the Colony would have been extremely dull. Miss Eileen Melbourne is one of the finest principal boys ever seen in this town. She has a charming style, and her dancing is perfect."

—*The Hongkong Telegraph.*

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT:

Commencing with the Melbourne's season the Rs. 1. seats will only be in the Circle Stage.
Box to hold 6 Rs. 30, to hold 4 Rs. 20.
Circle oxes to hold 4 Rs. 15.

Booking now open at the Theatre.

AMUSEMENTS.

Excelsior Syndicate Attractions
THE EXCELSIOR AT 9-30 P. M. EXCELSIOR CINEMA AT 6-30 P. M.
EMPIRE CINEMA FROM 4-30 to 11 P.M.

EXCELSIOR
Every evening at 9-30 p. m.
MAURICE E. BANDMAN PRESENTS
NEW BANDMAN COMEDY COMPANY
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30 P. M.
SATURDAY 17TH.
The Company's Great Success
"ROMANCE"
HALF PRICE MATINEE TO-MORROW AT 5 P. M.

Monday Nov. 19th
The Brilliant Topical Comedy
"GENERAL POST"

Tuesday Nov. 20th
"GRUMPY"
Compton Coutts as "GRUMPY."

Wed. & Thurs. 21st & 22nd.
"ROMANCE"
By EDWARD SHELTON.

Prices as usual. Plan at ROSE & CO. AFTER 3 P. M. AT THE THEATRE.

EXCELSIOR CIENMA
TO-NIGHT AT 6-30
PATHE'S SUPER-SERIAL!
THE
"IRON CLAW"
2 Complete Episodes Every Week.

THE EMPIRE
"WHERE FILMS OF DISTINCTION ARE SHOWN."
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
4-30, 6-30, 8-15, & 10 P.M.
PATHE PRESENTS
THEIR LATEST
DRAMATIC
MASTER-PIECE
"WILL POWER"
"WILL POWER"
"WILL POWER"
Adapted from the Novel by
GEORGES OHNET.
In 4 Acts.

A thrilling play of the dominance of a beautiful adventuress over a wealthy but irresolute youth.

A GREAT PLAY OF
MODERN FINANCE
and
ANGLO-PARISIAN SOCIETY.
Played by a Cast of
LEADING FRENCH STARS.
SUPERB PRODUCTION.
MAGNIFICENT ACTING.

PATHE'S LATEST GAZETTE

POPULAR PRICES.

GOOD-BYE!
THE MYSTERIOUS
SHIELDING SHADOW
is bidding Good-bye this week but before doing so he reveals his identity.
9000 feet of thrilling action with a happy climax is what you will see this week
AT THE
OLIMPIA
Sandhurst Road (West).

N.B.—The Proprietor is prepared to receive offers for the purchase of C. I. Sheet Sheds, fittings furniture, tools, etc., etc., to be seen on the **Olympia** plot.

NEW ALEXANDRA
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET
To-night. ***To-night.***
DR. NIKOLA
IN
A BID FOR FORTUNE
BY
GUY BOOTHBY
6,000 Feet. 5 Reels.
A GREAT MYSTIC DRAMA
featuring
MISS VIOLET GRAHAM
with an all-star cast.
Dr. NIKOLA is a household word in
10, 000, 000
homes. The readers and admirers of this world-famous author will have an unique opportunity to see their mystic personality act nd live on the screen.
Also showing
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
the one and only
in a roaring one-reel comic farce.
Thrice nightly: 7-0, 8-45, 10-30.
SATURDAY-SUNDAY, PRIZE SHOWS, 5-15.
USUAL HALF RATES.

ELDORADO
CINEMA.
The Cosiest Corner at Lamington Road (North.)
To-Night!
13th and 14th, Episodes of
OUR GREAT SURPRISE SERIAL
THE
VOICE ON THE WIRE
"A GENUINE STARTLER."
Said a spectator the other day; "It's as startling as a celluloid dog chasing an asbestos cat through hell!"—and that's *some* startling.
BEN WILSON
hero of a thousand serials, lends a mighty personality to every episode of this great serial for
HIGH-PRESSURE ENTERTAINMENT,
THRILLS, SUSPENSE,
ROMANCE, ADVENTURE,
LOVE, INTEREST,
This serial tops all others for days.
Come and make sure for yourselves.
3 shows nightly at 7, 8-30 and 10-15.
Prize Shows:
Saturday and Sunday at 5 p.m., when a pair of 22 carat GOLD BANGLES will be given as prize in Box, Reserved and First Class.
Valuable watches for 2nd and 3rd Classes.
LAMINGTON ROAD, Tel. No. 1304.

AMUSEMENTS.

IN AID OF THE

OUR-DAY FUND

A special grand benefit performance this evening under the kind presence and patronage of

MR. F. H. A. VINCENT, M. V. O.,

the Commissioner of Police.

Proceeds of this grand special night will be handed over to the abovenamed fund as a contribution from the

WEST END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD).

A specially selected patriotic War film will be screened for the occasion.

"FLANDERS---MY COUNTRY"

in 6 parts, elaborately staged in Pathe Colour and gorgeously equipped with resplendant costumes, correct in every historical detail, at 10-15 p.m. (S.T.) this evening.

"FLANDERS---MY COUNTRY."

A powerful drama commencing to-day at the

WEST END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD).

It is a story of devout patriotism, cunning plots, fiendish cruelty—love, romance and adventure,

See this fully coloured wonderful film and let your hearts throb with patriotism, joy, love and contempt,

Also a **comic film.**

To-day and to-morrow Matinee Prize Shows at 3-30 and 5-30 p.m. (S.T.)

PALACE

OF VARIETIES

EDWARD'S THEATRE

Monday November 19th at 10 p. m.

IN AID OF

"OUR DAY" WAR FUND

Under the Patronage and in the presence of BRIGADIER GENERAL

KNIGHT

Commanding the Bombay Brigade

when a programme will be given cousisting of

HUGE VARIETIES

By the

PRESENT GAIETY ARTISTES

Appearing for the last time in Bombay

In Conjunction with

SELECT CINEMA

THE WHOLE PROCEEDS

Including the Sale of Programme, Souvenirs etc. will be handed by the Proprietor

PALACE OF VARIETIES

To the

"OUR DAY" WAR FUND

Prices Rs 4, 3, 2, 1, and 8 annas.

BOOK YOUR SEATS NOW

At ROSE & CO

IMPERIAL

The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay.

TO-NIGHT

LAST WEEK OF

The Great Sensational Serial

"PATRIA"

Showing real warfare: Trench Fighting, Big Guns and even the deadly work of

TANKS.

The most realistic War Scenes ever enacted.

13th Episode

"WINGS OF DEATH."

14th Episode

"BORDER PERIL."

15th and last Episode

"FOR THE FLAG."

The triumph of Patria.

A Beautifully Coloured Travel.

"In the County of Worcester"

"DROITWICH"

A most charming scenic film showing England at its best.

PATHE GAZETTE

Latest.

TIME:—7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. daily.

Matinee every Saturday & Sunday 5 p. m.

NEXT WEEK

"THE RECOIL"

A Gold Rooster Play in 5 acts featuring

WILLIAM COURTNAY

Hero of "KICK IN"

"ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW."

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE.

PREMIER THEATRE OF THE EAST.

FAREWELL PERFORMANCES OF THE MOST SUCCESSFUL SEASON EVER KNOWN IN BOMBAY.

HOWITT-PHILLIPS CO.

TO-NIGHT

MATINEE AT 5 P. M.

NIGHT PERFORMANCE AT 9-30

A RECORD

FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THE EAST.

"THE BLINDNESS OF VIRTUE"

ON BOTH OCCASIONS.

One of the most interesting and significant plays of the past ten years; and instantaneous and lasting success in London, New York and Chicago. In this Drama of two girls' careers Mr. Cosmo Hamilton shows powerfully just how far innocence, that is only ignorance, is a protection.

Night prices:—Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 and Ans. 8.
Matinee prices:—Rs. 3, 1-8, 1 and Ans. 8.
BOOKING AT ROSE & Co.
To-day from 10 a.m. till 1 p.m. and afterwards at the Theatre.

BIG CINEMA BILL

COMMENCING ON

SUNDAY AT 6-45 P.M,

SUNDAY AT 10 P.M.

AND DURING THE REMAINDER OF THE WEEK.

AT 6-45 AND 10 P.M.

"MR. DOLAN OF NEW YORK"

A comedy Drama in which the laughs come thick and fast.

A thrilling comic:

"WANTA MAKE A DOLLAR"

PATHE GAZETTE

AND A MUSICAL TREAT BY THE BEST THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.

Prices:—Re. 1-8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4.
Box seats Rs. 2.

DRAWN WIRE METAL FILAMENT HOLLAND MADE

LAMPS

as manufactured for

THE BRITISH WESTING HOUSE ELEC. & MFG., CO., LD.

110, 225, 230, 250 volts

16, 25 & 50 c. p.

Large Quantities in Stock

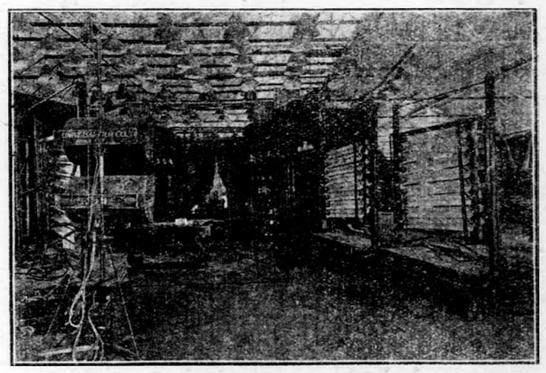
AT

P. B. FEROZSHAW & Co.,

13-15, OAK LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.

FROM FLICKERINGS FILMLAND

BY GLOBETROTTER.



INTERIOR ELECTRIC LIGHT STUDIO.

ARRIVING at Nassau on December 14, 1914, the Paton company were met by a peculiar gathering. Now the Bahamians are a semi-civilized group who have refused to open the door of education, but have been content to remain happy in their ignorance. The natives, although subjects of the British Flag, are suspicious and superstitious, so it is not to be wondered that they looked with questioning eyes on the Paton company when it arrived there early one morning. And, as each member of the company filed down the gangway, the black group peeped, craned their heads and jabbered fiercely in their native tongue. They had never seen a moving picture camera before in their lives, and when Camera man Brulatier set up his machine and began "shooting" them they covered their faces and ran, hurling Spanish epithets at him as they went.

A few days later the country in the immediate vicinity of Nassau had been transformed into a scene of activity never before equalled in its history. A great group of carpenters, scenic artists, property men and electricians, which had followed the company on the next steamer, were busy building and decorating huge "sets," as the natives looked on in terror. From the moment they landed the company had been branded as spies by the islanders. This interfered with the work of Paton's men, for they had counted on hiring hundreds of Bahamians to do the labouring work.

It was some time before Paton and his company were able to convince the natives that neither he nor any of his people were residents of the nether regions, and that they had not come there to destroy the island, but rather to build a lot of things in order that they might make money. They came to make friends with them, and after they spent their money they would return, leaving everything just as they found it.

The natives listened to Paton as he half explained and motioned what he wanted to impress on their minds. They looked at each other and closely scrutinized every member of the company, and finally agreed to work for these white people for twenty-five cents a day, and three cents an hour for all over-time.

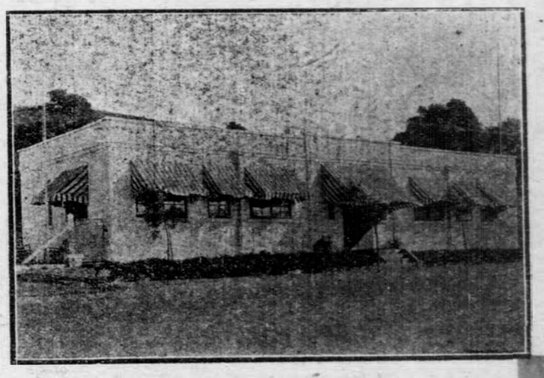
NOW that the first obstacle had been overcome, the rest looked simple. Day and night the Paton company worked, building houses, rafts, submarines, and set, while the Williamsons looked after the making of a mammoth barge to hold their submarine chamber.

The Williamson boys had brought with them two immense glass discs made in France, each five feet in diameter and one and a half inches thick, for the observation window; also a battery of nine Cooper-Hewitt lights arranged in a grid-iron, each light having 2400 candle power, these to be lowered for extra submarine illumination, should that be necessary. As a matter of fact it was not necessary, and these artificial lights were scarcely used, owing to the wonderful clearness of the West Indian sea even at considerable depths.

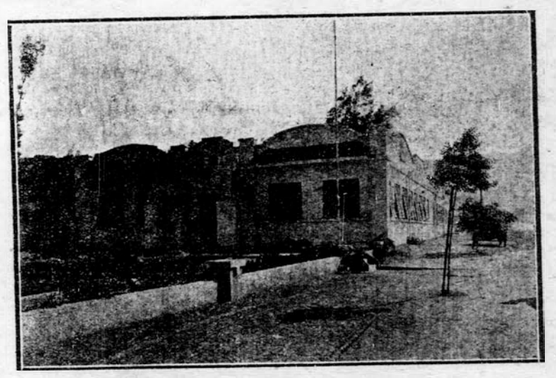
This tube represented strength and flexibility. This was obtained by overlapping steel scales of malleable iron about a foot apart that formed the skeleton of the tube. Over this metallic structure was securely fastened a waterproof fabric of canvas and rubber, the result being a permanently open-air shaft down into the sea, a vertical passageway into which a man might step from the deck of the barge, and down which he might climb exactly as one climbs down a ladder, to a depth of hundreds of feet below the surface.

There was no discomfort from breathing compressed air as the air was not compressed. The top of the tube remained open at the deck level like the top of a well, the sides and the bottom being strong enough to resist the pressure of the ocean.

At its lower end the tube expanded into a spherical observation chamber five feet in diameter, one side of which was provided with a large funnel-shaped window. This observation chamber was made of cast iron and weighed four tons, while the submarine photographic work was in progress two persons usually occupied this chamber at the same time Brulatier taking the pictures through the heavy glass window, and Paton signalling to the actors on the bed of the ocean and giving directions to the deck crew above. A simple ventilating device freshened the air so that both could remain below indefinitely.



THE HOSPITAL—UNIVERSAL CITY.



A RESTAURANT—UNIVERSAL CITY.

THE raising and lowering of the chamber was controlled by two chains that were attatched to the chamber, and ran to chain hoists on the deck, which shifted the position of the chamber, following the wish of the director below. As the tube was lengthened for deeper and deeper lowering into the ocean its bottom folded, and squeezed together under the increasing water pressure until, at considerable depths, a section of the tube would be two hundred feet long when fully extended and would weigh a ton. In other words, through this compacting a given length of tube would become heavier as it sank deeper and this automatic adjustment insured the proper balancing of the tube in the sea.

It took three or four days for the Paton company to prepare everything for the submarine work. The first thing the Williamsons had to do was to place the observation chamber in position in the shaft, and this was rather a slow beginning as the chamber was heavy and had to be lifted with big steel cranes. While this was being done Paton was engaged in taking some of the "exteriors" with Matt, Moore and Jane Gail on the island. In some of these scenes the entire population of eighteen thousand natives was used.

Then came the fitting of the heavy glass. This was in one piece and had to be handled very carefully as it was fitted to the window. When it was in position a heavy iron band was adjusted over its edge and fastened to the steel grooves on the rim of the chamber, so as to make it absolutely waterproof.

Next came the fitting of the tube, which was made in sections and securely fastened together in corkscrew fashion. When everything was in place one of the members of the company went down the tube to see that everything was all-right in the operating chamber for Brulatier and the director. The camera was then placed in position and Director Paton and Brulatier, with ropes fastened about their waists, descended. Then the signal was given to the director and cameraman and the barge, towed by a steamer which was called the "Universal," began herjourney, moving very slowly in order to give Brulatier an oppurtunity of taking pictures of scenes just in front of him on the bed of the ocean.

WHILE the company was at Nassau, some excellent pictures were taken of the action underneath the water, which will mystify the audiences when the production makes its appearance in Bombay very shortly. Divers are shown at work on the bed of the ocean: we see them walk along the floor of these a carrying one of the members who has been (illed by the enemy and watch them bury his body among the coral beds of Nassau Harbour which are known to be the most beautiful in the world. But, greater than all this is the actual battle which takes place on the bed of the ocean, with the fighters using rifles. We wonder how it is done, but that is a secret which Stuart Paton refuses to divulge, but it is only one of the many surprises we get in this picture, which promises to hold the audience spell-bound.

The effects which Paton has introduced in this picture promise to eclipse anything ever attempted before in the history of filmdom. He destroyed two yachts which cost him Rs. 60,000 each, four baloons, which made night ascensions from Nassau and scared every native until he almost turned white, besides sending a submarine to the bottom of the harbour, where he afterwards took pictures of it as it laid on the bed among the coral gardens.

After spending six months at Nassau, the Paton company returned to New York and worked at the Universal studios at Leonia. From there they went to Universal City, where the remaining scenes were taken.

The name of the gigantic production is "20,000 Leagues Under The Sea" and we can safely assert that nothing ever attempted by film manufacturers in the past will compare with this mysterious photo-play, which has been nearly two years in the making, and cost more than one hundred and fifty thousand rupees.

INTERIOR OF THE RESTAURANT—UNIVERSAL CITY.

ALL SORTS OF

LADIES' & GENTS' WATCHES CLOCKS & TIMEPIECES.

Can be had at prices beyond competition

Trial Solicited

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BOMBAY No. 3.

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CHINA-JAPAN STORES

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LAMPS

FOR

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BY

Excelsior Electric Co.

181, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

PLAGUE

90 per cent. Cure guaranteed by Mixed Treatment (Serum-Injections and Antiseptic (Mixtures) if informed within 24 hours of the attack.

DR. P. S. GANIA, M.D.,

SERUM-THERAPIST.

Specialist in Consumption & Scrofula

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ECONOMISE.

BUY NOTHING NEW DURING WAR TIMES

Send all your soiled Garments to us

We promise to render them AS GOOD AS NEW by our Special DRY CLEAN PROCESS

Glazing Shirts and Collars a Specialty.

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THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade, Station.

Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.

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COMMERCIAL

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Nov. 15th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Old Contracts:

Months.	To-day's price.
Nov.	20.60
Nov.-Dec.	20.20
Dec.-Jan.	20.05
Jan.-Feb.	19.95
Feb.-Mar.	19.86
March-April.	19.77
April-May.	19.69
May-June.	19.61
June-July.	19.53

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
January	22.10
March	22.00
May	22.10

COUNCIL BILLS.

London, Wednesday Nov 14th.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 90,00,000:—

Telegraphic Transfers:—Immediate.

Rs.			Rs.
63,000	were alloted to Calcutta	..	6,95,000
6,32,000	" " to Bombay	..	
Nil	" " to Madras	..	

Tenders on Calcutta at 1.5.

" Bombay

Min Rate Received: Calcutta / Bombay } 42% { above that rate in full.

Telegraphic Transfers:—Deferred.

Rs.			Rs.
29,24,000	were allotted to Calcutta	..	83,05,000
34,11,000	" " to Bombay	..	
19,70,000	" " to Madras	..	

Tenders on Calcutta at 1/4 29/32

" Bombay

Min Rate Received: Calcutta / Bombay } 42% { above that rate in full.

	Rs.
Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale	90,00,000
Amount to be allotted next week	60,00,000

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Nov 13th.

Day's Exports to Great Britain	27,000
" " to Continent..	7,000
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	7½
Demand Bills	4.75.25
Silver Commercial Bars	68

New York, Nov. 14th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S Ports	37,000
Futures at New York Jan.	27.47
" " Mar.	27.21
" " May	27.01
Spot Cotton at New York	29.70
" " at New Orleans..	27.88
Futures at New Orleans Jan.	26.55
" " Mar	26.35

MONEY MARKETS.

London, Nov. 14th.

Bar Silver Spot	43 5/8
Closing Tone of Silver:—Quiet steady.	
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April, 1917.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	4 13/16
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	4 3/4
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5 1/8
" " " 6 "	5 3/8
Interest day to day loans	4
" 7 day market loans	4 1/4
Consols 2½%	55½
Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal	48½
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	64½
Government Securities 3½%	55½
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	27.30

WAR LOANS.

London Nov. 14th.

3½% 1925-1928	£85
4½% 1925-1945	£99½
5% New	£93½

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Nov. 14th.

RAPESEED

Rapeseed Fere zpore usual Bold per ton Oct.-Nov. Sellers	595
Rapeseed, Yellow Gunerat 416 lbs. ex-Ship per ton Oct -Nov. Sellers	600

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship per ton Oct.-Nov. Paid Buyers	600
Linseed Calcutta Oct -Nov.	595

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£121
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal	£110½
Hard Spelter Nominal	—

JAVA SUGAR:

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Nov. Nominal	18/6
Fine White Java C. & F Calcutta Nov. Nominal	21/6

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Nov.-Dec. Sellers	2/9
Plantation First Latex Crepe Nov.	2/6½

BEEF AND MUTTON TALLOW

London, Nov, 14th.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow	72
" " Mutton Tallow	72
General Tone of Tallow Auction strong.	

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

Nov. 16.

The delay in the receipt of Home cables continues. Fluctuations have occurred in New York and on Wednesday the closing rate was 27.47 for the January position (79 points higher) while the Liverpools close on the same day was 65 points higher for New Contracts and 40 points advance for Old contracts on the week. Liverpool is firm and continues to advance owing to scarcity of contracts, small stock, and freight difficulty. The consumption in America for the month of October was exceptionally large, being 595,000 bales and 100,000 bales linters, and is considered to be a bullish factor.

In the local market the lowest point touched for Good Broach April was on Saturday last when the rate dropped to Rs. 456½. From this point there was a steady rise to Rs. 480 on Tuesday evening and on Wednesday the advance went as far as Rs. 484. Yesterday the opening price was Rs. 475 and the rate declined to Rs. 469½, and last night the bazaar quotation was Rs. 474. This morning Good Broach was quoted Rs. 475.

Notwithstanding the Devali Holidays a large business has been done, and the market has been brisk and active. Speculators and jobbers have been lively and have made the most of the wide fluctuations which have taken place. There has been a fair amount of covering and profit taking, and some Japanese export houses sold. Business on Association terms has also been brisk, commission houses having bought freely early in the week, and sold later on. The differences between Exchange and Association terms have been from Re. 1 to Rs. 2 higher to Rs. 1 lower for the latter.

In ready cotton cotton holidays have interfered with business, the market having been closed for two days. A moderate business has been done and prices have kept steady. Stapled styles have been in demand and there has been a good enquiry for New Cron lots. Receipts are improving but are still much below last year at the same time. The crop generally is late, and the recent rains delayed receipts into the up country markets in many places.

QUOTATIONS 6 P.M.

NEW CROP.

Good Broach	April ..	..	482
Fine Hinganghat Wardah ..	January ..	..	472
" Nagpur Kamptl ..	" ..	..	468
" Khamgaon Akola ..	" ..	..	455
" Khandelsh	" ..	..	430
" Muthia	" ..	..	432
" Bengal	" ..	..	404
Fully Good Bengal ..	" ..	..	376

BOMBAY COTTON TRADES ASSOCIATION.

QUOTATIONS 16th NOVEMBER 1917.

Growths.	Fine	F G	Gd.	Delivery.
M.G. Bengals ..	401	372		1-25 January
M.G. Sind Punjab..	381			"
M.G. Wardha ..	467			"
M. G. Nagpore ..	464			"
M.G. Khamgaon Akola Fair staple	447			"
M.G. Khandeish ..	428			"
M.G. Broach ..	..		477	1-25 April.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay compared with the corresponding periods in the previous season:—

Growths.	For week ending 15th November.	Total to date since September 1st.	
		1917.	1916.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandesh	2,742	12,571	9,464
Central India	346	3,349	5,698
Barsee and Nuggar ..	218	729	1,559
Berar	5,863	9 350	9,841
Central Provinces ..	663	958	2,208
Total Oomras..	9,932	26 777	28,870
Dhollera	671	8,267	6,793
Broach	11	1,016	230
Compta and Dharwar ..	2,166	22,989	9,520
Westerns-Northerns ..	919	19,916	6,771
Bengals (N.W.Province)	3,904	15,958	105,560
Bengals (Rajputana)	Nil	1,802	14,949
Sind, Punjab	1,189	2,926	13,933
Cocanada	334	3,962	4,600
Persian	Nil	10	86
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	Nil	5 843	3,644
American	Nil	Nil	3
Egyptian	Nil	Nil	184
Other sorts	891	2,712	3,128
Total ..	19,967	112,278	198,271

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales.
Receipts for week ending 15th November 1917	19,937
Total receipts from 1st September 1917 to 15th November 1917	112,278
	1917. 1916.
Total Shipments for week ending 15th November	55,664 20,023
	1917. 1916
Total shipments from 1st September 1917 to 15th November	390,452 285,871

EXPORTS OF COTTON BY RAIL FROM BOMBAY.

	Bales
G.I.P. Railway from 1st Sept. 1917 to 27th Oct.1917	4,297
B.B.& C.I. Railway from 1st September 1917 to 27th Oct. 1917	4,240

ESTIMATED STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

Estimated Stock on 1st September. 1917 ..	1,100,000
Receipts from 1st September 1917 to 15th November 1917	112,278
	1,112,278
Shipments from 1st September 1917 to 15th November 1917	390,452
	721,826
Sent up-country by rail	8,537
	713,289
Estimated Mill consumption from 1st September 1917 to 15th November 1917	225,000
Stock in all hands, including Exports and Mills on 15th November 1917	487,289

Telephone No. 3642. Telegrams:—"Chemicolor," Bombay

K. H. KABBUR & Co.,

Colours and Chemicals,

56, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY. Also at 30, Brown Street, Manchester.

Standard Qualities, Original Packings, Prompt Deliveries.

Direct Blues (giving Sky Blue with ½%)
Turkey Red powder.
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Basic Magenta.
Direct Browns.
(Ciba) Yellow.
Acid Scarlet.
Orange II.
Victoria Blue B.

SULPHUR:—BLACK, KHAKI, CONGO RED—and a range of Acid, Basic, Sulphur and direct Colours and Chemicals used in textile industries. A majority in half and one pound tins under labels of Manufacturers such as Berlin, Bayer, Meister, etc.

Enquiries solicited. *Quotations on application*

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 16th Nov., 1917, at 5 p.m.

Growths	Super Fine	Fine	Fully Good	Good	Delivery
Bengals (M.G.)	..	403	378	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.)	..	388	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Khandesh (M.G.)	..	433	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Akola Khangaum	..	453	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Karanja (M.G.)	..	..	..	..	
Oomrawatee descriptions (M.G)	..	457	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Dhamangaum	..	460	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Poolgaum (M.G)	..	..	..	..	
Yeotmal (M.G.)	..	468	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Nagpore	..	473	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Kamptl (M.G.)	..	..	..	..	
Wardha H'ghat (M.G.)	..	478	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
Broach (M.G.)	..	..	..	482	1/25th Apl. 18
Mathia (M.G	..	437	..	..	1/25th Jan. 18
	..	..	..		

WEEK'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc. for the week ending 6 p.m. of 15th November:—

Cotton	19,867 bales
Wheat	192,455 cwts
Linseed	14,108 "
Rape, Rai & Mustardseed, etc.	3,523 "
Gingellyseed	6,092 "
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	3,803 "
Castorseed	37,813 "
Rice	154,493 "
Myrabollams	3,322 "
Cottonseed	21,563 "
Mowraseed	500 "
Gram	18,316 "
Jowar	7,957 "
Maize	518 "
Barley	7,650 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Imports of Wheat, Seeds and Food grains into Bombay 1st January 1917 to 15th November 1917, as compared with last year:—

	1917.	1916.
Wheat	7,605,028	3,661,112
Linseed	2,204,775	4,266,310
Rape Rai &c	298,404	482,399
Gingellyseed	678,523	830,282
Poppyseed	67,977	90,419
Groundnuts	1,815,721	1,147,018
Castorseed	1,435,815	1,510,719
Rice	6,829,427	5,193,686
Myrabollams	372,030	655,392
Cottonseed	503,584	2,721,485
Mowraseed	8,869	62,902
Gram	946 970	737,653
Joowar	327,116	1,086,571
Maize	14,834	9,580
Barley	477,151	1,009,579

BULLION.

Bombay, Nov. 16.

During the three days that the market was open, the silver market was quiet but steady with limited business passing.

Silver Ready ex-Duty, 100-6.
Silver 1st Sett. ex-Duty, 100-10.

EXCHANGE.

Is unchanged. There are few bills offering in the market. The reduction of council bills from 90 lakhs to 60 lakhs a week had very little effect on the market.

Bank Tel. Transfer, 1/4 31/32.
Bank Demand Drafts, 1/5 1/32.
3 Months' Sight Credits, 1/5 13/32.
Bank Demand on France, Fr. 193.
3 Months' Sight France, Fr. 201.
D. D. on Shanghai, Rs. 294½.
D. D. on Hongkong, Rs. 209½.
T. T. on Japan, Rs. 150.
60 Days' Sight Japan, Rs. 141½.
D. D. on New York, Rs. 297/8.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—

5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47:—
Cum-warrant, 95.
Warrant, 2/7 per cent.
4 per cent Conversion Loan, 82.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan, 95.
3½ per cent. small pieces, 69.
3 per cent. small pieces, 58.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bond guaranteed redeemable 3 months' notice, 80.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bond long dated, 78.
Municipal long dated, 76.
Municipal short dated, 80.
City Improvement Trust 60 years January-July, 79.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa, 92.
Sanitary, 94.

The following are the Bank rates:—

Bank of Bombay, 5 per cent.
Bank of Bengal, 5 per cent.
Bank of Madras, 6 per cent.

SHARES.

Bombay, Nov. 16.

In our preceding report we laid special stress on the marvellous profits Cotton Mills were steadfastly making and looked forward, with a feeling of confidence, to a further inflation in the values of prominent mill scrips. This feeling of unmistakable optimism had its justification in the position that weavers had established by the enormous sale of their output right uptil the end of the next year. The fates, however, seem to have ordained it otherwise. The disquieting news regarding Italian reverses, following so close upon the perilous situation of Russia, burst upon the market like a bolt from the blue and imparted a rude shock to the market frightening many of the Bull operators out of their wits. As though these reverses were going to precipitate a general peace propaganda, many holders got seized with a panicky feeling and let go their holdings at any price. This nervousness came god-sent to the Bears who made the most of the opportunity and for a time it looked as though the market was going to pieces.

The panic started on Saturday, when a general disposition to quit holdings was strongly in evidence. "Sellers," "no buyers," became the order of the day and a sensational slump in rates occurred at every hammer of business. Shares like Standards and Nagpurs which had recently been the hot favourites of the market, witnessed a precipitate drop of nearly Rs. 250 within the short space of a couple of hours. There was, however, a partial rally at the close, due to Bears covering.

The market again opened weak and unsettled on Monday consequent on the unfavourable Italian news and a panicky feeling prevailed. The pressure to sell from all the four corners shook the market to its foundations and rates tumbled more rapidly than before. Tuesday was a Divali holiday. As subsequent news from the Italian front revealed some improvement, operators felt disposed to summon confidence with the result that on the Moorat day the market presented a more encouraging spectacle and a large business transpired at a considerable recovery in rates. The market was closed to-day, it being the last day of the November settlement.

The uncertainty regarding the political outlook has for the moment completely eclipsed all the bull factors which conjointly pointed to an upheaval of the share market and the trend of opinion seems to be towards a policy of aloofness until more reassuring news is forthcoming from the war front.

There is nothing special to be said regarding the Industrial and mining scrips in which the depreciation has been equally sensational.

Standards were quoted at 2150, Fazalbhoys at 917/8, Bombay Uniteds at 905, Nagpurs at 2840, Indian Bleachings at 250, Indore Malwas at 420, Currims at 420, Crescents at 285, Madhawji at 2610, Pearls at 660, Swadeshis at 2015, Tata ordinary at 272/8 and deferreds at 1225.

Following are the closing quotations in the New Stock Exchange:—

Standards 2170, Fazalbhoys 915, Currimbhoys 420, Nagpurs 2860, Madhawji 2630, Pearls 670, Shapurji 160, Crescents at 285.

NEW STOCK EXCHANGE.

Bombay, Nov. 16.

The market opened with a good demand for Mills and Tata Steel shares and the prices ruled fairly steady throughout the day. A good lot of Tata Industrial Bank shares changed hands at a premium from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3. The following are the closing rates:—

Madhowjis 2630, Standards 2160, Fazels 917½, Currims 410, Crescents 285, Indore 420, Bleachings 260, Pearls 665, Nagpores 2860, Swadeshis 2050, Davids 660, Simplex 1005, Shapurjis 158½, Swans 580, Globe 110, Presidency 195, Centurys 460, Central Mining 52 and Tata ordinary 275.

PIECE-GOODS.

The Cloth Market has presented a lively appearance during the past week, and dealers have been celebrating the *Dewali* with great show and enthusiasm as the past year has been a prosperous one. Several new shops have been opened in the bazaar, which have been occupied by new merchants, who have been anxious to buy something, and the brokers have not been wanting in their efforts to keep these new-comers well supplied with goods. This being an auspicious occasion and as most of the dealers have made record profits, they have shown willingness to purchase even at the present high level. Several lots have changed hands at increased rates. The deliveries have been satisfactory, and arrivals have been restricted. Calcutta buyers, have repurchased the goods which were previously sold to Bombay dealers and the latter have made handsome profits in these transactions. The future outlook is difficult to read, but there are many who prophesy a higher level of values, although there are few at present who care to take any great risk either way. Some cautious dealers are inclined to "sail near the coast" for fear of depreciation in values later on. Some risks may be run in adopting a waiting policy, but merchants are very much afraid of committing themselves to contracts which may not turn out to be of a favourable character. The Manchester Market, on the other hand, has been very firm and quotations have not been within the reach of buyers. With Mid-American Spot cotton at nearly 22d. per lb. and with the ever increasing cost of production coupled with the advance in the rates of freight and bleaching charges, shippers can hardly make offers that would be tempting to buyers. Some business has been done only in cheap lots of some styles, that have been the attraction owing the rates being considerably below actual replacing costs. It is reported that two hundred thousand cotton wearers are applying for forty per cent. advance of wages, which, if granted, will add to the present high cost.

GREYS.

The position of Grey goods has been very firm and values of most of the standard cloths have gone up. 45 inches Red End Shirtings have commanded a good deal of attention from buyers and as stocks are scarce, the price has been put up by nine annas per piece. 43 and 48 inches Gold End Shirtings, suitable for dyeing purposes, have been in better request at enhanced rates. 45 inches by 22 yards standard Grey Jaconets have touched the record price of Rs. 8-2 per piece, owing to speculative demand. Grey Drills have also appreciated in value.

The sales in Japanese Cloths have not been important so far, but values have formed up a good deal.

The local Mills have booked about 50,000 Bales of Piece-goods for delivery extending in some cases to December, 1918. Out of this total about 30,000 bales are of Grey Longcloths and Sheetings, which have been sold at Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 1-7-6 per lb., respectively, about 10,000 bales of Bleached cloths at Rs. 2 per lb., some 5,000 bales of Fancy Checks at Rs. 1-12 to Rs. 2 per lb., and nearly 5,000 bales of other cloths such as Grey Drills stripes and Dobby, T. Cloths and Americans at Rs. 1-4 to Rs. 1-8, per lb., There has been a good demand from Calcutta for consumption.

WHITES.

There has been a substantial improvement in White Nainsooks and Shirtings. Nainsooks of superior qualities have been in better request for Calcutta and Cawnpore and fair lines have been purchased for consumption. This has helped the sellers to increase the rates of all the other styles of Nainsooks. The demand from Bhowanigunj for White Shirtings in "W" finish has been brisk and values have advanced within the last fortnight from one to two rupees per piece owing to scarcity of stocks. White Mulls have not shown much change this week, as the advance in these had taken place recently. 39 inches by 20 yards Gold End Mulls have shown an improvement of four annas per piece. Some importing firms have bought some lines of standard cloths from the bazaar. White Shirtings under "G." Finish in a range worth from Rs. 14-12 to Rs. 16-1 per piece have been taken up by an English firm.

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

Grey Shirtings—	Ins.	Yds.	Rs	a	p.
Ralli's Fari No. 2000 ..	39	×37½	14	0	0
" " " 100000	45	×37½	17	8	0
Fleming's No. 1905 ..	48	×38	17	8	0
Bates' No. 12838 ..	41	×37½	16	0	0
Dewhurst's Rupee" No.5	39	×38½	17	0	0
" "B.B.B." ..	38	×38½	16	0	0
Grey Jaconets.—					
Ralli's No 18 ..	45	×22	8	2	0
Grey Drills—					
Pepperell "Dragon" ..	29	×40	22	4	0
Ralli's Muslid, No.425	26	×30	15	0	0
Wh te Shrtings—					
Liepman's No. 1500	32	×42	22	2	0
H B. T. C. 40000 ..	36	×40	26	8	0
White Nainsooks—					
Ralli's Nos.7070/9090	27	×18	4	4	0
" No. 39620 T.B.	38	×22	6	7	0
Graham's Nos.88/8888.	28	×18	4	12	0
" " 50000..	34	×18	6	1	0
Greaves' No. 8090 T. B.	38	×22	..	..	
Ritchie's 3500/4510-5520 ..	26	×18	3	14	0
White Mulls—					
Ralli's No. 6 ..	41	×19	8	8	0
" " 60 ..	46	×19	9	2	0
" " 600 ..	51	×19	9	12	0
" " 6000 ..	56	×19	11	2	0
" " 88 ..	58	×20	8	8	0
" " 813 ..	39	×20	8	8	0
Ritchie's No. 975 ..	50	×18	7	4	0
" " 615 ..	50	×18	7	4	0
" " 66999..	40	×18	6	0	0
Greaves' No. 5060 ..	27	×18	3	7	0

JAPANESE CLOTHS.

The following are the prices ruling in the bazaar for well-known Japanese Cloths:—

GREY SHIRTINGS—	Ins.	Yds.	Rs	a.	p.
No. 55000	44	×38	16	0	0
No. 100	..	"	17	12	0
No. 200	..	"	17	8	0
No. 2005	..	"	17	0	0
No. 220	..	"	16	6	0
Nos. 2200/2300.. ..	..	"	17	12	0
No. 7200	..	"	16	10	0
No. 3000	38	×38	..	..	
No. 666	..	"	14	8	0
No. 181	33	×38	13	8	0
No. 191	38	×38	14	8	0
GREY SHEETINGS—					
9 Dragons	38	×36	11	10	0
"C" Quality	36	×36	11	2	0
"Boodh Dev."	36	×36	9	6	0
GREY DRILLS—					
Elephant	29	×40	19	8	0

LOCAL MILL SALES.

The following sales are reported to have been made so far by the local mills. The quantities are given in round figures:—

Grey Longcloths and Sheetings:—

Bales.	Mills.	Rate per lb.
2,500	Textile	Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 1-7-6
2,500	Spring	" "
3,000	Century	" "
1,000	Fazulbhai	" "
1,000	Currimbhoy	" "
1,500	Pearl	" "
1,500	Simplex	Rs. 1-9 to Rs. 1-7-6
500	Bradbury	Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 1-7-6
1,000	Standard	" "
2,000	Petits (4 Mills)	" "
4,000	Sassoons (4 Mills)	" "
500	Hindustan	" "
500	Western	" "
500	Crown	" "
1,500	Sapurji	Rs. 1-7-0 to Rs. 1-6-6
1,000	Mathuradas	" "
5,500	Other Mills	" "
30,000	Bales	

Bleached Cloths:—

Bales.	Mills.	Rate per lb.
5,000	Kasturchand	Rs. 2
2,000	Madhowji	"
1,500	Mathuradas	"
700	New Kaiser-I-Hind	"
800	Other Mills	"
10,000	Bales	

Fancy Checks:—

5,000	Bales Different Mills at Rs. 1-12 to Rs. 2 per lb

Grey Drills, Stripes and Dobby, T. Cloths and Americans:—

5,000	Bales Different Mills at Rs. 1-4 to Rs. 1-3 per lb

LANCASHIRE YARNS.

The Yarn Market has ruled firm and steady, with some better inquiry. Some lots have changed hands amongst the dealers, just for the sake of entering fresh transactions in the new books on this auspicious occasion. clearances have been satisfactory. Arrivals have been on a small scale. Fresh business has been very difficult to negotiate, owing to the strong position of spinners. About fifty thousand cotton operatives of the spinning section in Manchester have demanded an advance of thirty per cent. in wages. Owing to shortage of freight the Cotton Control Board has decided to reduce the spindleage on American cotton to 60 per cent. from Monday next, except in the case of firms having written instructions from Government. Further reduction will be necessary unless the freight situation materially improves. All this will tend to increase the prices, which are, even now, very much higher than the rates ruling here. The quotations received for Japanese Yarns have also been pretty stiff. Lancashire Yarns are quoted as under:—

30s. Water Twist, best, per lb .....Rs 1-10-6
30s. Water Twist, ordinary, per lb, Rs. 1-10-0
40s. Water Twist, best, per lb, ...Rs. 1-12-6
40s. Water Twist, ordinary, per lb, Rs. 1-12-0

SUGAR MARKET.

Bombay, 16th Nov. 1917.

We have to report further decline of 4 annas per cent. in our market which ruled quiet throughout the week with small demand and easier advices from Calcutta and Karachi. Owing to Diwali Holidays the off take from the Bazaar was very small and with continual arrivals from Calcutta and Madras by rail dealers were rather nervous and selling their holdings at market rate. The s. s. Bahadur has sailed from Java and is expected about the 20th instant. There is no news from Java but it is reported that there is no embargo on Sugar exports from Java Singapore market is reported very quiet and good business is doing in White Java to be imported from Hongkong and Singapore. There is no steamer at present from Mauritius and we have no business to report. There was very little business in the bazaar on the Murat Day and a small sale was made in White Java Oct./Dec. at 24s. 5½d. F. B. H. small lots of White Java were done S. S. Bahadur at 25/10 to 26/1½ F.B. H. A big firm has sold White Java to be shipped from Singapore at 24s. 2½d. F. B. H. Dec. and or Jan. shipment.

The following are the Bazaar rates and stocks:—

	Bags.
T. M. O. Rs. 20-8-0 equal to 25/6 F.B.H. stocks. ..	50,000
Brown Rs. 19-0-0 equal to 24s. ..	3,000
Soft no stocks ..	
Mauritius Crystal Rs. 21-4-0 ..	27,000
Mauritius Syrups Rs. 19 to 20-8-0 ..	35,000

CURRENT BANK RATES.

England	—	5 per cent,	Apr. 5, 1914
France	—	5 per cent.	May. 20, 1914
Germany	—	5 per cent,	Dec. 23, 1914
Russia	—	5 per cent,	July 28, 1910
Italy	—	5 per cent,	June 1, 1917
Netherlands	—	4½ per cent,	July 1, 1915
Belgium	—	5 per cent,	Aug. 20, 1914
Austria-Hungary	—	5 per cent,	April 10, 1915
Sweden	—	6½ per cent,	Jan. 5, 1915
Spain	—	4½ per cent,	Oct. 28, 1914
India (Bombay)	—	5 per cent,	Aug. 23, 1917
India (Bengal (Calcutta))	—	5 per cent,	Sept. 6, 1917
India (Madras)	—	6 per cent,	Sept. 4, 1917

PETROLEUM.

THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY'S QUOTATIONS.

Snowflake ..	..150°	at Rs.	8 3 0	per cas.
White Rose ..	..150°	"	8 3 0	"
Chester ..	.. 76°	Abel "	7 14 0	"
Devoe's ..	.. 76°	"	7 14 0	"
Monkey ..	..125°	"	7 4 0	"
Tiger ..	..125°	"	7 4 0	"
White Camelia tins	..125°	"	6 2 0	per 2tins
Elephant tins	..125°	"	6 2 0	"
Elephant Bulk	..125°	"	4 14 0	per 8Imp Galls.

THE LATEST USEFUL NOVELTY

'ELECTRIC'

The Instant Cleaning and POLISHING CLOTH

For Brass, Copper, Nickel, Silver Gold, jewellery, etc. Cleans and Shines All Metals, without Powder, Paste or Liquid. Is the up-to-date style in Metal Polish.

To be had in 3 sizes from

SWADESHI STORES

TIMES BUILDING, FORT, BOMBAY.

And All General Dealers.

Sole Agents.—J. J. SHAH & BROS KHETWADI MAIN ROAD, BOMBAY No. 4.

Agencies offered in places not represented.

HOME RULE

Can be governed by those souls only whose own Homes are governed by public opinion.

For particulars apply to:—

CHHOTALAL BHOGILAL PAREKH,

Umreth (Kaira)

NOVELTIES

FOR THE NEW YEAR.

TABLE PADS

in various sizes and designs.

ONLY A FEW OUT.

A most useful thing that you require on your table

AVAILABLE AT THIS PRICE

ONLY UP—TO

30th NOVEMBER

SIZES	Price per each.
18x22 without diary	Rs. 1 8 0
13 x 22 with diary	" 1 4 0
15 x 18 without diary.. ..	" 1 0 0
13 x 18 " "	" 0 12 0
14 x 9 " "	" 0 8 0

a whole set of these 5 pads will be sent to up country customers for V. P. P. of Rs. 6.

WE CAN PRINT YOUR NAME ADVERTISEMENT etc., IF ORDERED WHOLESALE

GROWN ELECTRIC PRINTING **WORKS**

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE FORT **BOMBAY** TELEPHONE 2730.

MENOIS GOLD PILLS

The best tonic of the day, remedy for Indian Potentates, gives health, strength and vigour to all. Universal cure for all diseases of the heart, lungs stomach and liver.

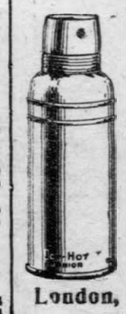
Prices: **Rs. 2** per phial, **Rs. 3** per tube

Agents Wanted:

Menois Gold Pills Agency,

Address.—BOMBAY, 16.

ICY-HOT



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Invaluable for House-keepers, Nurses, Campers, Travellers, Automobilists.

Illustrated Price List Free.

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London, Eastern and Americann Trading Company,

HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

ENQUIRIES SOLICITED FOR

Katni cement. 'Annealed baling wire No. 16. Steel mining bars, Brasso Polish, Rickett's Crown Blue, Saponified Cresol & Burra Dog Phenyle, Hall's Distemper and Ready-mixed Oil Paints, Bengal Coal, Coke, French Chalk Sulphuric Acid 1.840 and Mineral products, and B. O. C. Petrol.

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SAVE YOUR BUILDINGS

FURNITURE & VALUABLE PROPERTIES

BY USING

ANTI-MOTH SOLUTION

This is a very important scientific descovery oy a well-known

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY.

Mahomedan: 30th of Mohurrum, 1336.
Hindu: 3rd Sud of Kartik, 1974.
Parsi: 8th of Khordad, 1287.
Jewish: 2nd of Kislev, 5678.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Industrial Commission, Council Hall, Secretariat, 11-30 a.m.
42nd Anniversary of Theosophical Society.
Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, Nov. 18.

Prof. Chiplunkar's lecture on "India in America," Deccan Merchants' Association Hall, Girgaum Back Road, 5 p.m. (S. T.).
Marathi Class in Economics—Servants of Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, 8-30 a.m.
Excelsior Theatre: New Bandman Comedy Co.'s Matinee, at 5 p.m. "Romance" and Iron Claw, at 9-45 p.m.
Mails for Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Henjam, Dubai, Charbar and Pasni will be closed at the Bombay General Post Office at 8-0 a.m., Registered letters and parcels will be accepted up to 6-30 p.m. on Saturday.
Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Mr. M. A. A. Khan's Public Lecture, Prarthana Samaj Hall, Girgaum, 9 a.m.

MONDAY, Nov. 19.

Homeward English Mail will be closed at the G. P. O. at 5 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Royal Opera House, Cinema 6-45 p.m.
The Howitt-Phillips Company in "Blindness of Virtue."
Excelsior Theatre: New Bandman Comedy Co. at 9-30 "Romance" and Iron Claw at 6-30 p.m.
Palace of Varieties—6-30 p.m., Show at the Gaiety Theatre.
Palace of Varieties—10 p.m., Show at the Edwardes Theatre.
Empire Cinema: 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
New Alexandra Cinema near Crawford Market, 7, 8-45, 10-30 p.m.
Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.
Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45, and 10-15 p.m.
New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-45, 9-0 and 10-45.
West End Cinema: Churni Road, 7, 8-45 and 10-15.
Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45, and 10-15.
Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road.

G. I. P. TRAINS FROM BOMBAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep H. M.
Punjab Mail	16 0	14 20
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore) ..	15 0	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ..	9 15	13 0
Madras Mail	8 40	21 30
Poona Mail	11 25	14 45
Delhi Express (3rd and Inter Class)	18 30	7 0
Poona Express	19 40	7 53
	Dep.	

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the arrival and departure time on Cola's :—

BOMBAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Northern Express	11 35	17 0
Gujrat Mail	8 15	21 0
Kathiawar 3rd Class Express.. ..	7 40	21 12

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., A.-D.-C., Commanding.

Bombay, Nov. 17.

Sunday 18th.—Class Firing Table B Recruits, Santa Cruz. Train leaves Churchgate 7-15 a.m.
Monday 19th.—7-15 a.m. Riding School. Embarkation of Horses 6-45 a.m. Jetty End Alexandra Dock for those detailed. 6-30 p.m. Volunteer Club, Garrison Lecture for Officers and N.C.O. Officers only by Lt.-Col. Craster, R.E. Subject: "March Discipline."
Tuesday 20th.—7-15 a.m. Troop Drill, "A", "B" and "D" Troops, Churchgate. 6-45 a.m. Troop Drill "C" Troop, Juhu Sands.
Wednesday 21st.—7-15 a.m. Riding School.
Thursday 22nd.—7-15 a.m. Squadron Parade "A", "B", "C" and "D" Troops, Churchgate.
Friday 23rd.—7-15 a.m. Riding School.
Saturday 24th.—7-15 a.m. Riding School.

NOTICE.

Result of the Competition for the Monsoon Shooting Cup, fired November 3rd:—
Lce.-Corpl. R. C. Giles, 57 points, winner.
Lce.-Corpl. J. G. Ridland, 54 points.
Trooper J. G. Adams, 54 points.
Trooper A. C. Times, 51 points.
Trooper D. H. McDowell, 51 points.
Corpl. A. Gilchrist, 51 points.

STANDING CAMP.

Arrangements are being made to open the Standing Camp, on Saturday, December 1st. Members intending to reside in camp should send their names in to the Adjutant at once.

E. G. PEARSON,
2nd-Lieut. & Adjutant,
Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY ARTILLERY,

Bombay, Nov. 17.

PART I.

Duties for the week.

Orderly Officer: 2nd-Lieut. Arnall.
Order of Companies on duty with effect from 19-11-17:—5, 2 and 1.
Company on duty will furnish 3 men for Launch Duty for one week. This detail should be taken from men subject to Local Service.
Signalling Class except one man for Launch not to be taken for these duties.

DRILL.

Compulsory Parades commencing Sunday, 18-11-17:—
Sunday—All men (except No. 5 Mobile Battery) who have fired at 100 and 200 yards (including all Reserves) will parade at Colaba at 7-30 a.m. Dress Optional (and at times ordered verbally on Sunday).
Supervisors:—Same as last week except Officers:—
2nd-Lieut. Walker—1st half. Lieut. Dunkerley—2nd half.
Monday—All men who fired on Sunday are exempt from this day's parade.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—7-15 a.m. Headquarters.
All Gunner Companies, Recruits, A and B Sub-Sections No. 1 Reserve Company (except No. 2 G. S. C.) with Arms.
No. 2 G. S. C. and Cadets 7-15 a.m. at Mahaluxmi.
Friday—7-15 a.m. All ranks including E. E. Company with arms, Headquarters. Men of C and D Sub-Sections No. 1 Reserve Company who fired on Sunday exempted.
Wednesday and Friday—6-15 p.m. Recruits (with arms).
E. E. Company, Monday 6-15 p.m. Arsenal (2 hours) Experts and Efficients.
E. E. Company, Tuesday, 6-15 p.m. Arsenal (2 hours) Efficients and Non-Efficients.
Wednesday and Friday—7-15 a.m. Headquarters.
Signallers. Same as last week.
Other Specialists with their Companies.
Band. Same as last week.
Miniature Range allotted. Same as last week.

INSTRUCTORS.

Br. Bright, Headquarters. C. S. M. Ashton, Mahaluxmi. Brs. Flynn and Ward. Recruits Evening Parades. Corpl. Cassidy, Cadets.

AUDIT BOARD.

Major Sowerby (President).
Captain Green and Captain Weber, Time as ordered by President.
No leave will be granted unless Musketry has been completed.
Addresses of men on leave must be furnished.
All leave must be submitted on the prescribed form.

P. H. RETALLACK, Capt.,
Adjutant, Bombay Artillery. I. D. F.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Bombay, Nov. 17.

No. 315—Duties will be furnished by No. 4 Company during November. Next for duty; during December No. 1 Company.
No. 316—Recruits.—Drills are held daily at Headquarters at 7-15 a.m. and 6-30 p.m. except on Saturday afternoons and Sundays. Recruits who have drawn uniform must wear it on morning parades.
No. 317—Dress.—Gray back shirts will be worn on all parades in future; tunics will not be worn (except on the range) unless specially ordered.
No. 318—Clothing Scale.—Men in Active, Local or Reserve platoons may purchase on cash payments extra articles of clothing up to the scale sanctioned for General Service men on application to the Quartermaster.
No. 319—Adjutant's Office and Quartermaster's Stores will, with effect from 1st November, be closed at 6-30 p.m. daily except on Tuesdays when it will remain open until 7-30 p.m. on Saturdays it will be closed at 2-30 p.m.
No. 320—Tram fares and pay for Actual Military Duty performed prior to 31st July, 1917, will be paid out on personal application to the Adjutant on Tuesday evenings at 6-30 p.m.
No. 321—Battalion Parade.—The Battalion will parade as strong as possible on Saturday, 24th November at 4-30 p.m. on the Maidan opposite Headquarters.
Dress, Drill Order—Grey back shirts and Topees.
No. 322—Lecture.—Lt.-Col. Craster, R.E., will lecture at the Volunteer Club at 6-30 p.m. on Monday next the 19th instant. All officers and N. C. O.'s not on duty should attend. Subject—"March Discipline."

(Sd.) H. J. DIBBS, Capt.,
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Vol. Rifles.

NOTICE.

United Service Institution.—Officers desirous of joining this Institution can obtain full particulars in Orderly Room.

POONA RIFLES.

Corps Order by Lieutenant-Colonel G. K. Walker, C.I.E., Commanding Poona Rifles, (I. D. F.).

POONA, Nov. 16.

Parades for the week ending Saturday, 24th November, 1917, at Headquarters:—

PART I.

1160 Drill and Instruction.
Monday 19th, 7 to 9 a.m., "A" Company and "B" Company (Actives) and Recruits, Dress, Drill Order.
Monday 19th, 7 to 8 a.m., Reserves, Dress, Drill Order.
Tuesday 20th, 7 to 8 a.m., Recruits.
Wednesday 21st. 7 to 8 a.m., Recruits.
Friday 23rd, 7 to 9 a.m., "A" Company and "B" Company (Actives) and Recruits. Reserves Voluntary. Dress, Drill order, Grey Shirts.
1161 Musketry.—The Rifle Range will be allotted to companies for class firing when required. O. C. Companies should inform the Adjutant, when they wish to fire.
1162 Miniature Range.—The Miniature Range is allotted to the Miniature Rifle Club on Tuesday 20th, Tuesday 27th, and Friday 30th November, 1917, at 7 a.m., and 5 p.m., each day for the firing of matches 4, 5 and 6.
1163 Cycle Orderly.—N. C. O.s and men desirous of acting as despatch riders and cycle orderlies are requested to apply to the Adjutant in person from whom full particulars can be obtained.
Only those in possession of cycle need apply. Motor Cycles preferred.

PART II.

1164 Promotion.—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following acting promotion:—
No. 577 L/C. A. Mungavin, Kurduwadi Detachment, to be Actg. Corporal.
No. 682 Pte. D. F. Woods, Kurduwadi Detachment, to be Actg. L/Cpl.
1165 Leave.—The undermentioned are granted leave of absence for the period stated against their names:—
No. 739 Pte. T. F. Raven, B Company, from 15-11-17 to 31-12-17.
No. 216 Pte. F. G. H. Anderson, B Company, from 12-11-17 to 31-3-18.
No. 138 Pte. P. N. Hardcastle, B Company, from 12-11-17 to 22-11-17 M.
N. 515 Pte. F. St. J. Gebbie, B Company, from 18-11-17 to 31-5-18.
No. 536 Pte. H. S. H. Pilkington, B Company, from 14-11-17 to 5-12-17.
No. 198 Pte. R. L. Simpson, B Company, from 26-11-17 to 25-1-18.
1166 Decrease.—The undermentioned are struck off the strength of the Corps from this date:—
No. 248 Pte. F. H. Dracott, B Company, joined I. A. R. O.
No. 686 Pte. H. E. Jones, Jalgaon Dett., joined I. A. R. O.
1167 Promotion.—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following promotions with effect from the dates stated against their names:—
No. 3 A. Robertson, B Co., 7-7-17, Co. Q. M. Sergt.
No. 64 C. Mather, A Co., 7-8-17, Co. Q. M. Sergt.
No. 1 T. Dobson, A Co., 22-6-17, Co. Sergt.-Major.
No. 2 R. Master, A Co., 1-4-17, Sergeant.
No. 131 H. N. Merchant, B Co., 1-4-17, Sergt.
No. 136 W. E. Greenaway, B Co., 4-6-17, Sergt.
No. 107 H. F. Brisley, B Co., 4-6-17, Sergt.
No. 88 P. H. Antia, A Co., 1-4-17, Sergt.
No. 92 H. H. Tavaria, A Co., 7-8-17, Sergt.
No. 236 E. E. Coombs, B Co., 14-6-17, Sergt.
No. 81 L. M. Thompson, A Co., 7-8-17, Sergt.
No. 126 C. G. S. Edwards, B Co., 7-6-17, Cpl.
No. 137 F. R. Grenyer, B Co., 7-6-17, Corpl.
No. 6 R. S. Master, A Co., 7-8-17, Sergt.
No. 91 P. S. Writer, A Co., 1-4-17, Corpl.
No. 4 E. A. Taraporewalla, A Co., 1-4-17, Sergt.
No. 9 D. B. Doctor, A Co., 7-8-17, Corpl.
No. 80 H. G. D. Turnbull, B Co., 8-5-17, Corpl.
No. 27 V. Douglas, A Co., 7-8-17, Corpl.
No. 673 R. Sneddon, A Co., 8-9-17, Corpl.
No. 11 B. P. Surti, A Co., 7-8-17, Corpl.
No. 89 G. D. Dastur, B Co., 1-4-17, Corpl.
No. 218 N. Aaron, A Co., 7-8-17, Corpl.
No. 423 H. Hopwood, Sholapur Dett., 21-7-17, Sergt.
No. 386 C. B. Creeke, Sholapur Dett., 7-8-17, Corpl.
No. 383 H. V. Braham, Sholapur Dett., 1-4-17, Corpl.
No. 427 J. H. Garrett, Nagar Dett., 1-4-17, Sergt.
No. 433 G. W. Farrow, Nagar Dett., 1-4-17, Corpl.

(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY, Capt.,
Adjutant, Poona Rifles,
(Indian Defence Force).

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Regt., will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m., to-day.

BAND AT ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.

By kind permission of the Officers the Band of the 1st Battalion B. B. and C. I. Railway Rifles will play a programme of music under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott at the Esplanade bandstand to-day from 6 to 8 p.m. (S. T.).

DADAR STUDENTS' SOCIAL UNION.

The annual general meeting of the Union will be held to-morrow, at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.) in the premises of the Dadar English School.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

Mr. N. D. Kavi will conduct the weekly Divine Service in the local Prarthana Mandir on Sunday. All are cordially invited to be present.

ARYA SAMAJ.

A public meeting will be held at the Arya Samaj Hall, Kakadwadi, Girgaon, Bombay, to-morrow, at 6 p.m., (B. T.), when Swami Omkar Sachchidanandji will deliver a lecture on "Social Dinner."

HOME RULE VOLUNTEER CORPS,

The members of the Home Rule Volunteer Corps are invited to attend the annual gathering of the Bhatia Volunteer Corps to be held to-day, at 8 p.m. (B. T.), at the Sukhadvala Building, Hornby Road, Fort.

THEOSOPHICAL AND STUDY CLASS LECTURE.

Mr. K. J. B. Wadia will continue his study class at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (72, Apollo Street, Fort), on Sunday at 9-30 a.m., the subject being "Elementary Theosophy." The class is open to the public, and seats will be reserved for ladies.

HOME RULE LECTURE A THANA.

Under the auspices of the Home Rule League, Thana District, Branch. Mr. S. K. Damle, will deliver a lecture on "Home Rule" at Thana, to-morrow, at 5 p.m., in the open ground near Shenvi's Chawl. The lecture is open to the public.

YOUNG KHOJA BROTHERHOOD.

A meeting of the Debating Society will be held in the Brotherhood Hall, to-morrow, at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.), when Mr. M. C. Chagla, will propose that, "A poor man is happier than a rich man." Mr. A. T. Merchant, will oppose. Mr. Fazul Ebrahim Rahimtulla will preside.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

To-morrow, at 9 a.m. (S. T.) in the Prarthana Sumaj Hall, Mr. Mirza A. Akbar Khan, will give the opening address of the second term to the Bombay Students' Brotherhood. Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar, will preside. The lecture is open to the public.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION OF BOMBAY.

A meeting of the association will be held in the garden of the Secondary Training College behind the St. Xavier's College, on Monday, 19th instant, at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.), when Principal J. N. Fraser will give an ddress on "School Gardens."

RASHTRA SEVA SANGHA.

Under the auspices of the Rashtra Seva Sangha a public lecture in Marathi, will be delivered by Professor G. M. Chiplunkar, (of the Women's University, Poona) on "India in America" to-morrow, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), in the Deccan Merchant's Association Hall, Girgaon Back Road.

INDIAN ECONOMIC SOCIETY.

The Marathi Class in Economics will, as usual, meet under the auspices of the Indian Economic Society, to-morrow, at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.), at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon. It will be conducted by Mr. C. S. Deoel, Member, Servants of India Society.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Two attacks and two deaths occurred from plague yesterday, Mandvi and Fanaswadi, each reporting one attack and one death. There was one attack of small-pox. The total number of deaths from all causes was 89 as compared, with 66 of the corresponding day of last year and 84 of 1915.

RUN OVER BY A CART.

Dr. W. Nunan, the Coroner, held an inquest on the body of Akhbibai, a woman aged about 60. The deceased was knocked down by a labour cart while trying to cross in front of it with some pots on her head. The cart was going slowly. The jury returned a verdict of death from injuries sustained through her having been knocked down and run over by a labour cart.

RADIANT CLUB.

A farewell address and an "At Home" party will be given by the members of the Radiant Club to-morrow, at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.) in Vallab Terraces, Sandhurst Road, to Dr. V. R. Sanzgiri, the present President of the Club, who is proceeding to England to acquire higher knowledge in Medicine and Surgery.

GANESHA LODGE.

The 42nd anniversary of the Theosophical Society which was founded on November 17, 1875, will be celebrated by the Lodge at Vaidya Brothers' place (Bhai Jivanji Lane, Thakurdwar Road), to-day at 5 p.m. (S. T.), when Mr. G. B. Vaidya, will speak in Marathi on "The duty of a Theosophist." The meeting will be open to the public.

A DIWALI TRAGEDY.

Anusuyabai, a five year old, daughter of Rao Saheb A. K. Pai, was lighting coloured matches on the 13th instant, at her father's house in Kandewadi, when she set fire to her clothes accidentally. One of the servants went upstairs on hearing the girl cries, who was coming down the stairs with her clothes on fire. The flames were put out, and the child was taken to Dr. Bhajeker's hospital, where she died later.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY FOUNDATION DAY CELEBRATION.

The 42nd anniversary of the Foundation Day of the Theosophical Society will be celebrated jointly by the Blavatsky, the Dharmalaya and the Shri Krishna Lodges, at China Bag, Girgaum, to-day at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) when short speeches, suitable to the occasion, will be delivered. Members and sympathisers are all cordially invited to attend.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

The following students have been declared successful in the First-Aid examination of the St. John Ambulance Association from the class conducted by the A. H. V. Shabah on behalf of the Radiant Club Ambulance Branch:—
Messrs Jog H V; Deghe P G; Dalvi M K; Dhamanskar M V; Potdar G S; Deodhar Y L; Garwarkar D K; Joshi S V; Pradhan G R; Potdar A S; and Nene K G.

THE ISRAELITE LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the above Institution a public lecture on "Art in the Home" will be delivered by Prof. J. N. Fraser, at the Israelite High School, Mazagaon, to-morrow at 5 p.m., (S. T.), when Dr. A. S. Erulkar, will preside.
The Class for the study of Jewish History will be conducted this evening, at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.), in the Hall of the Brotherhood, 2nd Peerkhan Street, Byculla.
At to-morrow's weekly meeting of the Brotherhood Mr. Moses Ezekiel will deliver a public lecture on "A Day in Nature's Workshop" in the same Hall of the Brotherhood, at 10 a.m., (S. T.), Miss Rebecca Reuben, will preside.

A FATAL ALTERCATION.

Dr. W. Nunan held an inquest on the body of Ramchandra Gopal, aged about 21. It was stated that two Kamatis, Shanker Shipi and Shewker Shibappa, were quarrelling with a motor car driver, named Ravi Narayan, in the Bhandari Street, Null Bazaar. In their excitement the trio came on the road and Ravi, it was alleged, was thrown down. The deceased, who was the son of a tram inspector and lived close by, intervened and asked the men not to fight. Ravi Narayan, who was stated to be drunk at the time, got up from the road and stabbed Ramchandra on the left side of his chest with a penknife, when the latter fell and expired within a few minutes.
After identifying the body further inquiry was adjourned.

PROPOSED ARTS COLLEGE AT SURAT.

The Syndicate of the University of Bombay has now recommended to the Senate of the Unniversity the application of the Surat Sarvajanik Education Society for the affiliation of the proposed Arts' College at Surat subject to certain conditions the most important of them being that the Society should satisfy the Syndicate before April 1918 that the funds collected by the Society are sufficient to start and permanently maintain the college proposed to be opened at Surat in June 1918. A meeting of the citizens of Surat residing in Bombay and others taking interest in the cause of higher education is to be held to-morrow at 4-30 p.m., in the Zaverbai Hall of the Vanita Vishram, Sandhurst Road, to consider what steps should be taken to collect a further sum of about two lakhs before April 1918, for the College Fund, a sum of rupees one lakh and a half having already been subscribed to the fund.

A GOUD SARASWAT SOCIAL GATHERING.

A social gathering of 33, Goud Saraswat institutions in Bombay, maintained and managed by the different sects of the community was held on Tuesday. Of the institutions, seven were social clubs, four co-operative societies, ten educational bodies, three charity funds, two religious institutions, two cricket clubs and five literary circles. All the institutions were well represented and about 300 persons met in the hall of the Laximi Bag, Girgaon, under the presidency of Dr. J. S. Nerurkar. Mr. V. M. Dubhashe delivered a speech on "The part played by the Goud Saraswat Brahmins" and other speakers followed, who called upon the community to join hands, pointing out that a people who had a bright past need not despair, but should work to create an equally bright future. The president, pointed out the necessity of augmenting efforts in spreading enlightenment and of making provision for the education of every poor boy and girl in the community. The National Anthem brought the proceedings to a close. After light refreshments, the party dispersed.

KOLI DNYATI SABHA,

At a public meeting recently held at Parbha Devi, Dadar, under the presidency of Mr. Pandurang Babulji Mistri, members of the Koli Dnyati Sabha of Bombay passed resolutions giving its whole-hearted support to the resolution of Swaraj passed by the Indian National Congress and the Muslim League at Lucknow in 1916. The meeting also elected the following gentlemen to wait upon the Mr. Montagu in a deputation with a view to place before him the views of the Koli community of this Presidency:—
The Hon. Mr. Jinnah, Dr. D. D. Sathaye, Dr. M. B. Velkar, Mr. Shivaram Hausha Nakhwa, Mr. Narayan Ramchandra Nakhwa, Mr. Mahadeo Dharma Patel, Mr. Pedru Pawsha Patel, Mr. Pandurang Babulji Mistri and Mr. Phakir Deoo Master.
The Sabha has been affiliated to the Home Rule League and has been named the Koli Dnyati Sabha. It was also resolved in view of the fact that in point of population though the community stands third, it is educationally the most backward and hence, that Government be requested to make early arrangements for introducing primary and secondary education absolutely free of charge.

DAVID SASSOON REFORMATORY.

The Chairman and Members of the Managing Committee of the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution gave a treat to the boys on the afternoon of Thursday the 15th instant. The premises were nicely decorated for the occasion. The boys performed drill and gymnastic exercises and played a cricket match. They recited a number of songs containing prayers for the success of the British Arms.
The Chairman, Col. Lloyd Jones, then addressed a few words of advice to them, pointing out the several benefits derived by them from their stay in the institution and the parental care taken of them, and hoping that they would turn out law-abiding, useful and loyal citizens. He was glad to inform them that an Auxiliary Home was now opened which would give them shelter after their discharge till such time as they would be able to earn an independent livelihood. The Secretary, Rao Saheb K. R. Jayakar, interpreted the Chairman's remarks to the boys in their varnacular.
The boys then sang the National Anthem and gave three cheers to the King-Emperor and the Royal Family. They then partook of the sweetmeats provided.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

"OUR MUTUAL GIRL."

Cinema exhibitors will do well to glance over the big advertisement of Mr. H. C. Desai, film-renter, which appears in to-day's issue. Mr. Desai, who has much experience in this business, has brought over a good stock of film-features from Home, chief among which is "Our Mutual Girl," a serial which has created a good deal of interest wherever it has been shown. The leading character of "Our Mutual Girl" is Margaret, a country girl, who comes to New York and is introduced to the social world of the American capital by her fashionable aunt. Her country lover and the foreign adventurer who wishes to marry her are other characters who appear regularly in the serial. To these are added, as the story developes, many of the most famous men and women of the day whom Margaret meets in the course of her travels, and who consented to appear with the "Mutual Girl."
The adventures of "Our Mutual Girl" take her into all the most interesting places in America. The plot is cleverly combined with these scenes of public interest, and there is something doing all the time. The "Mutual Girl" also visits the famous and fashionable salons of New York, and other establishments well known to society. In each case exact replicas of the showrooms are shown, and costumes of the value of many thousands of pounds are worn in the film.

IMPERIAL.

A programme replete with excitement, interest and a gripping power of a rare order is offered this week by the Imperial. The last three instalments of "Patria" form the major portion of the Bill and needless to say, are the best of the whole series. People who have watched this serial must have noticed the extraordinary speed of action and beautiful photography. The last three episodes not only beat the previous ones, but will introduce the onlookers to an entirely new innovation in picture photography. The scenes of battle taken at night are not only wonderful but most realistic and will thrill the heart of even the most placid. Every detail of a modern battlefield is carefully worked out and one sees the war as it is waged in modern times. Trenches big guns, motors, aeroplanes, and even the tanks are all there and as a fitting finale one witnesses the triumph of Patria who, after having done so much to save her country, is contented with the mere thought that she did it all "For the Flag." The value of films like this can be easily realised, and the fact of America being on the side of the Allies is in no small measure due to the efforts of the cinema.
As a fitting opening to this splendid programme a very charming little film on "Droitwich"—England, is shown. Coloured by Pathe process, it represents the beauties of England as are rarely seen otherwise.
Pathe Gazette concludes this very interesting entertainment.

DR. NIKOLA AT NEW ALEXANDRA

"A Bid For Fortune" is the first of a series of fine films dealing with the widely read adventures of Dr. Nikola, the creation of the late Guy Boothby. This film version is to be screened from this evening at the above popular cinema. Dr. Nikola appeared almost immediately after the celebrated Sherlock Holmes series of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, and almost equalled the latter in popularity. It made the fortune of Guy Boothby, who at once jumped into the first rank of sensational story writers. We venture to express the opinion that the whole series, of which, as we have said, "A Bid For Fortune" is but the first, will prove a huge house-filling asset. It is engrossing, thrilling and exciting melodrama, but melodrama lifted to the higher stage by its artistry, settings and fine acting. To those who have read this particular Nikola incident it will appeal strongly by its adherence to "the book." To others it will give a delightful melodramatic hour and a quarter, and it is not entirely the story that will satisfy. The acting of A. Harding Steerman shows a clear grasp and perception of the mysterious Dr. Nikola and needs no praise from us. Then we have Violet Graham as the charming Phyllis Wetherell. The trio of talent is completed by Sydney Vautier's role of Dick Hatteras. The atmosphere of mysticism that hung around the stories has been excellently retained in the film version. Even the artistic subtleties have been utilised to emphasise the mystic. Besides the story contains such lavishness of detail with the consequent rapid changes and ever-varying localities, that the air of mysticism never leaves the film. There are also excellent interior and exterior settings of Denham Hall, the seat of the Duke of Gabbraith. There is a lovers' interview in the Embankment Gardens, also views of the Houses of Parliament and Trafalgar Square, as regards London. In Port Said there are clever portrayals of native life in the bazaar and markets.

ELDORADO CINEMA.

The concluding chapters of the great mystery serial, "The Voice on the Wire," are to be presented this week at the Eldorado; and those who have followed the story so far, will not find their interest flag for a moment right upto the end. The finale of the fourteenth chapter will leave the spectator on the tip-toe of expectation to see how the whole affair will terminate; but he will have to wait just one week more—the solution of the mystery being left to the last and fifteenth episode.
Ben Wilson, in his character of expert criminologist, shows us just how a dectective character ought to be played. There is a total absence of theatrical make-up or any claptrap business about his work, yet he succeeds in keeping the attention of the audience rivetted upon him all the time. The programme is completed by Pathe's Gazette and a knock-about comic.

PALACE OF VARIETIES.

The attention of our readers may be drawn to the special performance the Gaiety artistes are giving at the Palace of Varieties on Monday next in aid of "Our Day" War Fund, under the patronage of Brigadier-General Knight. The present Gaiety artistes will be appearing in Monday's programme for the last time in Bombay. Patrons of the Palace of Varieties should make it a point not to miss the show and thus help to swell "Our Day" Fund.

INDIAN NEWSPAPERS CO., LTD.

The adjourned meeting of the shareholders of the above Company for the purpose of taking a poll on the resolution submitted at last Saturday's meeting, will be held on Monday next at 4 p.m.

CONGRESS AND MR. MONTAGU

REGRET AT INABILITY TO ATTEND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

Rai Baikuntha Nath Sen Bahadur, Chairman, Reception Committee of the Indian National Congress, has received the following telegram from the Home Secretary, Government of India:—"The Secretary of State thanks you for your telegram of welcome. He regrets that he cannot be present in Calcutta in Christmas week."

MONSTER PETITION TO MR. MONTAGU.

FIRST INSTALMENT OF SIGNATURES.

(From our Correspondent.)

POONA CITY, Nov. 16.

The Indian Home Rule League despatched the first instalment of the petitions signed by one lakh and thirty thousand persons to the Secretary of State for India, requesting him to grant Self-Government as outlined by the Congress-League Scheme.

CONGRESS-LEAGUE SCHEME.

MONSTER PETITION TO MR. MONTAGU

The Indian Home Rule League, Poona, has sent to the Rt. Hon. E. S. Montagu, Secretary of State for India, the first instalment of petitions signed by 130,000 persons requesting grant of the Congress-League scheme.

CONGRESS-LEAGUE DEPUTATION ON 26TH INST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 16.

The deputation of the United Provinces Chamber of Commerce will be received by the Secretary of State and the Viceroy on Tuesday, the 20th instant, and the deputation of the United Provinces Congress Committee will be received on Monday, the 26th instant, at 11-30 a. m. The Joint Deputation of the All-India Congress Committee and the Council of the All-India Moslem League and deputation of the Home Rule League for India will be received on the same day (Monday, Nov. 26), while the deputation of the All-India Hindu Sabha will be received on Thursday, 29th instant.

A FAREWELL ADDRESS TO SIR T. MESTON.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 16.

Before Sir James Meston left Allahabad an interesting ceremony took place at the Government Secretariat, when the clerks presented a farewell address to the Lieutenant-Governor. The function was attended by all the secretaries and under-secretaries to Government. His Honour was met by the registrars and superintendents of the office and shook hands with them. Mr. F. E. Lowe, Senior Registrar, read the address, which was presented in a beautiful silver stand. A handsome silver rose bowl was also presented, on the pedestal of which was an etching of the secretariat offices at Naini Tal. His Honour made a brief reply and again shook hands with the members of the Committee.

PREMIER AYURVEDIC PHYSICIAN HONOURED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Nov. 16.

A public meeting was held last evening to give a farewell to the premier Ayurvedic physician of Calcutta, Vaidyaratna Kaviraj Jogindranath Sen, and other physicians who came to Delhi in connection with the Ayurvedic deputation. Kaviraj Pandit Nibaran Chandra, of Delhi, eulogised the services of Vaidyaratna Kaviraj Jogindranath to the cause of Ayurveda and the renaissance of the system. Babu Hardeopershad dwelt on the many qualities of head and heart of the Kaviraj and thanked Vaidyaratna Jogindranath on behalf of the citizens of Delhi for the kindness he showed to them by waiting for a few days in Delhi, in order to visit the numerous patients and sufferers of the city, even after the Ayurvedic deputation was over. The Kaviraj was then garlanded amidst loud cheers. Vaidyaratna Kaviraj Jogindranath, in reply, alluded to the generosity of the Delhi public in giving him and other Kavirajas such a hearty reception and urged them to work in the cause of the ancient medical science.
Vaidyaratna Kaviraj Jogindranath Sen left Delhi last night with Kavirajas Nagendranath Sen and Sudhindranath Sen, who had gone on a professional call to Meerut. There was a large gathering at the railway station to see the party off.
At the invitation of Hon. Raf Bahadur Lala Bissumdhurnath and other Cawnpore friends, Vaidyaratna Kaviraj Jogindranath will break his journey at Cawnpore to see patients there and thence proceed to Calcutta.

CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

PARSI GYM. V. ISLAM GYM.

The following team has been selected to play for the Parsi Gymkhana against the Islam Gymkhana in the two days' match commencing to-day:

(1) Mr. S. M. Chothia, (Capt.)
(2) Mr. M. B. Vatcha.
(3) Mr. D. K. Kapadia.
(4) Mr. F. E. Kapadia.
(5) Mr. T. R. Parekh.
(6) Mr. M. D. Parekh.
(7) Mr. K. K. Irani.
(8) Dr. A. R. Driver.
(9) Mr. J. H. Elchidana.
(10) Mr. J. S. Elavia.
(11) Mr. H. J. Vajifdar.

Umpire: Mr. P. N. Polishwala.

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TABLE OF LEADING CONTENTS.

LEADING ARTICLES.	PAGE.
The Best form of Government	8
Kathiawar Mulsims in Conference	8
NOTES OF THE DAY	8
FOREIGN CABLES.	
The War	9
BOMBAY AND PROVINCIAL.	
Bombay Municipal Budget	13
Industrial Commission	10
The Independence of Press	13
Bombay Churches	11
Bombay Amusement	7
BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS	7
GENERAL NEWS.	
Burma Anglo-Indians	17
Future of Alsace-Lorrain	15
Worlds Debat to the Sailor	16
Cause List	14
LEGAL INTELLEGENCE	14
COMMERCIAL	6
THE WEATHER	12

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Saturday, November 17, 1917.

THE BEST FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

The name of Dr. V. H. Rutherford is not unknown in India. Dr. Rutherford visited this country some years ago, attended the Congress, and, during the regime of Lord Morley at the India Office, was one of the small band of vigilant friends of India in the Commons. For some years past Dr. Rutherford has been living in retirement and the moment and manner of his reappearance before the public is most opportune. While Mr. Montagu is in India to consider and discuss the character of reforms in Indian polity, it is most desirable that the education of the British democracy—which, through its representatives in Parliament, will ultimately make or mar, liberalise, or restrict the scope of the reform proposals that Mr. Montagu will place before it on his return to England in regard to the claims of India—must continuously and vigorously be pushed forward. The necessity of such education is the more urgent in view of the reactionary campaign of misrepresentation and intimidation that has been organised by the so-called Indo-British Association under the guidance of old fossils like Lord Sydenham to mislead the British public. In this work of education the help and co-operation of British friends of India is as welcome as it is bound to be most helpful. We therefore, welcome the fact that in the little book under the title of "Commonwealth or Empire" with which Dr. Rutherford comes out of his retirement, the most important place is given to the consideration of the Indian problem and its solution in a manner which bears ample evidence that a keen intellect has been surveying, with a detachment that is not always possible in the pre-occupation of public activities, the currents of world-movements through these three years of war and that a sturday liberalism has been brought to bear in indicating their irresistible tendencies.

It is often said that the principal object of this war is to destroy Prussian Militarism and Imperialism. Few people, however, seem to realise even faintly what this really means. Dr. Rutherford does well at the outset to emphasise the importance of defining these terms —Militarism and Imperialism. Militarism, he says, is applicable to the upholding of government by military force, and also to the policy of maintaining great standing armies and powerful navies. Imperialism embraces both the ambition to form an empire and also the policy of territorial expansion. The important truths that the war has brought home to democracies are, as Dr. Rutherford urges, first, that imperialism and militarism, as they are understood in Germany, are not only evils in themselves, but are fatal to the rights of peoples, and, second, that it is not only in Russia that the enemy must be met and defeated. The spirit of Prussian militarism and imperialism exits wherever it is not the people that rule the Government, but where a bureaucracy is the complete master of the people. Dr. Rutherford, therefore, insists that the claim that is put forward on behalf of the British people to evolve on their own lines must be extended to the peoples of all other countries, regardless of the forwardness or backwardness of their civilisation. Discussing the application of this to India in his chapter on "The Remedy for the Empire" he says:

> Can India play her proper part, a useful and glorious part, in human evolution, while in bondage to Britain? In refusing India freedom and self-government, is not England a great barrier to freedom and justice in the world? If India were under the iron heel of Prussia or Russia would not Britons be the first to cry out "intolerable iniquity!" "insufferable crime against liberty!" and in the event of India fighting for her freedom, would not Britons lend their aid, as they are now doing to free Belgium or Serbia? British government of India may be good of its kind, but "good government is no substitute for self-government," as Campbell-Bannerman wisely said. . . . The atmosphere of subjection is poisonous, crushing all that is virile and worthy, and fostering all that is vile and ignoble. I am prepared to please British imperialists by confessing that I think British over-rule is better than Prussian or Russian over-rule, but at the same time I must remind my countrymen that Britons have stooped to Prussian and Russian methods in the government of India

Not that Dr. Rutherford does not freely admit the high level of intelligence, morality and philanthropy which largely characterises the British rule in India, but with Sir John Seeley he is constrained to say:

> We have our misgivings that perhaps a genuine Asiatic government, and stil more, a national government, springing out of the Hindu population itself, might not in the long run be more beneficial because more congenial, though perhaps less civilised, than such a foreign unsympathetic government as our own.

These words were written in 1883 Yet in 1908 Lord Morley described Dr. Riutherford as an "impatient idealist" because he advocated in Parliament the extension of the bounds of liberty in India, though as Dr. Rutherford himself points our, "honest John" did acknowledge the rights of Indians to govern themselves by admitting them to the highr executive offices and enlarging the legislative councils. The "concessions" of Lord Morley, however, Dr. Rutherford regards as insufficient. Their insufficiency was revealed in a glaring degree by the war which also afforded a great opportunity for remedying it:

> Any statesman in England with a particle of the imagination and courage of Campbell-Bannerman would have applied liberalism to India and Egypt by granting full measures of self-government to these countries, and on that safe foundation would have raised vast Indian and Egyptian armies, which would have marched through Palestine and Mesopotamia to Constantinople.

That opportunity was missed. But that is a greater reason says Dr. Rutherford why British democracy must meet and brush aside all the subtle and unsubstantial and selfish arguments which our Prusian Imperialists invent for the purpose of postponing the liberation of India which that democrary must also realise, is "the greatest political prison in the world." Much capital is made of the imaginary apprehension that the present bureaucratic form of Government stands between the masses and internal chaos. To this Mr. Lloyd George gave the best reply when he said that "a free people are the best defenders of their own home," and, as Dr. Rutherford urges, responsible government and common national aims have a magic curative effect upon racial and religious disorders. How is India's desire for freedom to be satisfied? The form which Indian self-government must take, Dr. Rutherford contends, must be determined by the people themselves and, he notes it as a hopeful fact, that the trend of opinion is in favour of responsible parliamentary government, "which, so far, has proved the best form of government evolved in human experience." But, at all events, to deny or even to delay self-government, Dr. Rutherford concludes, will be atal.

KATHIAWAR MUSLIMS IN CONFERENCE.

It has been said that this is an age of conferences. The description connotes a deeper meaning than lies on the surface. In other words, this is an age of collective thought and collective action. The spirit of unity and healtyh emulation have come to be recognised as more useful than separatist tendencies and individual jealosies. The Mahomedans of Kathiawar, though very late in the day, have so far overcome their sectional jealousies and personal likes and dislikes as to meet annually in a Conference, think over the present shortcomings and lay down a course of action not only to make good past losses but to discover a readier path to positive gains. The Kathiawar Musalmans have remained poor and illiterate in more marked a degree than their co-religionists in other parts of the country. There are a few wealthy Shethias, indeed, among the Memons, but the wealth of a limited few does not make up for the poverty of the immense majority. This poverty of the community as a whole has kept them sadly in ignorance for decades past. Poverty of one kind begets poverty of other kinds and they have remained poor intellectually as well as materially. The comparatively rapid progress of their Hindu bretheren, all over Kathiawar and the rest of India has now, fortunately, roused them from a heavy slumber and they have become alive to the sense of their backwardness and the resulting loss. They have seen that the lack of education is at the root of their present backwardness and have earnestly set to work for the intellectual salvation of their community. And, as the reports showed, this year's session of the Kathiawar Muslim Educational Conference in Rajkot was a complete success. There still seem to be differences of opinion among the Kathiawar Muslems as to the desirability of such a Conference, but such differences, as Mr. Gulam Mohamed Munshi said in his opening speech, must invariably be welcomed, if they lead to some constructive suggestion for the common cause. As to factious opposition or personal grievances, if any, they may be expected to disappear as work developes, while the patriotic sense of honest and earnest workers will be able readily to conciliate reasoned opposition and thus pave the path of smooth and rapid progress. The liberal education of such an orthodox community as the Mahomedans of Kathiawar is really an immense task but a small beginning has been made and Rs. 14,000 have been subscribed for the opening of a boarding-house for Musalman boys in Rajkot. In his presidential address the President of the Conference pointed out the crying necessity of overhauling the present series of the Gujarati text books and so recasting them as to meet the Mahomedan needs—both sacred and secular. Mr. Abrehany, the Inspector of Mahomedan schools under the auspices of the Kathiawar Muslim Association, has, in his inspection report, emphasized the same point.

From many points of view the most important resolution passed by the Conference was that which laid special stress on the importance of female education, since it has been universally recognized as one if the indispensable and sure means of the communal upliftment. The wealthy members of the community have been appealed to to render every pecuniary aid to the deserving cause. But no beneficent activity on the part of the Kathiawar Mahomedans has any chance of success without the good-will and active sympathy of the chiefs of Kathiawar. The Mahomedans, as their subjects, have an equally strong claim on their liberality with their Hindu co-subjects. The generosity of the Rajput Rulers of Kathiawar is proverbial and the Mahomedans of Kathiawar will not be denied all the support they so sorely need. The Kathiawar Muslim Educational Conference was brought into existence only last year, and the local Mahomedans have evinced enthusiastic interest in making it a success. The movement owes its origin to the efforts of Mr. Gulam Mahomed Munshi who has been ably supported by Mr. Abrehany. In the fulness of time the activities of the Kathiawar Muslim Educational Association may be expected to extend and develop and heavier sacrifices—both of time and money—will be required of the younger members of the community to secure the real object for which it has been started.

Notes of the Day.

Labour and the Next Election.

An interesting statement has recently been issued regarding the intentions of the Labour Party at the next general election. Hitherto Labour has been extraordinarily successful in proportion to the number of seats it has contested, but these in the total have been few in proportion to the number of constituencies. At the next election it is the intention to put forward a very much larger number of candidates and to concentrate them, of course, on the constituencies that are the most likely to be influenced by the Labour vote. Mr. Carter, the Secretary of the Notts Miners' Association, who is himself a candidate for the Mansfield Division, stated at a meeting recently that the Labour Party would put forward no less than three hundred candidates at the next election.

"The Labour Party," he said, at a meeting on September 24, "was now propounding a scheme which would come as a great shock to the other political parties, their intention being to give the workers of the country an opportunity to vote for Labour men at the next election, when they hoped to have 300 candidates in the field. Mr. Arthur Henderson had promised to give the whole of his time to propaganda work, and would go up and down the country explaining the scheme."

It is no secret that Labour is much better organised and is better supplied with funds for electioneering purposes than has ever been the case before.

A Farce at Bankipore.

We published a telegram yesterday from Bankipore reporting the termination of a case before a special tribunal there in which Mr. Ashesh Banerjee, a press correspondent, was charged under the regulations of the Defence of India Act with spreading false reports regarding the Shahabad disturbances. We confess to being entirely at a loss to understand how this particular case could come within the purview even of the all-embracing Defence of India Act. Since this is an instance in which it would be extremely difficult to set up any connection between the offence alleged to have been committed and the war or conspiracies to subvert the Government. However in the excitement of the moment Mr. Banerjee was arrested and interned, and, since the arrest had to be justified, all the paraphernalia of a special tribunal was set in motion and a solemn state trial commenced over this trumpery affair. Then a solemn farce was enacted. Mr. Banerjee, evidently alarmed by all this terrific procedure, seems to have come to the conclusion that anything was worth doing for a peaceful life, and was induced to admit the falsity of the reports which he said he had no time to verify, to express his regret for having telegraphed them to Calcutta, to have undertaken not to send any more telegrams, to leave Behar if the Government wished, and, apparently, to do anything else that would oblige them and save him from further trouble.

The Responsibilities of a Journalist.

The unfortunate press correspondent was not allowed to go, of course, until advantage had been taken, as is usual on these occasions, by the President of the Tribunal to read him a solemn lecture. "We hope," said the worthy functionary, "that you will ever be grateful to Government for this merciful action and that in future you will realise the responsibilities of a journalist. Your telegram in question shows that you had no realisation of those responsibilities." Having known Mr. Ashesh Banerjee for some years as a conscientious and able journalist,—he was at one time a reporter on the "Bombay Gazette" and afterwards on the "Bombay Chronicle",—we beg leave to differ from this pontifical pronouncement, which is totally unjustified by the occurrence of an incident of this character at a time of considerable excitement. The most responsible journalist is liable to err at times and the occasion may be blameable, but to base upon a solitary incident a charge that a man does not realise the responsibilities of his profession is idiotic. Reuter's telegrams showing how reports,—received from responsible sources presumably,—are flatly contradicted day after day, are a sufficient indication that it is very difficult at certain times for any journalist not to err occasionally in dealing with the news regarding any sort of popular disturbances. There is a distinction between the deliberate dissemination or concoction of false rumours and the reporting of statements which are current but which may turn out afterwards to be unfounded.—such statements as we get, for instance, day after day regarding the situation in Petrograd or Italian cabinet crises, etc.

Final Act of the Farce.

An amusing *finale* to the affair is the discovery by the "Pioneer" that it "well illustrates" the "utter lack of any sense of responsibility displayed by so many Indian journalists in the practice of their profession" which is "by no means the least important of the reasons which may be urged in support of the Press Act and the Defence of India Act." If this sort of thing is to justify a repressive measure like the Press Act, then one would like to know why they do not have press acts of this kind in Great Britain, the United States of America and other well-governed civilised countries, seeing that the Indian journalist is a very poor sort of entrepreneur in news that subsequently turns out to be untrue, compared with his confrere in these countries, where they get on without such acts. And for that matter the "Pioneer" provides a very good argument for the enactment of a special measure of repression for itself and other journals of its peculiar colour in this country, which are adepts at misrepresenting facts and dishing up any sort of ridiculous, mischievous and incredible reports if they happen to serve the purpose of the moment. The other day the Allahabad journal published a grossly untrue statement regarding the editorship of this journal. It must know by this time that it is untrue, but it has not troubled to contradict it.

Petrograd in Flames.

There is an ominous break in the news from Russia, which, however, may be taken to mean that the struggle for supremacy is still in progress and the issue still in doubt. The only message, which comes by a round-a-about route, is to the effect that Petrograd is in flames, but it is not without probability that we shall be told to-morrow that the flames proceeded from somewhere else, or that the report has no foundation at all, by way of keeping up the reputation for reliability of the news that comes from Petrograd, or purports to do so. If Petrograd is in flames, however, it suggests that Kerensky's troops have fought their way into the capital and that the Maximalists have thereupon carried out their threat of bombarding the capital from the warships in the Neva. We shall continue to retain our confidence in the power of M. Kerensky and his supporters to gain the day in Russia, even if they are unsuccessful in gaining Petrograd. There is plenty of justification for believing that the Maximalists' strength is chiefly confined to the Metropolis and that they have no great following in the provinces, despite the alluring proclamations of Lenin and his fellow-leaders.

Official and Personal.

It is officially announced that Sir John Anderson, Governor of Ceylon, has definitely decided to leave Ceylon as soon as his health will permit. He was medically advised to leave last September.

H. E. Sir Dawood Khan, K.C.M.G., Moftah-os-Sultaneh, Consul-General for Persia in India, arrived in Bombay from Delhi on Wednesday, the 14th instant, and is putting up in the Taj Mahal Hotel.

ANARCHY IN RUSSIA.

DAYLIGHT ASSASSINATIONS.

MORE BLOODSHED FEARED.

PETROGRAD REPORTED TO BE IN FLAMES

POLITICAL SITUATION STILL OBSCURE.

No light is thrown on the Russian situation. The reports of travellers agree that West Russia at least is in a state of anarchy and bloodshed. A message from Petrograd on the 13th instant, says that Kerensky remains uncompromising, while the Socialists are trying to set up a Government pledged to peace and the confiscation of landed property.

The pressure of the Enemy on the Italian Front is acute in some sectors; in one place the Italians repulsed a heavy attack. The situation is still one of peril as a message specially warns us that till Anglo-French aid comes, the fate of Italy remains in her own hands.

In the West there is little to report.

The retreat of the Turks before General Allenby continues. From Ashdod the British have marched north-east threatening Ramleh, the headquarters of the Turks, where the railroad opens to Jaffa on one side and Jerusalem on the other. A British destroyer and a monitor have been sunk during the operations, causing loss of life.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 12.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Nov. 16.

A telegram from Stockholm says that travellers arriving last night from Swedish and Finnish frontiers, report that the general impression in Russia is that there will be much bloodshed. The better class of Petrograd people are afraid to appear in the streets, only extremist soldiers being seen.

There is a hopeless situation in Finland. Anarchy is increasing and there are frequent assassinations by extremists in broad daylight.

PETROGRAD REPORTED TO BE IN FLAMES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
STOCKHOLM, Nov. 15.
Recd. 8 p.m., Nov. 16.

2-15 p.m.—Travellers who have arrived at Haparanda from Finland bring a rumour that Petrograd is in flames.

RUSSIAN SITUATION STILL OBSCURE.

REPORT OF WHOLESALE ANARCHY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 9 p.m., Nov. 16.

7-10 p.m.—All news regarding the situation in Russia is coming via Sweden from the Finnish frontier and must be accepted with reserve. This applies equally to vague reports and statements emanating from apparently sound and authoritative sources such as the Scandinavian consulates or Russian officials abroad. The latest rumours from the Finnish frontier include reports of wholesale anarchy in the provinces, of two thousand people killed in Moscow and veritable pogroms in Kieff, Voronesh, and other towns.

JAPAN AND CHINA.

INTERPELLATION IN COMMONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 14.
Recd. 1-35 p.m. Nov. 16.

In the House of Commons Mr. King asked whether the recognition by the United States that Japan had special interest in China implied that Japan's right to concessions and commercial interests in China was superior to that of the other Allies and if so had Britain recognised the special interest of Japan in China.

Mr. Balfour relpied, "It is not the function of the British Government to interpret what is implied or not implied in an agreement signed by friendly Foreign Powers. Regarding the last part of the question there has been no recent change in the attitude of British Government."

JAPAN-AMERICAN AGREEMENT.

U. S. GOVERNMENT'S VIEW OF CHINESE PROTEST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.
Recd. 1-35 p.m. Nov. 16.

The Government regards the Chinese protest against the Japan-American agreement as in the nature of a declaration of principle not necessitating any reply by the United States as China has merely declared that she does not regard as binding upon herself agreements between other nations.

ANARCHY IN RUSSIA.

BRITISH COMMAND APPROACH TO JERUSALEM.

OFFENSIVE IN FLANDERS.

VIOLENT BATTLE IN PASSCHENDAELE AREA.

SPLENDID BRITISH ARTILLERY WORK.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 8-30 a.m. Nov. 16.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters wiring to-day says an extremely violent artillery battle rages in the Passchendaele area.

The enemy has been shelling for two days with the utmost violence the advanced lines of the Canadians, but if German shelling is heavy ours is heavier. Wounded Canadians speak of our artillery work with the greatest admiration and say that whenever there has been a threat of enemy infantry attack our barrage has settled down like a curtain so sweeping the ground that no infantry could live.

Moreover, under the volume of our counter-battery work the German gun positions are growing more and more difficult to maintain.

FIGHTING ON BRITISH FRONT.

ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 2-55 p.m. Nov. 16.

A British communiqué says:—Early this morning the enemy bombarded the positions northward of Menin road and his infantry shortly afterwards attempted to advance. Our fire successfully repulsed the attack.

Another party endeavoured to approach north-eastward of Passchendaele but was also driven off. Hostile artillery again showed great activity in the neighbourhood of Passchendaele, also north and south.

FRENCH AERIAL ACTIVITY.

4 ENEMY AEROPLANES BROUGHT DOWN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 8-10 a.m., Nov. 16.

A French communiqué says four enemy aeroplanes were brought down and four fell out of control in their own lines.

Our aeroplanes heavily bombed the enemy depots and cantonments in the region of Mulhouse.

German aeroplanes bombed the region of Calais on Tuesday night. There were a number of civilian victims.

FRENCH REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 2-55 p.m. Nov. 16.

A French communiqué says there was a violent artillery duel north of Bray-en-Laonnais and on the right of the Meuse.

BRITISH ARMIES ON ALL FRONTS.

CAPTURE 166,000 PRISONERS AND 800 GUNS SINCE THE WAR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 8-10 a.m. Nov. 16.

In the House of Commons Mr. Foster stated that since the war British armies on all fronts had taken 166,000 prisoners and over eight hundred guns, of which 101,534 prisoners and 519 guns had been taken on the Western front since 1st. July 1916.

Since this date the British armies in all theatres had conquered or reconquered approximately 128,000 square miles and had also taken 30,197 prisoners and 186 guns from the Turks. The returns from Palestine were still incomplete.

THE STRAITS LOAN CLOSED.

HANDSOME WAR CONTRIBUTIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
SINGAPORE, Nov. 15.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Nov. 16.

The Colonial loan has closed, the subscriptions totalling forty-one million dollars On the motion of the Sultan of Perak the proposal that the Malay States contribute an additional half a million sterling to the Imperial war expenditure was carried. A further ten thousand will be given to the Belgian Red Cross fund and five thousand each to the Montenegrin, Roumanian and Serbian Red Cross societies.

ITALIAN SITUATION.

MONTE LONGAPA ABANDONED.

STUBBORN RESISTANCE BY REARGUARD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 2-55 p.m. Nov. 16.

An Italian semi-official statement says, after a lengthy resistance enabling troops on the Asiago plateau to complete their movements, Monte Longara was abandoned. The Italian rearguard stubbornly resisted furious onslaughts for four days and on the tenth put out of action eight enemy battalions who had momentarily captured the Gallio and Mount Ferragh. After that five fresh battalions were brought up and repeatedly repulsed counter-attacks and Longara was not evacuated until new lines of the main army were completed.

At the same time rearguards in Val Sugana and mounted troops near Fetre rejoined the main line after stripping all forts north and north-west of Arsie including the forts which the enemy claimed to have stormed.

The enemy continues attempts on the Piave. Detachments which crossed near Sandona and Intestadura were driven back into the river. The zone occupied by important enemy detachments at Zenson is being continually reduced.

The enemy reached an islet north of the Piave bridge and on the right bank near the mouth of the Grisolera river where thick vegetation and high banks assisted the concealment. The defenders, however, checked the advance of these detachments.

ENEMY PRESSURE ON ITALIAN FRONT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 2-55 p.m. Nov. 16.

Reuter's correspondent at the Italian Headquarters in a message dated yesterday says, the enemy is attempting to squeeze the Italians in the pincers one end pressing from the Asiago Plateau and other upon the mouth of the Piave.

ITALIANS FOILING ENEMY PLANS.

HUGE ENEMY LOSSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 2-55 p.m. Nov. 16.

It is estimated that in the fighting described in to-night's semi-official statement that the enemy losses were twenty to one Italian. It is recalled that the Austrian present attempts to the debouch into the valleys leading to Vicenza are similar to the attempts frustrated in May 1916. So far the Italian resistance is foiling enemy plans.

ITALIANS REPULSE ENEMY ATTACKS.

FAILURE OF ATTEMPTS TO CROSS PIAVE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 8-10 a.m., Nov. 16.

An Italian communiqué says the enemy intensified his action on our mountainous front from the Asiago to the Piave valley. We effectively resisted on Tuesday night attacks on the front through Mount Sisemol, Meletta and Davanti.

His attacks further north yesterday and towards the front through Brenta, and Cismon were repulsed. Further attacks between Cismon and the Piave and at Mount Roncone were repulsed. We withdrew our advanced posts on Mount Tomatico.

Fresh attempts to cross the Piave failed. Units which had already crossed are being held in the Zenson loop in marshes between the Piave and the Vecchia Piave.

NEED FOR ADEQUATE ARTILLERY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 12.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Nov. 16.

Reuter's correspondent at the Italian Headquarters, wiring last night, emphasises that mere numbers are not sufficient to stop the Austrians and Germans, but adequate artillery is essential.

CONFERENCE OF ENEMY MONARCHS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, Nov. 12.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Nov. 16.

The Kaiser has conferred with Emperor Karl and Tsar Ferdinand on the Italian front.

PROGRESS NORTH OF ASCALON.

MAGNIFICENT DASH OF TROOPS.

TURKS RETREATING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 14.
Recd. 9 p.m., Nov. 16.

General Allenby reports:—The Turks attempted to take up a new position twelve miles north of Ascalon, but were driven after stiff fighting five miles to Wadisurar, eight miles south of Jaffa. Our troops showing magnificent dash, captured the strongly entrenched posts of Mesmiyeh Katrah and Mughar, and hold the line of Eltineh through Katrah and Yebna to the sea. One mounted division alone took 1,100 prisoners, fourteen machine-guns and two guns.

GEN. ALLENBY PURSUES TURKS TO KEDRON.

1100 PRISONERS TAKEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 14.
Recd. 8 p.m., Nov. 16.

General Allenby has driven the enemy seven miles northward to Kedron, which covers the Jaffa-Ramleh-Jerusalem Railway, taking eleven hundred prisoners and several guns.

THE SCOTTISH CAPTURE BURKAH RIDGE.

APPROACH TO TURKISH HEADQUARTERS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 9 p.m., Nov. 16.

Wiring on 13th instant, Reuter's correspondent at the Egyptian Headquarters said:—Since yesterday there has been severe fighting on Wadysukarir, the enemy rearguards resisting desperately. The Scottish captured the Burkah Ridge, but the Turkish vigorously counter-attacked and regained some ground which the Scottish immediately recovered. A further vicious counter-attack was repulsed with heavy loss. Since this morning fighting has been general along a considerable front.

We have advanced to a point seven miles from Ramleh, which is the Turkish Headquarters and the centre of their positions. Our left crossed Wadykudin and occupied the important hamlet of Yebna and also Kubeibah, and our right and centre, despite stubborn resistance, gained considerable ground. Everybody worked like a Trojan impressed with the necessity of striking again before the enemy had reorganised or extensively entrenched. The captured guns total ninety. The inhabitants of Gaza, whom the Turks removed, are being settled in Asia Minor to replace the massacred inhabitants of the Armenian villages.

WE COMMAND APPROACH TO JERUSALEM.

1500 TURK PRISONERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Nov. 16.

A Palestine communiqué says:—General Allenby reports that infantry and mounted troops continue to advance. We now hold the railway line near Nsaneh and Mansuroh, including the Beersheba-Damascus railway with the line to Jerusalem. We inflicted heavy losses on Tuesday and buried four hundred at Katroh alone. We took 1,500 prisoners that day, four guns and twenty machine-guns.

BRITISH DESTROYER AND MONITOR SUNK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 14.
Recd. 9 p.m., Nov. 16.

A submarine has sunk a British destroyer and a small monitor, which were co-operating with the Army in Palestine. Seven men are missing from the destroyer and twenty-six from the monitor.

ALLIED OFFENSIVE IN ALL THEATRES.

GEN. MAURICE'S REVIEW.

VICTORIOUS CAMPAIGN IN PALESTINE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 14.
Recd. 8 p.m., Nov. 16.

In the course of his weekly review, General Maurice said that the enemy in Flanders was now adopting the method of counter-attacking as quickly as possible, after our advances, but this, like his other defensive plans, was failing. Developments in the eastern theatres were of great interest. It must be remembered that von Falkenhayn had gone to Turkey with his headquarters at Aleppo and he was advertising great preparations for the recapture of Bagdad. The keynote of our operations was the defeat of that enterprise. General Maude was now in a position to hit on the right, left or centre as he desired. By driving the Turks back to Wekrit he had destroyed the enemy's preparations for advance on Bagdad. The enemy had two divisions and had been forced to fall back fifty miles. General Maude was now returning to his original position after having destroyed enemy material, etc.

The forces opposing General Allenby has lost half their effectives. Reinforcements could only come from Aleppo. Thus it was easy to see the connection between General Maude's and General Allenby's operations.

PROBLEM OF ITALY.

The Allies' main problem was Italy. If the Piave could not be held the situation would be extremely critical. Everything depended on Italy's ability to hold on till reinforcements arrived. The British and French could not arrive at the front for some days. Apart from the fact that the present Italian line covered Venice, it was shorter than any line behind would be. The enemy had hitherto not crossed the Piave in great force. General Maurice added that it was indisputable that the Germans opposed to the Italians at the opening of the present offensive consisted of three dvisions in front and three in support.

NEXT IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

QUESTIN IN COMMONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 8-10 a.m. Nov. 16.

In the House of Commons Mr. Norton Griffiths asked whether in view of the fact that so many changes had occurred in the aspect of the war since the last. Imperial Conference, the Prime Minister would consider the advisability of summoning a conference to take place during next three months.

Mr. Bonar Law said the suggestion was impracticable owing to the difficulties in the way of the Prime Minister's getting here, but the Government fully realised the importance of keeping in the closest touch with the Dominions and they would be guided by them in deciding the time for the next conference.

PORTUGAL AND HER COLONIES.

BRITAIN TO DEFEND AGAINST ENEMIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 8-10 a.m., Nov. 16.

In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Owen Phillips who drew attention to the disquietude in Portugal owing to the Labour Party's proposals to internationalise Central Africa, Lord Robert Cecil emphasised that the Government had not and could not have any responsibility for proposals designed to deprive Portugal of any of her colonies. Britain promised to defend and protect the Portuguese colonies against all enemies.

BRAZIL REPRISAL BILL.

CHAMBER PASSES FIRST READING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 16.
Recd. 2-55 p.m. Nov. 16.

The Reprisal Bill has been adopted authorising the Government to cancel contracts with enemy subjects, to intern suspects and revise concessions of land to colonists.

The Chamber of Deputies has passed the first reading of the Bill authorising the despatch to Brazil of the French military mission for the Brazilian army and of the British or the United States mission for the Navy.

LATEST CABLES.

RUSSIAN SOCIALISTS WANT SOCIALIST GOVERNMENT.

KERENSKY'S REPLY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 1-15 a.m., Nov. 17.

A telegram from Petrograd, dated 13th instant, says that Socialist leaders are negotiating with the Bolsheviks for the establishment of a Socialist Government with a programme of the rapid conclusion of peace and the delivery of all land to Land Committees and the summoning of Constituent Assembly. The Bolsheviks insist on representation in the Government which has been refused, and they decline to armistice unless this is reconsidered.

M. Kerensky's forces are concentrated close to Petrograd. Socialist leaders are negotiating upon the following terms:—Disarmament of the Red Guards, control of the Petrograd garrison to be transferred to the Municipality, military operations to cease, guarantee that M. Kerensky's army on entering Petrograd would not fire and would abstain from house to house searches and arrests. M. Kerensky has issued a proclamation guaranteeing the clearing out of Bolsheviks and the transference of power to an organisation comprising the Preliminary Parliament and the Committee for safeguarding the revolution. Heavy fighting is reported from Kieff, aeroplanes participating on both sides. Casualties have been numerous. The armistice in Moscow has expired.

LORD NORTHCLIFFE DECLINES OFFICE.

EULOGY OF AMERICAN ENERGY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 16.
Recd. 1-15 a.m., Nov. 17.

Lord Northcliffe has sent a letter to Mr. Lloyd George declining the invitation to take charge of the new Air Ministry. He says that on returning from the virile atmosphere of the United States and Canada, he finds holding office those who are dallying with most urgent questions like the unity of war control, the eradication of sedition, the mobilisation of man-power, and compulsory rationing. He finds that the censorship is being misused and men in various positions of authority who should have been punished, have been retained and some even elevated. On the contrary he pays a tribute to the splendid spirit of people of Britain and to the army as the most efficient in the world and General Haig as one of the greatest generals. He mentions that his mission to the United States comprised five hundred officials with ten thousand assistants, whose work should have been better known. Unless there is swift improvement in our methods, the United States will take into its own hands the entire management of the great part of the war.

SUPPRESSION OF PEACE PROPAGANDA.

SURREPTITIOUS LEAFLETS IN ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 9 p.m., Nov. 16.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Butcher asked:—Are Government taking steps to deal with the propaganda in favour of a premature peace?

Sir George Cave replied that Government's power had been freely used. Many thousands of pacifist leaflets had been seized and destroyed, and prosecution had been ordered in some cases but in many cases pamphlets had not been brought to the notice of the police until they had been partly distributed and frequently they did not bear the name of the printer as they were legally required to do. The penalty for the omission was inadequate and therefore it was proposed to make a new regulation requiring every leaflet dealing with war or peace to bear the name and address of the author and printer, and to be submitted to the Press Bureau.

Replying to questions regarding alleged Bolsism in Great Britain, Sir George Cave said that the police were investigating. Obviously the description of the inquiry at present would only assist the enemy.

DISABLED DOMINION OFFIECRS

PROVISION OF SCHOLARSHIPS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Recd. 8-10 a.m. Nov. 16.

Reuter learns that a proposal has been submitted to the Dominion Governments regarding the provision of scholarships by which disabled naval and military officers and men from the Dominions and colonies may be afforded facilities to undergo special one year courses of study at universities and schools of technology before returning to their homes.

The Rhodes Trustees meanwhile are generously providing a number of such scholarships. The Executive Committee of the Kitchener National Memorial Fund is also prepared to finance twenty scholarships which are estimated to require from one hundred and fifty to two hundred and fifty pounds as amply covering, all expenses including tuition and living costs.

Scholarship nominations will be placed at the disposal of the Dominion authorities and the Crown Agents of the Colonies.

Some scholars are already in residence at Oxford and Cambridge.

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

STANDING BODY OF CONSULTING EXPERTS.

SUGGESTED BY MR. WADIA.

The Indian Industrial Commission resumed its sittings to-day at the Council Hall, Sir Thomas Holland presiding. Mr. D. R. MacIntosh, Chief Inspector of Steam Boilers and Prime Movers, Bombay Presidency, was the first witness examined. The witness stated there was a want of uniformity in the standard of examinations for mechanical engineers held in various provinces. Measures should be adopted to make the tests uniform and to make a certificate obtained in one province valid in all. So far as India and Burma were concerned the inter-provincial exchange of certificate should be done away with and be replaced by a certificate that would be valid anywhere in these countries. To obtain the desired uniformity of standard in examinations and certificates, the witness could not suggest a better system than that followed by the Marine Department of the Board of Trade at Home, whose rules relating to the design and inspection of boilers and to the examination of engineers have been the model for all Boiler Inspection Acts in India. A marine engineer's certificate issued by the Board of Trade holds good in all the ports of the United Kingdom, Colonies and India and is accepted in exchange in all the provinces of this country having certificates for boiler purposes. The witness then proceeded to describe the Board of Trade system of examining marine engineers. Witness compared it with the system of examinations in India and suggested that the most suitable system of examinations for India would be to have a Chief Examiner under the Imperial Government, whose duty would be to direct the examination in the various provinces, set and decide all the written parts of the examinations and check the examiner's work. This would give the necessary uniformity and high class work that no other system could and at the same time remove so far as it is possible to remove, any suspicion of favouritism or unfairness in individual examiners, before providing a wholesome check on them. The Chief Examiner would also satisfy himself of the fitness of an examiner by being present at the first examination conducted by such examiner, as is done by the Board of Trade and would pay unexpected visits to the various centres during examinations as he might think fit.

NEED OF UNIFORMITY IN DESIGN.

After elaborating the details of his scheme of central examinations, the witness invited the attention of the Commission to the need for uniformity in design and construction of boilers. To secure such uniformity and continue the practice, the witness thought there must be central control. There should be one officer who might combine the duties of Inspector-General of Boilers and Chief Examiner of Engineers, with necessary assistance under the Imperial Government, whose duty it would be to check the work of the inspectors in the various districts and maintain a uniformity in the assignment of pressures to boilers and in the requirements regarding their materials, design and construction. This was the system adopted by the Board of Trade, Lloyd's Register of Shipping and all Marine Insurance and Boiler Insurance Companies at Home, and which on a smaller scale is giving satisfactory results in the Bombay Presidency. The witness, therefore, proposed that the technical rules relating to the Boiler Act in Bombay, which have lately been revised and brought up to date, should be followed throughout India.

Replying to Sir Thomas Holland, the witness said that he could not think of any way in which the establishment of a central examination board as he had suggested would interfere with the privileges of the various Local Governments.

Replying to Sir R. N. Mukerjee, the witness said that a certain fee was charged from the candidates who go up for the Boilers Act Examination.

Replying to Mr. Chatterton, the witness said that there was at present no practical examination for the Boiler Act but only a test in fitting up boilers.

At this stage the Commission adjourned for lunch.

MR. J. A. WADIA.

Mr. J. A. Wadia, who was next examined, in his evidence said although the spinning and weaving industry had been well established in India generally and in Bombay in particular there was a great want of knowledge on the part of most of the agents and directors, who had no practical knowledge and it was not easy to get the right sort of expert advise. He believed even now it was absolutely necessary to have official experts in spinning, weaving, dyeing and bleaching, to whom agents and directors might turn for advice and guidance. In the selection of machinery even, they were often hard hit, and several representatives of various machine makers, who were only too eager to push their wares, would let them in. One might take years to know where and how to buy machinery. He, therefore, thought that official experts were absolutely necesary to save time and money. If it was said that experience should be bought like everything else, by the time one got it his small capital might disappear, and he might be left with the experience but without the capital, and both were essential for the success of any industry. There had been always a dearth of skilled labour, and they had to import carders, spinners, weavers, etc., from Lancashire. Nearly half of them, even when carefully selected in Lancashire, had proved failures. Some had been found incompetent, some, if competent, not sober.

MILL LABOUR IN BOMBAY.

They had now in Bombay a fair supply of Indian skilled labour of this nature, but this supply was extremely limited and the mill agents took very little trouble to train such labour. A mill agent was generally anxious to see his concern thrive, but in the prosperity of industry or of the country as a whole he hardly took much interest. In Bombay it was a matter of common knowledge that mill-owners have passed resolutions under stress of circumstances which had never been carried out, and it had been found almost impossible to get them to adopt a common line of action for their own safety. Even to-day it was not easy to get a firm of architects to build a mill cheaply and a great deal of money had been wasted in this way in the past. In spite of expensive English labour it was cheaper to build a mill in Lancashire than in Bombay. An official expert in this line also was desirable. Although they, Indians, talked a lot about the encouragement of industry, he had found that the Bombay Corporation had taken a particular delight in charging very high rates for water-supply to the mills. For domestic purposes a charge of four annas per thousand gallons was levied, for industrial purposes eight annas and at one time it was as high as twelve annas. No such charge was made in any part of the civilised world. He thought for the textile industry, for leather, sugar, flour, oil, jute, wool and such other industries capital would be forthcoming, if there was an assurance that official experts were available and that Government were at their back. They must have complete confidence in the Government, which unfortunately they had not and they had only to look at the past history of the English and Indian Governments. He was in favour not only of Government help but also of Government putting up a factory, say a sugar mill, or an oil mill, in order to show that it could be worked satisfactorily from a money-making point of view. In such cases Government should have a Board which should partly consist of Government representatives and partly commercial men to be selected by Government. When it was shown beyond doubt that the venture was a paying one, the Government should sell it to the public at the market price, which ought to be a great deal more than the original cost.

LACK OF BANKING FACILITIES.

There were no banking facilities for industries at present, and an industrial bank in each presidency town would be of great help. At present when times were prosperous they get monetary facilities without trouble, but he had known some banks, and particularly Swadeshi banks, to be very exacting. They were supposed to lend money on liquid assets, and they pretended that they kept only 25 per cent. margin, which was high enough, but they valued the stocks so arbitrarily that they practically had a 50 per cent. margin. He had known such banks who lend one year 10 lakhs and withdraw the whole amount at the end of the period, the times having changed and the concerns for the time being not making much profit. Such methods of banking would lead more to bankruptcy than to industrial development. Such treatment was accorded more by Indian banks than foreign banks, which are more considerate. One of the surest ways by which new industries could be developed would be the desirability of fostering and protecting existing industries in every possible way. As regards industrial banks, it might be said that most of the banks in Bombay or Calcutta were advancing money freely to industrial concerns. But as a rule they were anxious to lend on liquid assets which in times of adversity were not freely obtainable. Moreover, large banking institutions, like the Bank of Bengal and the Bank of Bombay, were precluded under their charters from lending except for very short periods and they were precluded altogether from advancing on debentures and such other securities. Such restrictions ought to be removed and greater banking facilities should be created throughout all the country.

Replying to Sir Fazulbhoy, Mr. Wadia said that in the case of the oil mills and flour mills, which proved failures some time back, the collapse was due to lack of expert knowledge on the subject.

Replying to the President, witness said that even to-day he was being approached by certain Marwaries who were bursting with money and who wanted to start cotton mills. He was of opinion that Government should maintain experts to help such men who were prepared to invest in industrial enterprises. Government ought to have a standing body of consulting engineering experts who would help capitalists.

Resuming his reply to Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, witness said that before the war it was cheaper to build a mill in Lancashire. Witness believed that it was an unfair rate at which the Bombay Corporation is charging for the water it supplies to industrial concerns.

Sir Fazulbhoy:—You think that the bleaching and dyeing industries are suffering because of unfairly high rates at which water is being supplied?

Witness:—Yes, I do.

INDUSTRIAL BANKS.

Witness proceeded to say in the case of Industrial Banks Government need invest deposits, but should not take up any share capital. Government should have experts to advise them.

Sir Fazulbhoy:—How should the Industrial Banks finance businesses?

Witness:—Just as ordinary banks, by advancing for good concerns. The bank should take the primary responsibility. The bank manager should listen to the advice of the expert and rely on his own judgment. Witness proceeded to say that such banks need not do only the business of financing industries, but could also do exchange business, etc., and have Government deposits.

Sir Fazulbhoy:—Such banks do already exist. The presidency banks are just like these. How is the new bank going to be different

Witness:—The more banks there are, the greater are the monetary facilities for industrial enterprises.

Sir Fazulbhoy:—There are Presidency Banks in all presidencies, and the general cry is that they do not help industries.

Witness:—I do not want a bank to do merely the limited functions of an Industrial Bank.

Sir Fazulbhoy:—Can you tell us how the chawl building problem for the mill hands could be improved?

Witness:—The bye-laws of the Municipality are encouraging insanitary dwellings.

Sir Fazulbhoy:—How can this evil be remedied?

Witness:—If you have one bye-law which will prevent the construction of insanitary building, it could be improved. If you make it obligatory that any mill employing, say a thousand hands, should accommodate at least a third of their hands, the evil could be partly remedied.

Sir Thomas Holland:—Would it not be possible for the Municipality to build chawls and charge the mill-owners for it?

Witness:—The Corporation once proposed to build chawls for mill-owners. The Government opposed the resolution on the ground that the mill-owners would make money out of these, though the Government knew that such was not the case with the chawls that had been built by the Improvement Trust. The labourers are not likely to get the impression that if they lived in their employer's chawl they would be losing their liberty to a certain extent. Witness had questioned a mill-man a few days ago and found that he was quite content with his lodgings.

MILL PROFITS IN BOMBAY.

Resuming his reply to Sir Fazulbhoy, witness said that the general average profits in the mill industry was about 12 per cent. after deducting all commissions, depreciation amounts, and also adding the existing private capital, etc. Witness made out these figures by examination of the balance sheets of most of the mills, and these represented the figures he used in his annual report on the mill industry to the "Times of India." He had made out the Agents' Commission to be 10 per cent. and he thought that very handsome. Witness could not suggest what it should be, but he was sure 10 per cent. was very handsome

Replying to Mr. Low witness said that the mills were increasing and native labour was getting scarcer. The local bankers were not very willing to lend, unless they were absolutely secure. They were also very jumpy.

Sir R. N. Mukerjee asked whether, when the mill-owners build sanitary chawls and rent them out at the rate at which sanitary chawls are let out, it would not affect them adversely?

Witness:—That difficulty is being got over by the Improvement Trust lending money at a low interest and building such chawls as would become their own within eight years.

Continuing his reply to Sir R. N. Mukerjee, witness said that the expert opinion talked of in association with lending to industrial purposes was necessary only in occasional cases.

COUNTRY'S LOCKED-UP CAPITAL.

Replying to Mr. Chatterton, witness said that the operations of the Industrial Banks could be extended beyond the presidency towns. These banks should restrict their policy to financial aid to industrial concerns. He admitted that the rate of interest for floating capital in India was more than in other parts of the world. It was also true that the monies that are invested in the Industrial Banks would represent a certain quantity of the country's capital locked up there.

Mr. Chatterton:—Is it desirable to lock up this much of capital at present?

Witness:—There is enough capital in India now if suitable facilities are offered for its utilization. What are wanted now are greater banking facilities established all over the country.

Replying to Sir Francis Stewart, witness admitted that he saw signs of capital coming out more freely. He thought that a lot of more money would be coming out if these Industrial Banks were established. He would not say that the Government should exercise any supervision over these banks. He thought that Government would be justified in investing money in these banks, as justified as they would be in helping industries. He would allow the Industrial Banks to take short time deposits. He was not much acquainted with the details of the working of the presidency banks.

President:—If you hand over the Government balances in the Presidency Banks to the Industrial Banks and lock them up there, would not the Government find a difficulty in cases of emergency when they want these balances? What provision would you make for these cases?

Witness:—I believe they have deposited more than what is necessary and they could divert the surplus to these banks. Otherwise how are you going to help the industries?

Sir Fazulbhoy:—Do you know, in the busy season, how much the Government keep in the Presidency Banks?

Witness:—I do not know. But I was speaking to Mr. Keynes the other day, and he said that Government was keeping in the Presidency Banks more than they want.

INDIA'S DEPENDENCE ON EXPORT OF RAW PRODUCTS.

Asked by the President, if he had any supplementary remarks to offer, witness said:—Mr. Shirras, Director of Statistics, in his review for 1915-16, writes:—"The abnormal conditions that have prevailed in trade since the war clouds broke, have deepened the growing conviction that the country is far too dependent upon export of raw products, and that these should be utilized to a much greater extent for industrial purposes within India itself. It has been an accepted axiom that the dependence of our people upon agriculture, a dependence so serious in years of deficient rainfall and consequent unemployment intensifying famine conditions, should be lessened by the diversity of occupations which manufacturing activity brings." Mr. Wadia said that it was a great pity that this obvious truth should only be seen by high officials of Government in times of the most devastating war that the world is now witnessing.

Here the president said, that these were platitudes which they knew, but what they wanted to know was how to encourage Indian industries, and it was their purpose to get it from experts like the witness.

MR. W. WALKER.

THE WOOLLEN INDUSTRY.

Mr. W. Walker, on behalf of Messrs. Ewart Latham and Co., the agents, the Bombay Woollen Manufacturing Co., was the next witness examined. He stated "We suggest that all woollen goods imported into this country should at the time of importation, and all woollen goods whether imported into or manufactured in this country should, when exposed for sale, bear a stamp or label on each separate article indicating whether the goods are made entirely of wool or partly of wool and partly of something else. Unless woollen goods when exposed for retail sale bear some indication such as we suggest, the buyer may be deceived into thinking that he is purchasing an article composed partly of wool and partly of something else.

We have experienced competition on the part of the Government Jail at Bhagalpur for contracts for the supply of Army blankets to the Supply and Transport Department. Preference was given to that Jail in cases where we were ready to supply the requirements of the Department referred to. One of the principal objects for which our Mill was established in 1888 was the manufacture of Army blankets for Government Departments; and this has for many years formed an important part of our trade. During the present war a very heavy demand has been made upon our Mill for the supply of Army blankets, and though our factory has been working night and day we have not been able to keep pace with the demand. Had we not in pre-war times experienced Jail competition, and feared the extension of it, we would probably now be in a position to meet more fully the demand for Army blankets and other war material.

JAIL COMPETITION.

Witness then stated that the subject of jail competition had been fully discussed in a letter from Messrs. Binny and Co., Ltd., agents of the Bangalore Woollen Cotton and Silk Co., Ltd., to the Chairman of Madras Chamber of Commerce and that the latter had forwarded the same to the Government of India with a covering letter.

Replying to Mr. Low, witness said that a certain margin should be allowed in inflicting penalty for misdescription. Replying to the president witness said that jail competition with private industry did still exist.

The Commission then adjourned till 11-30 a.m., to-day.

A CORRECTION.

In the report of the Industrial Commission published by us yesterday, Mr. W. Moir was wrongly described as "Engineer, Bradbury and Co." instead of "Manager, Garlick and Co."

KHOJA MERCHANT'S GENEROUS DONATION.

RS. 50,000 FOR A SANATORIUM.

Mr. Ahmed Sheriff Moledina held a party on the occasion of "Divali Vahi Poonja" on the 14th instant at Guljar Club, Byculla, where many leading citizens were invited, when he announced a gift of Rs. 50,000 for a sanatorium to be built at Khandala for the Khoja community. The following gentlemen were appointed trustees of the sanatorium:—Mr. Husseinbhai Ahmadbhai (Chairman), Messrs. Abdoolabhai Hussein, Ardeshir Merwanji Madan of Messrs. Matoobhai J. and Madan, Solicitors, and the donor himself. It was also announced that the opening ceremony will be performed by Mr. Husseinbhai Ahmadbhai.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE MAHABLESHWAR

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon have opened Government House, Mahableshwar, till March 1st, 1918, for the use of widows, wives and families of officers on service or in India. A Lady Superintendent is in charge, and the cost is Rs. 6 a day inclusive of everything except wine. Children of two to twelve years half price. Infants are not charged for.

Applications should be made to the Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor, Bombay.

Applications will also be considered for officers if accompanied by their wives or family.

INSIST ON HAVING
STATE MANAGEMENT OF RAILWAYS

The Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel says:—"The only way to end the innumerable grievances of third class passengers is to put the railways under State Management."

Donations, large or small, for the above campaign, may be sent to Mr. Faredun K. Dadachanji, 361, Hornby Road, Bombay.

MADRAS DEMAND FOR RELEASE OF INTERNED.

SUGGESTED COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Nov. 15.

(*Delayed in transmission.*)

A public meeting was held this evening at the Gokhale Hall to urge the release of Messrs. Mahomed Ali and Shaukat Ali from internment. Sir S. Subramaniya Iyer presided.

The Hon. Mr. Yakub Hassain moved the following resolution:—That this public meeting of the citizens of Madras desire to express their deep disappointment and regret at the continued internment of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali and earnestly urge the Government of India that they should set them free, confident that such action will strengthen the bonds of loyalty between Indian Mussalmans and the Throne and will produce general contentment throughout the country.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. Abdus Subhan and supported by Messrs. C. P. Ramswamy Iyer, M. C. Nanjunda Rao, K. N. Aiyah Iyer, G. A. Natesan and was carried.

Mrs. Besant moved the next following resolution, which was carried:—That this public meeting urges upon the Viceroy the advisability and necessity of appointing a committee of three Indians of Judicial experience to consider the whole case of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali and to submit their opinion for decision of the Government, after interviewing the interned brothers and obtaining whatever explanation they may have to offer on the materials against them and whatever declaration they are prepared to make, if they advice the Government to release the interned. The meeting hopes the advice would be accepted, while if they decide against them the public would feel more ready to submit to the present decision.

The next resolution, which was moved by Khan Bahadur Safthar Hussain and carried unanimously, runs thus:—This meeting approve of the legal action proposed to be taken on behalf of the interned persons and hope that the fund for the purpose already started will be largely supported by Mahomedans and Hindus.

Another resolution expressing deep sorrow for the Arrah riots and appealing for continuation of co-operation of Hindus and Mahomedans was carried.

PROTECTION OF MUSLIM INTERESTS.

(From a Correspondent.)

LUCKNOW, Nov. 16.

The following resolution was passed at the extraordinary meeting of the All-India Moslem League held at Lucknow.

That this meeting views with satisfaction the adherence to the Congress-Moslem League scheme of reforms of the influential meeting of Mahomedans representing various parts of India held in Lucknow yesterday, and having regard to the widespread and strong desire expressed by the community for complete representation on the subject of its special needs in respect of future constitutional reforms, welcomes the proposal to the Secretary of State with reference to the following matters, which this meeting of the League hereby approves:—

(a) The release of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali from internment.

(b) Half the number of the Indian undersecretaries or the members of the Secretary of State's Council for India, as the case may be, should be Mussulmans; if there is one Under-Secretary, the post should be given to a Hindu and a Mussulman alternately.

(c) Half the number of the Indian members of the Imperial and Provincial Executive Councils shall be Mussulmans.

(d) Mussulmans should be adequately represented in the public services of the country.

(e) Separate, adequate and effective representation of Mahomedans on local bodies.

(f) Representation of Mussulmans on Government Universities in the same proportion as the representation of Mussulmans on the Provincial Legislative Council of that province may be.

(g) Maintenance of the Urdu language and Persian character in the courts and by public officers in those provinces when they are in vogue and the employment of Urdu as the medium of primary education in the aforesaid provinces.

(h) That Mussulmans should be afforded facilities, protection and help in the observance and performance of their religious rights, ceremonies and usages on the occasion of Bakr-Id, Mohurrum, etc., without any restriction or obstruction by any official or community.

(i) The integrity and sanctity of Holy Mus'lim places as promised by the Government of India communiqué, including Jerusalem

THE LATE MR, M. DUARTE.

The death took place on Monday the 12th instant at his residence, Matharpacady, Bombay, of Mr. Michael Duarte, Assistant Manager of the Bombay Port Trust, at the age of 45. The deceased was held in high esteem by his superiors and subordinates alike for his good qualities.

SIR P. D. PATTANI.

TAKES SEAT IN INDIA COUNCIL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 14.
Recd. 1-35 p.m. Nov. 16.

Sir Prabhashanker D. Pattani has taken his seat in the Council of India.

FORMATION OF FRENCH CABINET.

M. CLEMENCEAU ACCEPTS TASK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Nov. 15.
Recd. 1-35 p.m. Nov. 16.

M. Clemenceau has accepted the task of forming a cabinet.

WE BOMB AEROPLANE SHEDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 16.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., Nov. 17.

Admiralty says:—Our aircraft attempted to bomb the Wytkerke aerodrome yesterday but high winds prevented them from reaching the objective. We thereupon bombed the aeroplane sheds at Handzaeme. During the offensive by patrols, we destroyed two enemy machines and drove down two out of control. All our machines returned.

ANOTHER SUCCESSFUL RAID.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 16.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., Nov. 17.

Gen. Haig's communiqué this afternoon says:—We made a successful raid last night north-east of Fampoux and repulsed an attempt to approach our lines north of Poelcapelle.

SALES OF CEYLON TEA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 14.
Recd. 1-35 p.m. Nov. 16.

9,241 packages of Ceylon tea were sold yesterday, generally at maximum prices. Free tea was fetching from 2/5 to 2/9½ per pound.

CHINGLEPUT CASE.

BAIL PETITION DEFERRED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Nov. 16.

At the High Court to-day, before Mr. Justice Kumaraswami Sastri, Mr. T. R. Vankatarama Sastri, who appeared to move an application for bail on behalf of C. S. Sitarama Iyer, now under trial at Chingleput on a charge of attempting to carry on treasonable correspondence with Germany, submitted that he had not sufficient materials at present to support the application and therefore, requested permission to withdraw the same, with liberty to renew it at a later stage. His Lordship passed orders accordingly.

EXEMPTION UNDER I, D, F. ACT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Nov. 16.

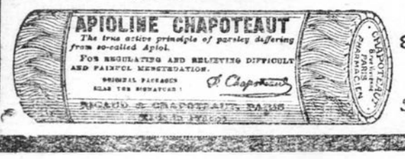
The District Magistrate, Rangoon, to-day disposed of an application by Captain S. Brown, Supply and Transport Corps, on behalf of his son C. N. Brown fourth engineer on the Indo-Burma Petroleum Company's steamer for exemption from military service on the ground that he is not ordinarily resident in British India, being a marine engineer by profession. The applicant returned to Rangoon after being away at sea for nine months and registered under the I. D. F. Act. He was now, appointed to a steamer which practically travelled the whole year round between Indian ports. His worship decided that Brown was ordinarily resident in British India and if he desired he could apply for exemption under section 11 of the I. D. F. Act.

Arrangements have now been completed for the celebration of "Our Day" in Cawnpore. Besides the Lady Meston "Our Day" Lucknow lucky bag, which is expected largely to swell the "Our Day" funds, there will be a *mela* in the Queen's Park which will last for several days. There will also be school and military sports, wrestling competition, fancy fair sale of work by Indian ladies, and an evening party. The various cinema and theatrical companies are giving benefit nights. A patriotic auction by Messrs. Sohan Lal and Sons is also receiving considerable local support.

The acting Lieutenant-Governor the Hon. Mr. W. F. Rice accompanied by his staff arrived at Rangoon from Maymyo yesterday.

APIOLINE
CHAPOTEAUT

LADIES SAFE REMEDY for functional troubles, delay, pain and those irregularities peculiar to the sex.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The true active principle of parsley differing from so-called Apiol.
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If Men Knew How To Lather—— They Would Shave With More Comfort.

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SHAVING STICK

The action of the lather on the beard is to remove the oily covering on each hair. Then the water can get at the hair to soften it. So the one logical place to mix the lather is on the face, where every motion of the brush not only works the lather *up* but works it *in*. This **Colgate Way**—without the cup—makes unnecessary the "mussy" rubbing-in with the fingers.

The name COLGATE on all toilet articles corresponds to the HALL MARK on silver.

INSIST ON COLGATE'S. *At all good Shops and Stores.*

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A nervous breakdown has often been the forerunner of disaster, and ill health the barrier to life's prospects.

HUXLEYS NER-VIGOR

of the acid glycero-phosphates improves the general condition by supplying the blood with natural phosphorus-bearing elements, which go to repair and build up broken-down cell life and vitality.

Original bottles of 50 doses sold throughout India, Burmah, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, etc.

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A single bee, says Maurice Maeterlinck, in his "Life of the Bee," has no intelligence, but the Hive has an intelligence surpassing that of men.

Popular Opinion is with mankind the Voice and the Wisdom of the Hive. If, then, Popular Opinion is all in favour of using Royal West End Cycles, should you not hearken to the wise voice of the Hive? Meet any big user of Royal West End and talk it over. Said Napoleon, who listened well to the counsels of others: "Get your principles right, and the rest is a mere matter of detail." Gain by others' Wisdom!

One Word More!

Royal West Ends are the *tested* Best! "The Cycle that is Best must Lead the Rest." That's the Royal West End position—*leaders* for 18 years.

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It is bound to give Satisfaction.
It does give Satisfaction.

SOLE IMPORTERS.

WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR CO.
BOMBAY & POONA.
Illustrated Catalogue Free on Application.

THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Nov. 16.

The conditions remain disturbed over the Bay. Rainfall has been nearly general in Madras Deccan, local in Upper Burma, south-east Bengal, Mysore, north Madras coast. Few falls also occurred in Lower Burma, South Madras. Chief amounts are Akyab three inches, Maymyo two, Cuddapah one and half.

Forecast.—Decrease of rain in the south of the peninsula.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay, 15th Nov 1917

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.868	Inch
Temperature of Air	77.6	Deg
Wet Bulb Thermometer	71.4	"
Dew Point	68.7	"
Relative humidity of Air	0.745	"
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	0.8	"
Maximum temperature of Air	84.0	"
Minimum do.	70.5	"
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	NNE,WNW,NNW.	
Movement of Wind do. do.	136 Miles.	

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.	ft.	Day of Month	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still	ft.
	Nov	h.	m.			Nov	h.	m.		
1st	16	m 0	4	29	0	16	m 6	2	19	2
		11	48a	26	8		5	47a	14	11
2nd	17	m 0	42	19	1	17	m 6	42	19	3
		0	57a	16	6		6	28a	15	1
Sun.	18	m 1	21	28	11	18	m 7	23	19	6
		1	9a	26	3		7	28a	16	7
Mon.	19	m 2	2	28	6	19	m 8	8	19	8
		2	53a	25	8		7	46a	16	5
Tues	20	m 2	50	28	0	20	m 9	8	19	10
		3	46	27	5	21	m 10	23	19	8
Wed	21	m 3	46	27	5	21	m 10	23	19	8
		4	2a	24	10		9	40a	18	8
Thur	22	m 4	46	28	11	22	m 11	37	19	1
		5	21a	24	10		11	4a	19	8

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Nov.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
" 16 (Friday)	" 6h. 46m	" 6h. 1m.
" 17 (Saturday)	" 6h. 47m.	" 6h. 1m.
" 18 (Sunday)	" 6h. 47m.	" 6h. 1m.
" 19 (Monday)	" 6h. 48m.	" 6h. 1m.
" 20 (Tuesday)	" 6h. 48m	" 6h. 0m.
" 21 (Wednesday)	" 6h. 49m.	" 6h. 0m
" 22 (Thursday)	" 6h. 49m.	" 6h. 0m.

Phases of the Moon:—

	d.	h.	m.
Last Quarter	6	10	13.5 p.m.
New Moon	14	11	58.5 p.m.
First Quarter	22	3	58.8 a.m.
Full Moon	29	0	11.3 a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 16th November, 1917, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. The air is slightly drier than usual in the extreme north. Temperature continues generally in defect.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. Temperature continues generally in defect.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. The air is drier than usual in lower Sind. Temperature continues in defect.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature continues in defect.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Day temperature has become nearly normal; night temperature continues in excess in the southern half of the division.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is in defect in the north Konkan; night temperature is in excess in the south Konkan.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are heavily clouded in south Hyderabad and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in the southern half of the division; night temperature is in excess.

General Remarks.—The depression in the Bay of Bengal appears to have again decreased in intensity without changing much in position. The associated rainfall has been nearly general in the Madras Deccan and local on the north Coromandel Coast. Some showers have occurred also in Malabar.

Local rain is likely on the north Coromandel Coast and in the Madras Deccan and a few showers in Malabar and south-east Madras.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a.m. on FRIDAY, the 16th of November, 1917.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade: Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity: 8 A. M.	Rainfall: Past 24 hours	Total 1st June to date.	Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (15th Nov.)	78.6	60.4	71	..	01	—0.36
Jask	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (th Nov.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do (15th Nov.)	83.4	69.5	58	..	0	—0.17
PUNJAB—						
Multan	80.8	48.9	68	..	0	0
Rawalpindi	75.3	34.4	52	..	0	—0.14
Lahore	77.7	42.8	78	..	0	0
Hissar	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ambala	77.7	45.2	77	..	0	—0.25
Delhi	76.7	52.0	57	..	0	—0.04
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	77.6	48.6	55	..	0	—0.63
Mainpuri	79.8	47.2	66	..	0	—0.11
Jhansi	79.2	46.2	52	..	0	—0.05
Cawnpore	78.4	49.7	59	..	0	—0.29
Allahabad	79.2	53.1	72	..	0	—0.18
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	83.1	44.8	57	..	0	0
Karachi	84.0	59.6	46	..	0	—0.05
Ajmer	71.9	42.2	65	..	0	—0.01
Jaipore	79.8	46.9	63	..	0	—0.01
Kotah	78.6	50.8	52	..	0	—0.02
Mount Abu	..	..	..	..	1	..
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	81.6	49.1	42	..	0	0
Dwarka	83.0	61.9	60	..	0	0
Veraval	87.1	63.1	33	..	0	—0.01
Rajkot	82.6	54.8	46	..	0	—0.44
Bhavnagar Para	84.6	51.8	65	..	0	—0.07
Surat	88.1	59.5	65	..	0	—0.06
Ahmedabad	86.8	56.0	39	..	0	—0.01
Deesa	85.0	48.6	45	..	0	—0.05
Neemuch	78.1	44.8	43	..	0	0
Indore	80.4	47.6	47	..	0	—0.18
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	79.3	54.3	74	..	0	—0.26
Sagor	79.2	55.8	35	..	0	—0.18
Hoshangabad	82.3	56.2	65	..	0	—0.25
Khamuwa	84.4	54.7	55	..	0	—0.27
Akola	90.5	63.9	56	..	0	—0.30
Amraoti	87.0	67.5	46	..	0	—0.3.
Nagpur	86.8	65.4	60	..	0	—0.5
Chanda	89.0	68.0	79	..	0	—0.53
Raipur	85.7	67.5	70	..	0	—0.31
KONKAN—						
Bombay	84.0	70.9	81	..	0	—0.35
Satara(r)	83.9	74.1	74	..	0.73	+0.36
Marinagao	83 2	75.1	92	..	1.15	+0.20
Karwar	86.1	74.8	94	0.02	0.02	—1.53
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	85.9	56.0	66	..	0	—0.32
Ahmednagar	83.8	59.9	65	..	0	—0.40
Poona	86.4	62.9	77	..	0.27	—0 43
Sholapur	83.8	68.8	63	..	0	—0.69
Bijapur	81.4	70.1	80	..	0	0 76
Belgaum	80.1	66.8	91	0.09	0.29	—1 11
Aurangabad	85.1	63.9	50	..	0	—0.34
Nizamabad (Indur)	82.9	60.7	75	..	0	—0.49
Hyderabad	78.2	60.2	92	..	0	—0.81
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	86.2	70.7	96	0.45	0.92	—1.89
Calicut	82.1	74.3	92	0.08	1.64	—1.81
Cochin	86.5	73.7	75	0.03	2.76	—2.10
Colombo	85.6	73.2	78	..	3.62	—4 96
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	81.3	75.7	95	1.25	11.19	+7 07
Bellary	73.1	69.7	86	0.50	3.04	+1 63
Cuddapah	83.8	73.0	94	1.13	2.89	+1.02
Madras	87.4	75.4	83	..	2.20	—5.20
Bangalore	81.6	69.4	94	0.04	0.07	—2.16
Coimbatore	84.6	69.6	76	..	2.07	—0.07
Trichinopoly	91.3	75.1	75	..	2.93	—0.21
Negapatam	90.5	79.2	84	..	6.03	—2.50

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 16th November, 1917, was 30.093 Inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either merourial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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BOMBAY CHURCHES.

(24th Sunday after Trinity: 18th Nov. 1917.)

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral, St. Thomas the Apostle, Church Gate Street.—Clergy: Rev. H. E. Arnould, Senior Presidency Chaplain; Rev. W. F. M. Hammerton, Garrison Chaplain, 7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion Choral. Tours in F. Hymns 281, 34, 559, 202; 5-30 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Canticles Anthem. Walmisley in C. Hymns 26, 193, 546. Collections for Chair Fund. Daily Matins at 7-15 a. m., and Evensong at 4-45 p. m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m., War Litany 7-0 p.m.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba—Chaplain Rev. R. L. Wormald, 8 a.m.. Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

All Saints Church, Malabar Hill.—8 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Chaplain Rev. J. B. Glass, 8 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon; Preacher Rev. J. B. Glass.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—Clergy: English.—Rev. H. T. Vodden, M.A. (Incumbent), Rev. Canon R. S. Heywood, M.A., Rev. H. W. Lea-Wilson, M. A. Marathi, Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. D. A. Yardi, B.A., Gujarati.—Rev. L. Hari. English Services: 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer, and Sermon. Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujarati Service, 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's, Kamatipura (S.P.G.), Foras Road, —7 a.m., Matins; 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral): 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Christ Church, Byculla.—7-0 a.m., Holy Communion (Plain); 7-30 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-0 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon.

St. Nicholas' Church (opposite Prince's Dock)—Chaplain (Vacant), 9-15 a.m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 7 p.m., Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road.—Clergy Rev. A. L. Bradbury. 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter).—Clery Rev. Fr. Moore, Rev. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe, 6-30 a.m., Holy Communion (English); 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Marathi); 9 a.m., Matins (Gujarati) 6-30 p.m., Eveningsong and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Peter's Mazagon.—6-30 a.m., Holy-Eucharist; 7-15 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-0 a.m., Choral Eucharist; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

St. Stephen's Church, Bandra Hill.—Clergy: Rev. J. S. Payne, Chaplain in charge will preach. Matins and Sermon at 11 a.m.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland), Apollo Street, Fort—Senior Chaplain Rev. J. Drummond Gordon, B. D. 9-30 a.m., Joint Service with United Free Church of Scotland; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road,—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray. 9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5-0 p.m.; Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Offertary for Scottish Orphanage.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens—9 a.m., Morning Service; Preacher Rev. F. Hart. 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Preacher: Rev. T. T. Sheriff. Sunday School at 3 p.m.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission.—Minister Rev. Rahator. 8-15 a.m., Byculla. 4-30 p.m. Elphinstone Road, Parel. Tamil and Telagu Service.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church, Girgaum Back Road.—Minister: Rev. M. B. Nicambe. English Service 9-30 a.m.; Evening Service in Marathi, 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla.—Pastor: Rev. W. E. Bancroft. 8-30 a.m., Sunday School: 9-15 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; 8-30 p.m., Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—Pastor Rev. H. Ingham, 9-45 a.m., Sunday School; 11 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. A cordial welcome to all.

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church, Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—Pastor: Rev. John Malelu, 9 a.m., Sunday School; 10 a.m., Sunday School Teachers' Class; 3-45 p.m., Gospel Spreading Society; 5 p.m. Afternoon Service; Prayer Meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m. Agripada; 9 a.m., Sunday School; 5 p.m., Afternoon Service.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opp. Post Office), Middle Colaba.—Minister Rev. E. P. Blackaby.—9 o'clock morning and 6-30 o'clock evening the Pastor will preach. Sunday School from 5 to 6 p.m. All seats free. A cordial welcome to all.

Seventh-Day Adventist Church, Apollo Bunder (opposite Watson's Annexe).—Service; Sunday 6-30 p.m., Saturday, 6-30 p.m., 5-15 Sabbath School; Wednesday 6-30 p.m., Bible Study and Prayer Meeting, Pastors: G. W. Petit and W. R. French in charge.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

The Cathedral (Our Lady of Hope), Kalbadevi.—Vicar Rev. Dr. B de Monte 7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

The Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers, Masses 6 a.m., 8 a.m. and 9 a.m. Evening Service 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers. Masses 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., and 8-30 a.m., Evening 6-30 p.m.

Church of Our Lady of the Rosary, Mazagon. —Masses 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m. and 8-30 a.m. Evening Service 6 p.m.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health).—Vicar: Rev. M. DeSa. Masses 7 and 8-30.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul, (Burrow's Lane) Girgaum Road.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho, 5-30, 6-30 7-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m. Benediction.

St. Theresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus—Chaplain: Rev. D. Remedios. 6-30 a.m. Mass; 5-0 p.m., Evening Service.

Chapel of Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—Chaplain; Rev. Daniel X Fernandes. Masses at 6 and 8 a.m., with Benediction and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Sermon and Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Acting Vicar Rev. J. J. Dias Sunday Service: Low Masses at 5-30 and 6-30 a.m. Evening Service 4-30 p.m. Daily Masses 6-30 and 8 a.m.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill; Bandra —9-30 a.m. Mass.

St. Stephins Church, Bandra Hill.—Sunday 18th November, 1917, at 11 a.m. Matins and Sermon.

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BOMBAY'S MUNICIPAL BUDGET

ESTIMATES FOR 1918-19.

EXPENDITURE ENHANCED BY 12 LAKHS.

PROPOSED SLIGHT INCREASE IN GENERAL TAX.

Mr. P. W. Monie, Municipal Commissioner, has submitted to the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation the Budget estimates for the year 1918-1919. The Commissioner, in his note on the estimates, says:—

WORKING CASH BALANCE.

The surplus cash balance at the end of 1916-17 was ..... Rs 46,26,178

Deducting from this

(1) The minimum required by law, Rs. 1,00,000; (2) Stock, Rs. 535,267 6,35,267

The net working balance is found to be ..... Rs. 39,90.911

2. The budget for the current year provides for an estimated deficit of Rs. 1,23,330. I now estimate that the deficit during the current year will be Rs. 2,27,911. This figure is arrived at as follows:—The income is expected to be Rs. 5,89,000 more than the Budget Estimates, and the expenditure on items provided for in the Budget Rs. 63,000 less. On the other hand additional grants of Rs. 4,88,030 have been sanctioned up to the 31st October, 1917; additional grants of Rs. 1,75,881 *plus* Rs. 73.000 on account of "War Allowance" to the staff for five months of 1917-1918, have since been proposed. and additional grants of (say) Rs. 19,670 may be required during the remainder of the year.

3. Deducting the deficit for 1917-18 now estimated at Rs. 2,27,911 from the figure given at the end of para. 1, the working cash balance at the beginning of 1918-19 is estimated at Rs. 37,63,000.

4. From this sum must first be deducted Rs. 6,45,000 representing the loss on writing down to market value 3½ per cent. Government paper amounting to Rs. 21,55.000 which forms part of the cash balance. The amount remaining is Rs. 31,18,000. The deficit in the Budget proposed for 1918-19 is only Rs. 307.

5. As the Standing Committee and the Corporation are aware, it has been necessary to make advances from surplus cash balance for works, lands and projects, owing to the restrictions on borrowing which Government have found it necessary to impose on account of the war. Unless these restrictions are now relaxed it will be necessary to limit expenditure on works in 1918-19 to the minimum, and the figure given below under 1918-19 represents, as will be seen from the note on the loan works budget, merely the amount required to finance works which cannot be postponed.

6. The advances made and proposed to be made for works, lands and projects from the sum of Rs. 31,18,000 shown at the end of para. 4, are as under:—

	Rs.
(a) Advances made in 1916-17	8,84,675
(b) Advances made and proposed to be made	
1. In 1917-18	9,35.000
2. In 1918-19	9,70,900
(c) For purchase of plant and machinery for	
1. The Engineer's Department, Rs. 1,47,500; 2. The Health Department, Rs. 60.000	2,07,500
	Rs. 29,98,075

EXPENDITURE FOR 1918-19.

7. The total expenditure for the year is estimated at Rs. 1,51,99,307, being an increase of Rs. 12,06.977.

The main features of the increase are:—

	Rs.
Engineering Department	3,92,008
Health Department	1,04,271
Markets and Slaughter Houses ...	42,023
Pensions, Gratuities, &c.	22,000
Primary Education	1,45,000
Contribution to C. I. Trust	55,000
Contribution to Commemoration Building at Apollo Bunder	25,000
Grain Compensation	2,14,028
War Allowance	1,77,280
	Rs. 11,76,610

8. *Engineering Department.*—In the Mechanical Branch I have found it necessary to increase the grant for coal at the Compressor Station at Love Grove by Rs. 25,000. I have further provided Rs. 17,277 for Stereophagus pumps to replace the present ejectors at Chinchpokli and Sewri in order to relieve the air compressor stations and to effect economy in working.

The running of two kutchra trains in the monsoon, and the levy by Government of a freight tax of Rs. 2 per wagon in addition to the ordinary freight for haulage, account for increases in transport charges under "Disposal of Town Sweepings" of Rs. 7,000 and Rs. 30.000 respectively.

In the Drainage Department I have made a much larger provision for "New Works" (an increase of Rs. 67,850). A large number of small drainage works have been held over in recent years, and increased expenditure under this head is very necessary in the interests of public health.

In the Streets and Buildings Section I have provided for the following increases:—

	Rs.
Gas Lighting	50,000
Oiling and tarring roads	50,000
Ordinary repairs and maintenance of roads	1,00.000
Extraordinary repairs and renewals	50,000
Footpaths	20,000
Total Rs.	2,70,000

In the Water Works Department, I have made a provision of Rs. 27,500 for repairs to the Tulsi Tunnel.

9. *Health Department.*—The total increased expenditure proposed is Rs. 1,04.271. Of this about Rs. 13,000 are for the Halalkhor Branch, mainly for urgent repairs to buildings, and Rs. 78,000 for the Conservancy Branch, mainly on account of the increased number of motors, increased cost of stores, and anticipated increase in the cost of feeding bullocks.

10. *Markets and Slaughter House.*—The amount proposed for "New Works" is less by Rs. 19,922, but I have had to propose increased expenditure for minor improvements and repairs to the market properties. The meat van service into Bombay also called urgently for improvements in view of the great quantity of meat to be transported. Apart from the motor service introduced, involving an extra expenditure of over Rs. 15,000 per annum, I have found it necessary to propose an increased number of bullocks and vans and to increase the rations of the cattle. These changes have necessitated an extra provision of nearly Rs. 28,000.

11. The increase under Pensions calls for no special remarks.

The increase of Rs. 1,45,000 for Primary Education is in accordance with the Schools Committee's proposals. It is but an instalment of the very heavy increased expenditure to be anticipated on this account.

The increase in the contribution to the Improvement Trust follows the increase in the Revenue.

The provision of Rs. 25,000 for the building to be erected at Apollo Bunder to commemorate the visit of His Majesty the King-Emperor makes the sum total provided up to the present Rs. 75,000 against a liability of Rs. 1,00,000 assumed by the Corporation.

INCOME FOR 1918-1919.

12. When the income estimates were worked out on the basis of present taxation they fell short of the amount required to meet the proposed expenditure by about 3 lakhs. This amount is more than accounted for by the increased requirements of the Schools Committee for Primary Education (Rs. 1,45,000), and by the special allowances proposed for the staff on account of the present high prices (Rs. 3,91,318). The figures given at the beginning of this note show that it is undesirable to budget for a deficit, and I think it will be in the interests of the City to accept a small increase in taxation rather than to cut down the expenditure estimates now submitted. I therefore recommend that the General Tax be increased by one half per cent.

13. The general tax at 10 per cent. and the fire tax at 3/8 per cent. are estimated to yield Rs. 63,30,000, against a revised estimate of Rs. 56,50,000, with taxation at 9 7/8 per cent., or an increase of Rs. 6,80,000. Of this the major portion (Rs. 5,82,000) is estimated to come from the public (including the City Improvement Trust and Railways) and a sum of Rs. 93,500 from the Port Trust.

14. The receipts from Town Duties for the year I have placed at Rs. 18,75,000. This is higher than the usual estimates. The receipts, however, for 1915-16 and 1916-17 were Rs. 20,19,097 and Rs. 18,70,335 respectively, and the revised receipts for 1917-18 have been estimated at Rs. 19,00,000.

15. I have allowed for an increase in the Halalkhore Tax of Rs. 70,000, and in the Water Tax of Rs. 64,000 above the revised estimates for 1917-18. I have proposed no alteration in the water rates, as, though the income is in excess of the expenditure the trade demand at present is, I think, unusually high and very heavy capital expenditure is imminent. (I have already reported on this subject to the Water Supply and Distribution Committee).

16. No remarks seem called for in regard to the other items of income, the details of which will be found in the "Summary of Income."

17. In the draft budget fuller details have been given of the estimates of income, and an attempt has been made to present the expenditure estimates in a clearer form. The schedules of establishment have also been simplified. I hope that the changes introduced, which have involved much extra work on the part of the Chief Accountant and his staff, will facilitate the consideration of the budget.

(Continued from Column 3.)

would have supported the present movement.

The advocates of separate representations now come forward with the story that circumstances have undergone a complete change, although they carefully avoid mentioning the changes.

Assuming, Sir, that it is high time we should apply for separate representation, it is the duty of every educated Parsi to see that the new franchise will not operate to the disadvantage of the community. We know from practical experience that the right of voting given to us has been often abused. Take for instance the scheme under which the Trustees of the Parsi Punchayet are elected. There is a body of a hundred men known as the "Anjuman Committee of Hundred." This Committee elects trustees to the board. Now it is a well-known fact that this Committee is mostly composed of men who are known as "best orthodox." The result is that mostly persons holding orthodox views are returned as trustees. In the year 1911 the late Sir P. M. Mehta was put forward as a candidate by some of his friends and admirers, but he was thrown out by the "best orthodox," not because Sir Pherozeshah was unfit to occupy a seat on the Board of the Trustees, but because it was alleged he held very advanced views in social and religious matters.

So it becomes our duty to sound a note of warning, and to bring home to every educated Parsi that in case they get a right of separate representation they should endeavour their utmost to secure a proper electorate.

The right of voting must be entrusted to men who would not stop to consider the religious opinions and prejudices of the candidate, but who would honestly and fearlessly vote for any man of ability and integrity.—Yours, etc.,

C. M. T.

Khetwadi Main Road,
S. C. C.
Nov. 15.

THE PARSIS AND SEPARATE REPRESENTATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The laborious product of the Memorial Committee demanding separate communal representation for the Parsis has been sprung upon the public in general and the Parsis in particular as a great surprise. No doubt it will cause amusement in some quarters, and a good deal of irritation in another. Curiously enough the so-called props and pillars of the Orthodox and the Reformers that have joined together to safeguard the interests of the community at this critical juncture, whilst demanding the separate representation for the Parsis, seem to have forgotten and set aside the very elementary principles of representation and election.

If the memorialists are to be judged from their present arbitrary method adopted in preparing and presenting this representation, and not by the glorious deeds of their dead ancestors, then surely they deserve no separate electorate. If this is an indication of the way in which they are going to abuse the special privileges, if granted, then in the interests of the community, we may appeal to the authorities not to grant any special privileges.

A Baronet, and some merchant princes, a member of Council, another member of the Corporation, and added to them a Solicitor of the High Court, half an attorney half a preacher, the orthodox and reformers, a motley crowd that make up the sum total of the Parsi community. The rest of course are all tag-rag nonentities entirely to be ignored and absolutely to be led by the nose by the upper ten.

A year has hardly passed, when the whole community was in the state of Civil war, because some of its members and so-called leaders tried to impose upon the rest. Then the blue blood of Iran revolted against the tyranny and arbitrary methods of the few and gallantly fought their last decisive battle in the Town Hall, in which both sides claimed victory. That sight, that gave so much amusement to the public, and added so much disgrace to the community is not yet forgotten. Yet, so shortly after, a question that affects the community much more vitally, is quietly placed before the public and the authorities over the signatures of a few, as the voice and representation of the entire community. The blunders of the past are rectified, and the Orthodox and the Reformers are combined. So those who were the loudest in their complaints against the usurpation of power by the few, and had only a year ago come forward as the guardian angels of the silent masses, to protect their rights and interests, are now the foremost signatories to the memorial without even caring formally to consult the community. What has become of those high-sounding principles that they so loudly preached then, both from the platform and in the press?

Mr. Editor, I do not wish at present to enter at length into the merits of the said memorial. It abounds with the glorious and great deeds of the past of heroes dead and gone, because unfortunately the community has nothing to boast of or put forward amongst its present deeds and achievements. Amongst the most recent creditable deeds of the community, they might have mentioned that memorable meeting at the Town Hall as a recent demonstration of the physical strength and moral unity of the community; how we can unite and fight for a righteous cause under distinguished leadership, regardless even of our personal safety.

If the Memorialists had any regard for the memory of the two great and good men of the community dead and gone, Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji and Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta, they would not have cited their examples in a document so narrow-minded and sectarian. It was not by such petty spirit and sectarian views they rose to the exalted and enviable positions they occupied. They were as they repeatedly declared "Indians first and Parsis afterwards."

But, Mr. Editor, the object of writing this letter is not to criticize the memorial itself, but to make it known to the authorities concerned, through the medium of your paper, that, whereas the said representation may be accepted as a suggestion from a few members of the community, it, by no means, represents the voice or the views of the community, at large or even the majority of it.—Yours etc.,

KHURSHED F. NARIMAN.

Bombay, 16th November.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It is no doubt a very healthy sign that the members of the Parsi community have come to recognise their responsibility as citizens of this vast Empire, and have thought fit, in spite of the bickerings of a few Parsi reactionaries, to come forward to participate in the wider and general interests of the country.

It is a settled fact that a petition is going to be presented to the Right Honourable Mr. Montagu asking the latter to see that a separate representation is granted to the community.

Now it seems, Sir, that the unanimous verdict of most of the leaders of public opinion throughout the country is that communal representations are always detrimental to the interests of the people at large, and check the healthy growth of Indian Nationality. The Parsi community has reason to believe that in the New Reform scheme its interests will not be represented, and that the members will have no opportunity of sitting in the councils of the Empire; but it is a belief which is absolutely unfounded. We know, Sir, from our own history that Parsis have been elected not only as members of Provincial and Imperial Legislative Councils by electorates mostly non-Parsis, but a great Parsi was returned to the British House of Commons by the liberal and large-minded Englishmen of Central Finsbury. So long as we have in our community men of the reputation of Dadabhoy and Mehta we have nothing to fear, and we can rest assured that the non-Parsi electorate of this country will not fail to recognise merit and character wherever they are found.

We know, Sir, that a movement was set on foot a few years ago by the community for a separate representation; but thanks to the efforts of that great Parsi Sir P. M. Mehta that it was nipped in the bud. It is doubtful whether Sir Pherozeshah, if alive to-day,

(Continued in Column 2.)

THE CHARNI ROAD FIRE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In connection with the recent fire in Ekadashi Building, as it appears that all the facts have not come before the public and I being an eye-witness for the whole time, I think it to be my sacred duty to state facts as they happened for publication in your next issue.

When the first explosion was heard, people from various quarters in the neighbourhood, ran to the scene. One Parsi gentleman ascertaining that it was due to fire, went to the nearest place to telephone but he could not get connection for over 10 minutes. This is one of the main reasons why the fire brigade arrived late. I am told by a responsible person that a man from Dr. Kher one of the occupants of the building, went to Sir Bhalchandra's place and telephoned from there. He first went to a telephone just close to the building but was refused admission by the Bhayya at such a critical moment.

Had the operator given exchange in the first instance, immediately, the fire would have been brought under control say at least 20 minutes earlier.

Now, the condition of the occupants of the top floor was very critical. Dr. Athawale who was personally interviewed, says, he did not hear the first explosion. He saw a picture falling from the wall and thought that it was due to wind. A couple of minutes more and he saw the flames from his windows. He had 11 members in his family and 10 in the house of his friend Mr. Anklikar—21 persons to save. He thought of opening the door to the gallery leading to the staircase, but when he came to find out the key, he was scorched in several places.

As luck would have it or as if Providence willed it, he got a rope and tied it tight and helped females first to descend. Children were wrapped in soft clothes and thrown below where people were ready to catch them on soft bedding. With some injury or the other all excepting two. Dr. Athawale himself—thanks to his courage and selflessness—and another, they saw that all were safely down and in the meanwhile the fire brigade ladder came and they got down.

This rope was useful to people of lower stories too. And the saving of life was certainly due to the courage and presence of mind of Dr. Athawale.

The Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade took the survey in a minute and commenced his operations breaking the wall of an adjoining building and directing water on the fire. Well the fire was brought under control within 10 to 20 minutes and much praise is due to him also. That is a body always ready to sacrifice for the safety of the public and they must not be censured without strong grounds.

What lesson is to be taken for the safety of the public by the Government and also the Improvement Trust and also for imposing duty on the landlords, is the task of the leaders of the public to undertake.—Yours, etc.

SPECTATOR.

Bombay, Nov. 13.

C. I. D. AND THE POLICE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Permit me to supplement your admirable leader on "Government by C.I.D." by a few facts which have come to my notice and which have an important bearing on what is going on at present in the Bombay District Police and incidentally on the selection of officers to fill the post of Deputy Supts. of Police. You wisely comment on the rooted sentimental prejudice of all respectable classes of Indians against accepting service in the Police. Allow me to endorse every word of what you so feelingly say on this point. The main fault lies at the door of the head of the department. Instead of making impartial selections of officers based on their family traditions, educational merits, frank and open manners, correct morals, a chaste and cleanly life, the recommendations are made on very indifferent grounds. I beg of you to believe me when I say that only three months ago I came to know of nearly four new appointments to the grade of Deputies, one and all selected from the department and in three cases out of the four the I. G. P. simply acted on the recommendations of his Personal Assistant and two D. S. P's. There is no exaggeration in saying that the head of the department knew little about the respective merits of these officers and in the case of one, Mr. Souter called him for an interview "to have a look at him" in his own office after this officer had been recommended and the recommendation had been approved by Government. Further comment is needless. In the case of another officer the I. G. P. examined him in English by asking him to draft a letter and was thereupon satisfied that the test would do. The gist of the whole matter is that if you do sufficient confidential work of the nature you have condemned and if you correctly know how to arrange your superior officer's luggage on the Railway platform or run briskly at his horse's head your success is assured. Surely you cannot expect your presentday graduates to adopt these methods. Now let me pass on to another point. For the last two years or more the offices of the D. S. P.'s are being literally flooded with confused circulars on Police buildings, Constable diet, blue and khaki clothing, payment of bills partly by one office partly by another and so on making confusion worse confounded. I mention this point because it means so much waste of public time, and everything has its own limits.

If you are so good as to publish these few lines I propose to be allowed in my next letter to you to give your courteous readers some further interesting sidelights on the methods of the C.I.D. and some numbers allotted to our public men in the same style as the late Mr. Gokhale's No. 62 —Yours, etc.,

ASTRA ROZOS.

THE INDEPENDENCE OF THE PRESS.

The "Kaiser-i-Hind," writes in its issue of the 11th November.

"Mr. B. G. Horniman the editor of the "Bombay Chronicle" wrote in two issues of that paper articles commenting upon the particulars of and evidence given in a certain suit in the High Court, by Mr. Surajmal B. Mehta, a solicitor practising in Bombay. Mr. Surajmal thereupon filed a suit against Mr. Horniman for damages in the High Court, alleging defamation. The suit was heard by Mr. Justice McLeod who decided in favour of the plaintiff, awarding him Rs. 3,000 damages and passing severe comments on that paper and its editor. Mr. Horniman filed an appeal against this decision. The Hon. the Chief Justice held that the comments made in the "Bombay Chronicle" were justifiable comments based on true facts, while his colleague Mr. Justice Heaton upheld Mr. Justice McLeod's decision, but the decision of the Chief Justice prevailed under the law though Mr. Horniman was not given the costs. The hearing of the appeal filed by Mr. Surajmal against that decision came before Justices Batchelor, Beaman and Marten and took up a long time and in the current week all the three Judges dismissed Mr. Surajmal's appeal with costs. As far as the Bombay High Court is concerned, this is the final decision, and we as journalists rejoice and take pride in the justified success of a paper ramed throughout the country as an independent journal. The responsibilities of newspapers are very great and the menace of the law of defamation hangs so heavily over their head that sometimes even an insignificant person can harass them by dragging the most respectable journals to Court. Apart from the law of defamation there are the dangers in the shape of the Defence of India Act and 124 A lurking over the heads of journalists, and under all these circumstances the Press in India finds it extremely difficult to maintain an independent career. It requires no small moral courage to make comments without fear and with independence, and those editors who perform their sacred duties without any fear and with moral courage are entitled to our respect, and we sincerely congratulate Mr. B. G. Horniman as a brother journalist on his honourable victory in the suit as an independent and dauntless editor of moral courage. This upholding of Mr. Horniman's success and the glory of the "Chronicle" are the success of other editors and the glory of other papers. This decision has prevented a restriction of the liberty of the Press to make justifiable comments and has completely freed its hands for justifiable comments. Secondly it has proved that British justice does not take into count small mistakes in a writing if they do not affect its main object, and in this connection Mr. Justice Batchelor has expressed his views at great length. Mr. Justice Marten's remarks on the law of defamation and those of Mr. Justice Beaman on the merits of the suit constitute a fine record for the future. We again congratulate the "Bombay Chronicle" and its independent editor Mr. Horniman on their justifiable success in law."

THE CASE OF POSTAL CLERKS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Will you please find a place for the following in the issues of your esteemed paper at your earliest convenience.

Your powerful pen has often been exerted in the cause of labour against the monopoly of employers, but none has deserved your strong support so well as the suffering and the silent clerical staff of the Bombay General Post Office and its Sub-offices.

Little does the public know of the patient workers inside the walls of the Post Office. The public is far too well served to appreciate the honesty, the watchful care, and the accuracy, that the Post Office clerk has to use in dealing with the nature of work that passes through his hands.

They do not know that the Post Office clerk in Bombay is in receipt of a rate of pay sanctioned in the year 1870, when the Indian Post Office was at most in its infancy. Even for this rate of pay the men have to thank their own efforts. The rate was being steadily decreased till in the year 1906, it was reduced by 25 per cent. The men made a joint effort to ventilate their grievance and after a great deal of correspondence, the rate was at last brought upto that of the year 1870, in the year 1908.

As if to counteract the effect of the revision, they were debarred from the benefit of the Local Allowance. Mr. Doran the then Postmaster-General thought that the Post Office Clerks simply because they were employed by the Post Office required no further relief and it was settled. They petitioned to the then Secretary of State for India, Lord Crewe. It was in vain. They were doomed on the bare word of Mr. Doran.

In the year 1912, the clerks again laid their case before the Director-General. It however took two complete years to elicit even a negative reply. Nothing daunted, the clerks intended again to approach the Government when the War broke out. They thought the War would soon end and waited and waited.

At last finding that they could not even have the bare necessaries of life with their present incomes, they represented their case to the Director-General in February last.

There has been no outcome of their representation beyond a promise to consider their case.

Such has been the history of the Post Office clerks. Would anyone believe that the Bombay Post Office pays Rs. 50 p. m. to a clerk who has rendered honest and responsible service for over 15 years? Let them consider this pay with the conditions of service and draw their own conclusions regarding the attitude of the authorities of the Post Office.—Yours, etc.,

AN OBSERVER.

"The "Sunday "Chronicle"

IS THE BRIGHTEST, MOST READABLE PAPER

IN INDIA

TO-MORROW'S FEATURES

"FROM MY DIARY"
BY
PATRICK MCGILL
The great impressionist writer.

"CHRONICLE" SHORT STORY:
"THE MYSTERY MOVE"
BY
"WILLIAM LE QUEUX"

THE "SEMI-OFFICIAL" PRESS OF BOMBAY
(*ILLUSTRATED*)

EUROPEAN ASSOCIATION'S REFORM SCHEME.
[*FULL DETAILS*
(By the author of Week-End Cables)

Typhoon in Japan: Bombay Parsi family's extraordinary adventure.

FASHIONS OF THE DAY.

THE "BOMBAY CHRONICLE."

The "Bombay Chronicle" is sold at two annas throughout India at the following stations:—

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HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE,

WIDOW'S CLAIM TO PROPERTY.

QUESTION OF LAW.

(Before the Chief Justice and Justice Batchelor.)

Anandibai widow of Atmaram Zaoor v. Vadilal Kashidas and four others.

This was a first appeal against the decision of Mr. V. G. Kaduskar, First Class Sub-Judge of Thana who disallowed the appellant's claim to the properties attached in execution of a decree obtained by the respondents for debts due to them by Atmaram the deceased husband of the appellant.

The facts of the case are briefly these:—Atmaram the deceased husband of the appellant ran into enormous debts and in order to pay off the same he and his brother conveyed the whole of their property to Atmaram's father-in-law, Dharman, under two sale-deeds for Rs. 49,999 and Rs. 14,999 in 1894 and 1895 respectively, but they remained in possession. Atmaram died in 1900 and subsequently Dharman reconveyed part of the property which was attached by the present respondents, to his daughter Anandibai in 1903 for Rs. 7,999 by a sale-deed. He also reconveyed a part of the property to the wife of Atmaram's brother for Rs. 5,999.

The Subordinate Judge in his judgment said: "Under the sale-deed by Dharman, her father, the applicant claims a personal title to the property in suit. She says that she paid up the consideration money by selling ornaments which she had and by making up the money with Rs. 4,000 given in gift by her mother. There is no evidence to prove that she actually paid up the money. Her brother Mukund distinctly contradicts her and the circumstances are such as to lend no support to the allegation of the applicant. The facts related are enough to justify us in holding that the reconveyance of the property to applicant is either the consideration of the originally unpaid purchase money due to Atmaram or by way carrying out the understanding that may have been come to between the father-in-law and son-in-law, now that the claims of creditors have been satisfied. In either case the applicant cannot in my opinion lay any independent and personal title to the property in dispute. Under the circumstances the property in the hands of the applicant must be considered to retain its original character as being the property of her husband. I shall not be justified in inferring a gift of it by the father-in-law in favour of the applicant for he has similarly passed a reconveyance deed in favour of the wife of the brother of Atmaram. The property is therefore liable to be attached as being the property of the deceased judgment debtor."

APPEAL DISMISSED.

After hearing the arguments the Chief Justice in his judgment said:—"This is an appeal from a judgment of the Subordinate Judge passed after investigation of a claim made under R. 58 of Order 21. The conclusion of the Court after the investigation was that the property at the time it was attached was in possession of the judgment debtor or his representatives as their own property and the application was accordingly dismissed. That order is not an order falling under section 47 of the Code, as it is not an order upon a question arising between the parties to the suit in which the decree was passed, for the claimant is not a party to the suit. Under section 104 of the Civil Procedure Code, therefore, there is no appeal from the order, as the order is not one of those specified in section 104 nor in Order 43 which also relates to appeals from orders. That being so, the applicant's appeal must be dismissed. We think it right, however, to state that upon the facts which had been disclosed in argument by the appellant's counsel before the question of the right of appeal was considered, it appears to us that the conclusion of the learned judge that the property was liable to attachment as the property of the deceased judgment debtor was correct. We affirm the order and dismiss the appeal with costs."

The Hon. Mr. Jinnah with Messrs. S. R. Bakhle and B. G. Modak appeared for the appellant.

Mr. H. C. Covaji with Mr. G. R. Desai appeared for the respondents Nos. 1 to 3.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 17TH OF NOVEMBER, 1917.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.

In the Division Court No. 53.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

LONG CAUSE.

703-16.—Payne and Co., Ratanbai v. Shirinbai and ors, Merwanji K & Co., Shamrao M & H, Unwalla P and P, Mirza M & M, Part Heard.

MATRIMONIAL SUIT.

988-17—Pocha and Co. (for a pauper), Sarah Callona v Ernest G Callona, In person.

SHORT CAUSE.

820-16—Ard H D and Co, Abdoolally Moolla Gullamally v Budrudin Mulla Gulamally and ors, Unwalla P and P.

LONG CAUSES.

898-16—Captain and V, The Official Assignee v Devji Kooverji a firm, Madhowji K and Ch.

1306-15—Captain and V, Rajmal Lakhmichand v Damji Hirji and anr, Madh K & Ch.

643-17—Captain and V, Monji Walji v Ram Narayan Harkissondas a firm, Motichand and D.

883-17—Amin and Desai, Baboo Ramji Dallonji v Sitabai widow and ors, Judah and S. Smetham B and Co.

891-17—Mehta D and L, Maneckji Pestonji Bharucha v Saleh Menashy, Mirza M and M.

907-17—Smetham B and Co, Rahimbhai Moojoobhai v Haji Ahmed Oomar and Son a firm, Jam R and D.

915-17.—Craigie B and C, Jamnadas Narandas Motiwalla & anr v. Dawoodbhai Fazulbhoy Peroo Mahomed, Matubhai J & M.

921-17—Motichand and D, Devkaran Mulji v Panachand Bhagubhai and ors, Bhimji and Co, Daph F and D, Pandia and Co, Bhaj K and G.

922-17—Payne and Co, Joosub Mahomed v Ramjoo Mahomed and ors, Mulla & Mulla.

942-17—Kanga and Sayani, Sayani Amir Saheb Jamal Miya Kadri v Karrim Ayub and Co, Payne and Co.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

SUITS FOR HEARING & FINAL DISPOSAL

LONG CAUSE.

1261-16.—Little & Co., Haji Mahomed Haji Esmail and Co. a firm and anr v. Ifchalal Jugmohundas and ors, Payne & Co., Part Heard.

FOR ARGUMENT.

997-15.—Captain & V, The Advocate-General of Bombay v. Mulji Gega & ors, Merwanji K & Co.

LONG CAUSES.

1159-15 N C Dalal, Chandulal Valanji v Sankhibai widow.

528-16—In person, Robert Buchanan v The Indian and Peninsular Steam Navigation Co Ltd, Payne and Co.

610-17.—Purnanand and Co, Bai Mani v. Chhaganlal Sawchand and ors, Mehta D and L, Motichand & D.

952-17—Dubash and Co, Sarupji Jagooji and Co a firm v Talakji Manroopji a firm, Payne and Co.

966-17—Mulla and Mulla, Jaffer Mahomed Haji Bachu Veraya v Esufally Mahomedally Junagadwalla and ors, Capt and V, Hiralal and Co, For postponement.

967-17—Mans H M and Co, Anant Ganesh Sangamverker v Trivedi Keshavram Bechar, Hiralal and Co.

847-15.—Wadia G & Co., The Sassoon Spg & Wg Co., Ltd. v. The Secretary of State for India in Council, E F Nicholson

453-17.—In person, Muncherji Byramji v. Hormusji Nusserwanji Vakil, Payne & Co.

1525-15.—Madh K & Ch, Ebji Oomersey & ors v. Damodhar Jugjiwan Haur, Craigie B & Co., Little & Co.

278-12.—Ard H D & Co., Haji Ahmed Haji Moosa v. Syed Ahmed Syed Hassain, Payne & Co.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE KAJIJI.

In the Division Court No. 43

CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL.

LIST A (ATTORNEYS.)

1252-16.—Ardesir H D & Co., Chunilal Padamchand & anr v. Sagarmul Dalichand & ors, Payne & Co., 4-10-17.

488-14.—Amin & Desai Bhawanishanker Mohanlal & anr v. Girjashanker Dharaedhar, 6-11-17.

1224-12.—Daphtary F & D, Govindji Mulji Raval v. Mahadev R Bodas & anr, 12-11-17.

C C 770-17.—Craigie B & Caroe, L & F Barraclough & Co., Ld. v. Tikaram & Bros. a firm, Madhowji N & Ch, 29-10-17.

1185-10.—Patell & Eze., Vasantrao Madhowrao v. Anandrao Gampatrao & ors, Nanu H & Co., 6-11-17.

833-17.—Khanderao L & Mehta, Anandrao Vishwanath Jaikarv v. Tuljaram Goculdas Dalal & anr, Motichand & D, 12-11-17.

1286-16.—Craigie B & Caroe, Seedick Joosab v. Jamnadas Chaturbhuj & anr, Motichand & D, Purnanand & Co., 12-11-17.

LIST B (COUNSEL.)

In Re Indian Arbitration Act X. of 1899.—Captain & Vaidya, Ebrahim Moledina, Petitioner v. Fatmabai widow Respondent, Mulla & Mulla, Notice 24-10-17.

859-17.—Amin & Desai, Sha Shivji Pacharia & Co. a firm v. Ratanshaw Erachshaw Kohiyar, Notice 8-11-17.

158-16.—Payne & Co., Lala Harnarayen & anr v. Prabhashanker Dewshanker Acharya & ors, Edgelow G W & Co., For Review of Taxation.

443-17.—Judah & Solomon, Jugjiwan Vallabhdas Padamsey & Co. a firm v. The Chanda Coal Prospecting Syndicate Co, Ld. & anr, Soonderdas & Co., 9-10-17.

811-17.—Little & Co., Ahmedbhoy Abdinbhoy Pirbhoy v. Ismailbhoy Pirbhoy Damji, Dastur & Co., 9-11-17.

1142-16.—Kanga & Sayani, Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer v. Haji Suleman Abdul Wahed & ors, Payne & Co., 9-11-17.

142-16.—Kanga & Sayani, Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer v. Haji Suleman Abdul Wahed & ors, Payne & Co., 9-11-17.

430-17.—Smetham B & Co., Maneckji Hormusji Nicholson v. Miya Mahomed Sullaman Miya, Captain & V, 12-11-17.

845-17.—M B Chothia, Joonas Haji Essack v. Vali Mahomed Aboo Bhagha, Ardesir H D & Co., 13-11-17.

SUIT FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL IN COURT,

LONG CAUSE.

937-17—Ardeshir H D and Co, Narotamdas Bhau a firm v Bhimji Machha and ors, Mehta D and L, Motichand and D, Part heard.

THEFT FROM A SHOP.

THREE PERSONS CONVICTED.

Before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Sub-Inspector Deri charged Narsu Bhagu with theft of goods worth Rs. 16-6 belonging to one Radhakishen in Dhanji Street, and Ooka Pitamber and Kala Magan with aiding and abetting him.

The prosecution case was that the three accused came to the complainant's shop and the first accused stole the goods and they all then ran away. The first accused pleaded guilty, while the others pleaded ignorance. The first accused was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment; the other two, who had previous convictions against them, were given two and six months' hard labour respectively.

GAMBLERS SENTENCED.

Before Mr. Oliveira, Inspector O'Brien charged Bhagwandas Narayandas, with keeping a common gambling house in Kika Street, and ten others with gambling there, on November 15. The Inspector when he raided the place found the eleven accused gambling there and he also found some cash and some "cowries" on the ground. All the accused were convicted and fined Rs. 10 each or sentenced to seven days' rigorous imprisonment.

ROBBING A CHILD.

Before the same Magistrate Sub-Inspector Dere charged Bhika Jabaji with theft of a gold bangle from the person of a child; which was in its father's arms, during the Diwali illuminations on the night of the 14th instant at Kalbadevi Road. The accused was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

CLUB FOR DISCHARGED SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

At a meeting of the Ex-Soldiers' Society, Mr. Foster presiding, a proposal was put forward for the establishment of a club in Calcutta for the use of discharged soldiers and sailors. This society was founded in 1911 and its objects include the furnishing of financial aid in time of distress, assistance in obtaining employment for members, opening of a home for the aged and indigent ex-soldiers and the establishment of a club for the use of members. Up to the present, the society has attained a membership of over 1,500 with branches in 23 large centres. Membership in Calcutta is now 109 and is rapidly increasing.

CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Second-Lieut Hon D B S Buxton, Coldstreams.
Capt F C Davies, Medicals.
Second-Lieut H P Dobson, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut L W Hearn, Cornwalls.
Capt P Whyatt, Sherwoods.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut H E E Leyland, Engineers.
Lieut G B Shone, South Staffords.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut A W Anderson, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut F Ashton, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J Blundell, Field Artillery.
Capt C H Brennan, Medicals.
Second-Lieut S H Burch, Rifle Brigade.
Capt J E Cable, Medicals.
Second-Lieut R H V Cave, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R Charlton, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut C H Davies, Household Battalion.
Second-Lieut S W A Derby, Northumberlands.
Lieut H Dobinson, Field Artillery.
Capt A J Donkin, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut L E Dore, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut F A Evans, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut H F Gill, Engineers.
Capt W G Goudie, Medicals.
Capt H B Graham, Medicals.
Capt W I Hatch, Engineers.
Second-Lieut N C Henry, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut A H Hepworth, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut E S Hope, Northumberlands.
Lieut H Horner, Engineers.
Capt T Hutchinson, Oxford and Bucks.
Capt R Mackinnon, Medicals.
Second-Lieut G B Muntz, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut F G Percival, Garrison Artillery.
Capt C Powel-Smith, Durhams.
Second-Lieut S D Proffit, Northumberlands.
Major A L Rogers, Field Artillery.
Capt D H Russell, Medicals.
Lieut A Sleep, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut N Sutherland, Cheshires.
Lieut-Colonel N E Tilney, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut D Watson, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut E W White, Oxford and Bucks.
Second-Lieut G L Whitelaw, Household Battalion.
Second-Lieut A Wilson, Northumberlands.
Major L Wood, Field Artillery.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Second-Lieut R W Kingsman, Machine Gun Corps.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut C H Bartlett, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut C Ellis, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut C E Ferguson, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut S M Park, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut B B Perry, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut G H Swann, Flying Corps.

KILLED.

Lieut N Smart, Lancashire Fusiliers.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut J N Cunningham, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut A G Ireland, Hussars.
Lieut J H Simpson, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut S Van Der Linde, Bedfords.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut B Adams, Northumberlands.
Capt E Barraclough, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut A H Becke, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut G Bice, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut M H Bingham, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut S J W Boggis, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut J Buckley, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut A J Champion, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J H Clark, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut E P Colson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut O Comber, Suffolks.
Lieut D G Daubeny, Rifle Brigades.
Second-Lieut C T Ferris, Field Artillery.
Capt C V Fisher-Rowe, Grenadiers.
Second-Lieut D C Flood, Leicesters.
Second-Lieut A Foll, Bedfords.
Capt W A Ford, Oxford and Bucks.
Second-Lieut H M Geary, Sussex.
Lieut J Hannah, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R W Horsfall, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut S G Howe, North Staffords.
Second-Lieut D T James, Service Corps.
Capt E B Leech, Medicals.
Major V M Linklater, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut F Lumsden, Sussex.
Lieut E W Mason, South Staffords.
Capt C I Massy, South Staffords.
Lieut B L C L Mills, Engineers.
Second-Lieut C F Newman, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut J A Oriel, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut J Proctor, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut A H Saunders, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut C V Scarfe, Northumberlands.
Capt S B Schwabe, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut G R Stewart, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut J M H Storr, Worcesters.
Rev C G Swann, Chaplain.
Second-Lieut P P Thorp, Sussex.
Capt J Tolson, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut F C Tucker, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut O West, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut G E White, Garrison Artillery.
Capt J Wilson, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut F W Winckley, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut A F Yorke, West Yorkshires.

PREVIOUSLY KILLED NOW WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Second-Lieut R J Fish, Lincolns.

"OUR DAY" IN RANGOON.

DONATIONS TO FUND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Nov. 15.

Bookmakers of the Rangoon Turf Club have given a donation of Rs. 2,600 to "Our Day," Race Meeting Fund. The turf accountants of Rangoon have given Rs. 1,000 towards free entrance to the grounds of "Our Day" Fancy Fair and participation in all entertainments for 1,000 orphan children in various Rangoon schools and a further sum of Rs. 300 for free supply of tea cakes, etc., to the little ones.

The District Magistrate on Thursday disposed of a case in which G.. Penn Simkins, late assistant at Messrs. Graham and Co., was accused of cheating Messrs. Row and Co. of Rs. 843-3-0 due on goods sold. The accused before leaving for Calcutta on October 13th gave a dishonoured cheque, but wrote to the firm he was going to attend the coal dealers' conference and would be back shortly. He further stated he had given instructions the same day that a sum of Rs. 1,250 due him as commission on the coal deal should be paid in to his bankers. Balthazar and Sons, to his account.

His worship, in the course of his order, said that in absence of any proof that the accused never intended to set his account right, no conclusion as to the intention to cheat could be drawn from his issue of the cheque which turned out to be worthless. The accused was therefore discharged.

JAPAN AND CHINA,

INTEGRITY TO BE DEFENDED.

Viscount Ishii, in the course of an address at a banquet given by the Mayor of New York in mail week in honour of the visit of the Japanese Mission, proclaimed the application of the Monroe Doctrine to the Far East, and declared that not only would Japan not seek to assail the integrity or sovereignty of China, but she would be prepared eventually to defend Chinese independence against any aggressor. The speech is considered to be the most important that has been delivered since the arrival of the Mission in the United States. Viscount Ishii, after a reference to German propaganda, which he maintained was responsible for the persistent cry of the closed door, proceeded:

In spite of all their efforts to make you believe that Japan as she has grown stronger has always been trying to close the door, I tell you that there has never been an hour when our commonsense or the sense of our own responsibility has failed us. Why should we close our door in violation of pledges, or endeavour to close our neighbour's door when we are in honour bound to protect it? The opportunity for you to trade in Japan and China has never been equal to what it is now. Just as you went far afield, and brought us knowledge of the West and taught as how to grow and how to trade, so we as we gained wisdom, knowledge, and strength went to another field of trade to learn. We went to China, where the door was open to us, as you and we have realised. There nature gave us an advantage. There was no need, there is no need, to close that door, because we welcome your fair and honest competition in all markets everywhere. We are trading there is a field in which we have a natural advantage, where, unless we are very stupid and very inactive, we are bound to succeed.

"CLOSED DOOR."

After declaring that all the "mumblings and whisperings" about the "closed door" were the result of ten years of enemy intrigue, Viscount Ishii continued:

I assure you that the "closed door" in China has never been, and never will be, the policy of my Government. The door is open. The field is there. We welcome all co-operation and competition tending towards the betterment of equal opportunity. Viscount Ishii proceeded to denounce the malicious reports to the effect that Japan was seeking self-aggrandisement through the disruption of China, and added, "Circumstances for which we were in no sense responsible gave us certain rights in Chinese territory, but at no time in the past, and no time in the future, did we, or will we, seek to take territory in China or to despoil her of her rights. We wish to be, and to continue always to be, a sincere friend and helper to our neighbour, for we are more interested than anyone else, except China herself, in good government there. Only we must at all times for our own self-protection prevent other nations from doing what we have no right to do. Not only will we not see them assail the integrity and sovereignty of China, but we are prepared eventually to defend and maintain the independence of China against any aggressor, for we know our own landmark would be threatened by any outside invasion or interference with China."—Reuter.

CRAFTS FOR THE WOUNDED.

CRIPPLE BOYS AS TEACHERS.

On a breezy, picturesque spot, at the edge of the great Sussex Weald, and about a mile from Chailey, stands an institution which will be the centre of an interesting experiment for wounded soldiers. A cluster of buildings form the Heritage Craft schools, which for many years have provided a home for crippled children, who have gone out into the world fortified by the training which they have received. With the Princess Louise as chief patroness, the Bishop of London as president, and Mrs. C. W. Kimmins, the founder, as the hon. secretary, remarkable results have been achieved in the interests of the crippled boy and girl. But the war has stimulated new ideas, and the trained crippled boy is now to assist his elder, wounded in the war. In future the Boys' Heritage will be occupied by soldiers under the scheme known as educated convalescence. The crippled boys will be there also, using the Llangattock craft schools and workshops as hitherto, but occupying the "Kitchener Heritage," a block of commodious huts, which was opened yesterday afternoon by Lieut.-General Sir Francis Lloyd. Workshops will be equipped for wounded soldiers. They will be instructed and, if necessary, nursed by an efficient staff, and they will have the help and companionship of the crippled boy.

About two years ago some crippled soldiers in the earliest stages of convalescence arrived there. To each were assigned as orderies two of the trained boys suffering from the same loss of limb, and they became the soldiers' nurses and instructors. The soldiers were interested in the crafts taught, and with the increased accommodation provided by the opening of the Kitchener Heritage, the experiment is to be carried out on a much larger scale, in the hope of not only enabling the soldier to recover health, but also to learn a remunerative trade.

DERAILMENT ON B. B. AND C. I. LINE

A BULLOCK RUN OVER.

The down local train, which started from Colaba at 5-46 a.m. yesterday, on the B. B. and C. I. Railway line, was derailed between the stations of Goregaon and Andheri on account of a buffalo being run over. The result of this was that there was considerable dislocation of traffic, and the trains had to be run on a single line. The line was cleared by about noon. Nobody was injured through the derailment.

INDIA'S WORK IN THE WAR.

"THE TIMES" ON WRONG IDEAS OF ITS EXTENT.

Lord Chelmsford's discussion of the principles of Indian constitutional reform, in his speech at Simla on September 5, was telegraphed to this country at the time but the full text of his address, which has now been received, shows that he also dealt with a number of other important subjects. In particular, he made a long and impressive statement on India's work for the war which deserves to be more widely known. One result of the report of the Mesopotamia Commission has been that the public have formed wrong ideas about the extent of the aid which India is furnishing. It cannot be too often repeated that the Commission was dealing with the position in the summer and autumn of 1915, and chiefly with the failure to provide adequate transport and medical aid in Mesopotamia. Even in that year and in 1914 India stripped herself bare of troops and war material, and no complaints were ever heard about the equipment of the splendid divisions sent to France and Egypt. In any case, the later work of India in the war constitutes a record of which both Government and people have every reason to be proud. It is no secret that Sir Stanley Maude now controls on the Rivers Tigris and Euphrates a large and well-equipped fleet of river steamers. Lord Chelmsford said that of the actual vessels now in commission 57 per cent. have been supplied by India. Numbers of steamers, launches, and barges have been built or reconstructed in Indian ports, and they are now taken to the head of the Persian Gulf by methods which have reduced losses in transit to a minimum. Again, Sir Stanley Maude has at his disposal a considerable mileage of railways. Lord Chelmsford mentioned that there had been great activity in railway construction in Mesopotamia, and that "the whole of the "rails, sleepers, bridging, material, engines, "rolling stock, and personnel required for "the working of these lines have been pro-"vided by India." We may add that this development of communications in Mesopotamia is one of the reasons why the possible advent of General von Falkenhayn in that region may be awaited calmly. Large quantities of railway material have also been sent from India to Egypt and East Africa. Electrical power stations have been established at various places in Mesopotamia, with the object, among others, of providing electric light and fans for the general hospitals in the field. The Indian Telegraph Department has supplied and maintained over 9,000 miles of telegraph line. The Farms Department has furnished "military dairies" and cultivated vegetable gardens in the Tigris and Euphrates valleys, and it is pleasant to hear that Sir Stanley Maude has just reported that the general opinion of officers and men is that "they have never seen troops so well fed."

We might quote indefinitely from Lord Chelmsford's recital, but a few further points must suffice. India has established a Man-Power Board, and recruits for the Indian Army, who were once reckoned in thousands, are now numbered by tens of thousands. In addition there are twenty Indian labour corps in Mesopotamia, and another twenty-two in France, besides "up-"wards of 60,000 artisans, labourers, and "specialists of various kinds," and "some "20,000 menials and followers," all of whom have been recruited and dispatched overseas. The Indian Army Reserve of Officers numbered forty members when war began; it now numbers over 3,000. Some 250 medical officers have been withdrawn from civil employment, and 500 Indian practitioners have accepted temporary commissions in the Indian Medical Service. Six months ago an Indian Munitions Board was founded under the direction of Sir Thomas Holland. It has re-grouped the official machinery of control, and has started many new enterprises, including a promising development of the Indian tanning industry. The Indian War Loan, which was expected to produce ten million pounds has resulted in total receipts amounting to over thirty-two million pounds. The Government of India are financing "large "quantities of wheat, jute manufactures, "hides, and numerous other essential com-"modities" which are being supplied to Great Britain, to the Dominions, and to the Allied Governments. India, in short, in this and in many other ways, is "pulling "her weight," and there is ample justification for Lord Chelmsford's modest claim that his administration "has not been sterile."—"The Times."

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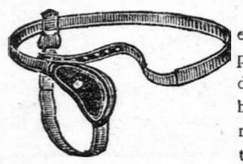

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FUTURE OF ALSACE-LORRAINE.

EUROPE'S MISTAKE IN THE PAST.

THE FRONTIER QUESTION.

The following article is published by "The Times" from a correspondent in Alsace:—

In the settlement of the future of Alsace and Lorraine a far more vital consideration is involved than the mere satisfaction of the claims of France to the recovery of her ravished provinces. On humanitarian and sentimental grounds those claims are undeniable; from an archaelogical point of view, for what it is worth, they are at least as convincing as those put forward on behalf of Germany by her political historians. But they are not, so far as France alone is concerned, imperative, or rather they are only imperative because France is part of something bigger than herself.

France and England were forced into the war partly because in the interests of freedom and justice they were bound to stand by Russia and Serbia and Belgium, and partly by the instinct of self-preservation. They had to fight or go under. They are fighting now for issues that are even more important. The events of the last three years have made it plain that the danger is infinitely more widespread than was at first supposed. It concerns not only England and France and Russia and Belgium and Serbia, but the whole world, and is the greatest that the world has ever had to face. It has rallied to the side of the Allies all the liberal States which were not prevented by their weakness or their fear of Germany from putting their sense of right before their supposed interests, and it has united them all with one common object—to prevent, so far as is humanly possible, a repetition of Germany's crime against humanity, and to establish the peace and security of the world after the war is over on a basis as firm and permanent as it can be made. But let there be no mistake about it. When the time comes to talk about peace terms, unless the deliverance of Alsace and Lorraine from the yoke of Germany is made an indispensable condition, the war will have been fought and won in vain. For until they have been given back to France no lasting peace is possible.

GERMAN AGGRESSION.

The German plea that the two provinces ought always to have been theirs because they once belonged to the Holy Roman and Germanic Empire will not bear discussion. The Italians might as well say that they have a prior right to the land in question because it formed part of the Gaul conquered by Caesar nine centuries before it pased (together with Switzerland and part of Italy to which, on the same grounds modern Germany could lay just as good and just as false a claim) from Charlemagne to his son Lothair, and from him to his brother Louis. But, to say nothing of the subsequent long connexion between Alsace and Lorraine and France, it is obvious that this is not an academic question of medival history but a problem of modern and exceedingly practical politics, on which the future of Europe and the world depends. From this point of view it is useless to go further back than 1815, when the provinces on the left bank of the Rhine were taken away from France by the rest of Europe and given to Prussia. That was done with the definite object of preserving the equilibrium of Europe by checking the aggrandisement of France at a time when France was aggressive as well as strong and when the far more unscrupulous aggressiveness of Prussia was not generally suspected. Now the boot is on the other foot. The monster State for the creation of which the rest of Europe was responsible when it allowed the Germans to extend their boundaries to this side of the Rhine has now a population nearly double that of the country whose ambitious aims it was supposed to be going to counteract.

That was the initial mistake. In 1871 it was repeated, though it was sufficiently apparent that, as a political measure of precaution, designed to preserve the equilibrium of Europe, the experiment had not proved a grand success Germany was permitted to annex yet another slice of France, and to add another million and a half to the already huge population from which she draws her armies. This time there was no question of adjusting the European balance. The other Powers stood by with folded hands while the *nouveau riche* of Europe moved her neighbour's landmark one stage further back, and besides helping herself to her neighbour's land and her neighbour's sons and daughters appropriated some of the most valuable of her iron mines and two-thirds of her blast furnaces, an invaluable addition to the conveniently adjacent caolfields of the Sarre basin, already transferred from France to Prussia as part of the one-sided bargain of 1815.

FRENCH COAL AND IRON.

Up to the beginning of the present war very few people realized the extent of the mischief that had been done. In 1815 France had been shorn of some of her possessions as a matter of precaution; in 1871 she had been fairly and squarely beaten, and had had to pay the penalty. That was the generally accepted opinion till 1914, when at last (but too late) it began to be realized that Germany had been allowed to take up a far stronger position than that of which France, in the supposed interests of common safety, had been deprived a century before. As the result of the treaties of Vienna and Frankfurt she had been presented with, or allowed to take, French territory which included the coalfields of the Sarre basin and the iron fields of the Briey-Longwy district. The Sarre coalfields were chiefly of value to her because of their situation, as she already possessed in Germany proper more than half the coal reserve of Europe. The Briey-Longwy iron was of infinitely greater importance, because the German iron-fields on the other side of the Rhine are so limited in extent that, of the 28 millions of tons of iron ore extracted in 1913 from German soil, 21 millions came from Lorraine. Without those 21 millions and the many more millions of which they were the successors, the war would probably never have been begun. Without the further millions brought to the surface during the war—if only the French could have made an advance of three miles on a front of 10, so as to have occupied the German part of the mining area, instead of being compelled by the suddenness of the attack to retire and leave their own at the mercy of the enemy—it could never have been continued. That was the worth of the Briey-Longwy iron mines to the German marauders.

A CONVENIENT FRONTIER.

But even this was only part of the iniquitous advantage which they gained by the 1871 frontier. It presented them with a jumping-off ground so conveniently placed that, once they had violated the neutral soil of Belgium and Luxemburg, it placed them at one bound in the centre of the chief coal and iron districts of France. By the time the battle of the Marne was fought 90 per cent., 86 per cent., 78 per cent., and 76 per cent. of her normal production of iron ore, cast iron, coal, and steel respectively, were in German hands, besides 95 out of a total of 127 blast furnaces. Germany, that is to say, for the purposes of the war has had all her own coal and iron mines and manufactures to count upon plus 83 per cent. of those belonging to France, and yet France has not only been able to carry on, but has increased to an incredible and wholly unprecedented figure her output of guns and warlike munitions. That is one of the miracles of the war.

THE ONLY POLICY.

But it is with facts and not with miracles that the Allies will have to deal in settling the terms of peace. Twice in a century Germany has been trusted and found wanting, and during at least half of that period she has been deliberately plotting and preparing to set at naught the peaceful designs of the nations by whom the trust was reposed in her. Unless we are to cry Peace when there is no peace only one conclusion is now possible. So far as Germany is concerned, the boundary clauses not only of the Frankfurt Treaty of 1871, but of the Vienna Treaty of 1815 must be reversed. It is not enough merely to restore Alsace and Lorraine to the country to which by right and inclination they belong. In the interests of the whole world no other policy is open to the Allied nations but to fight on till the rules of Germany are brought to see that her legitimate boundary on the west, and the only frontier to which the rest of the world will agree, is the Rhine. The enemy naturally have different views which have been clearly explained by many writers and speakers, among others by von Bissing the butcher of Brussels. "The only frontier," he wrote, "which can protect Germany against France and guarantee her security against that turbulent, warlike and intelligent race is the line from Calais to Basel." But the world has had enough of butchery. It is just as certain which of the two frontiers is most likely to secure a lasting peace as it is which of the two nations, under its present rulers, is the most turbulent and bent on war."

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TRADITIONS OF THE SEA.

MR. HALL CAINE ON GERMAN CRIMES.

When the Lord of the Creation first separated firmament from firmament, and divided the waters from the dry land, He made the sailor a necessity of man's life on this planet, writes Mr. Hall Caine in the "Daily Telegraph." If the family of man were to increase and multiply, and replenish the earth and subdue it, and have dominion over everything that lived on the face of it, it must come to pass in due course that man would have to go down to the sea in ships.

It very speedily did so come to pass. First for his physical needs, then for his racial development, and finally for the satisfaction of the higher and wider claims of human brotherhood, it became a necessity of man's progress and a first condition of his civilisation, that he should pass from continent to continent. Hence the sailor. Without him the world could never have been what it is, and even the scheme of the Creation must have come to nought. In the highest sense the sailor is the great Socialist, for he has linked race to race and nation to nation. He is the great scientist, too, for no discoveries have been equal to his in the value of their contribution to the welfare of humanity. He is also the great poet, for the story of the sailor is the wonder-story of the world. North and south, east and west, round and round the the globe he has sailed, opening up its unknown lands, bringing back their natural treasures, peopling them, and binding them together by making the highways of the sea.

It has been a marvellous achievement, perhaps the most marvellous in the history of man, but what a price the sailor has paid for it! Horace says truly that oak and three-fold brass must surely have surrounded his heart who first trusted a frail vessel to the merciless ocean. How frail the vessels were in which man first adventured on the great waters we may partly guess by remembering what a cockle-shell of a ship it was in which the company of the Mayflower set sail for Plymouth Rock. But the spirit of the sea seems to laugh at mere size in the weapons with which man goes out to contend with it. We may build a mighty ship that will ride over four long waves at a strench; we may divide her into water-tight compartments, and tell ourselves she is unsinkable from any attack by wind and water, but, behold, in the very hour of our pride and boasting an iceberg comes floating silently down from the frozen north, slits up the side of our leviathan, and sends her to the bottom.

"He that will learn to pray," says George Herbert, "let him go to sea." Nowhere is man's sense of his infinite littleness so poignantly brought home to him as in the midst of a storm on the ocean. Yet the sea has never wanted for men to take "the hazard of their lives" on it. Partly out of the spirit of adventure, and the soul of the heroic which is in all of them, there have always been sailors to do battle with the great waters in their moods of tempestuous wrath and sudden anger. For thousands of years, in frail craft and strong, the sailors of the world have fought the sea and beaten it. But they have paid the price of their victory. The great deep holds the unknelled and uncoffined remains of millions of the vanquished. Through all the ages they have been the soldiers of the sea, and for the good of the world, its material and spiritual necessities, they have fallen in battle against the deadliest enemy of mankind.

That is according to the law of nature, and we bow our heads to it. "There is sorrow on the sea; it is never quiet." But when the wrecks of the ocean are not those of the elements in their blindiness, but of man himself in his barbarity, the heart of humanity has to be surrounded by something more than oak and three-fold brass to bear it. The first sea-battle between ship and ship must have seemed to be a sufficiently unnatural thing to those who reflected that the common foe of both was round about them. But there was at least a certain fierce grandeur about it, such as we now feel to belong to a battle in the air. And just as aerial fighting seems to sound the last note of chivalry in the clamourous discord of modern warfare, so does sea fighting seem to be a human struggle of brave man against brave man, with Nature, the great Neutral, standing by to swallow up the fallen. Drake and Hawkins and the rest of our wild sea rovers may have been pirates, but they fought like men. Not blood for blood's sake, not lust of mere destruction, not merciless massacre of vanquished enemies, but the glory of conquest, a certain pride in overcoming courageous adversaries, and showing them the honours due to brave if beaten foes—that was the spirit of the great seamen of the old days.

THE SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN.

It is the spirit of all true sailors still, thank God, but our enemies in the present war have done their utmost to wipe out the first and highest and noblest traditions of the sea. They have condescended not merely to the morality of pirates (which has a bold daring to it), but to the ethics of sharks and sea garrotters, which requires no courage and no strength. The last thing they wish to meet is an adversary that can hold his own with them. Because the submarine is necessarily a frail vessel that cannot bear an answering shot, they fall on their unwary foe from the cover of the waters as the footpad falls on the pedestrian from the shelter of a wall or tree. As a consequence, they sink without the danger of being sunk, and fight where they cannot be fought. One wonders what our mighty Drake, pirate as he may have been, would have said to seamen who took after this style the hazard of their lives at sea!

It would be useless to discuss the arguments on which our enemies justify their unrestricted submarine campaign, except to say that they are shallow, stupid, and illogical, and such as the most ruthless of their own statesmen—Bismarck himself—must have disclaimed. The only matter worth thinking of is the measure of the offence of it, and the first thing one sees is that it is a crime against nature. That ordinance of the Almighty whereby the earth, through all the workings of seed time and harvest, gives forth its fruits, is openly defied and outraged by a nation which orders the sinking of ships laden with food. To say that for reasons of revenge, to compel the withdrawal of a blockade or for any other ends whatsoever, the sun shall shine and the rain shall rain in vain, and the products of the soil shall be utterly wasted, is blasphemy against nature and the God of nature.

EDUCATION AND THE WORKING MAN.

LORD HALDANE'S ARGUMENT.

Lord Haldane, speaking in Edinburgh in mail week said the education problem lay at the root of the whole social problem, and the rise of democracy depended upon it. Education could no longer be put in a compartment by itself. It must permeate every department of activity. There was one thing that the working classes must remember. They could not all be equal. Nature did not permit it. Some of them she endowed with finer brain-power than their neighbours. These would always be an elite, but the new aristocracy would not be an aristocracy founded on wealth or rank, but on spontaneous gifts of nature aided by the power of a real national system of education. (Applause.)

Some of the Labour leaders objected to education going before reformation in their capiptalistic system, on the ground that superior aptitude would simply be exploited by the capitalist. That was a profound mistake. (Applause.) The one way to put the working man and the capitalist on something like a footing of equality was to bridge the gulf that existed between the chances of education of the man who worked with his hands and the man who worked with his head or not at all. The great thing to get over was the monotony of the task of the working man, and so to train every working man that if he had it in him he could think of improvements in the processes in which he was engaged and become an inventor. (Applause.)

This war had been in one aspect for us a piece of good fortune. If Germany had gone on at the rate she was doing in industrial and commercial organisation and education, by 1924 she would have been the most potent country in the world. Through the more peaceful enterprises she saw her chance and was seizing it. Some of us had observed this with concern years ago, and were depressed by the indisposition of the average Briton to bestir himself. But we were now awakened from our slumbers. The war had given us our chance, and before us we had the prospect of a great reformation in our national training, with all its political consequences. (Loud applause.)—"Manchester Guardian."

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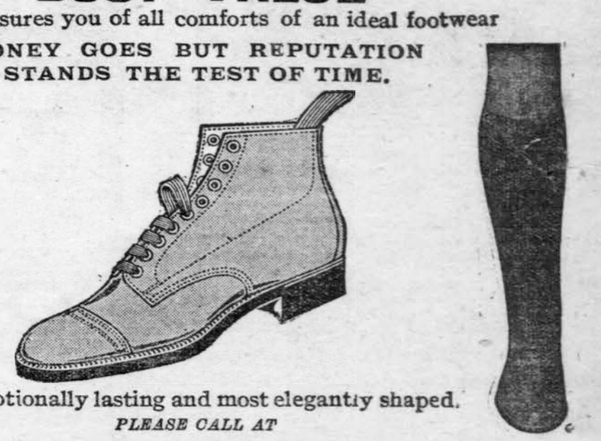

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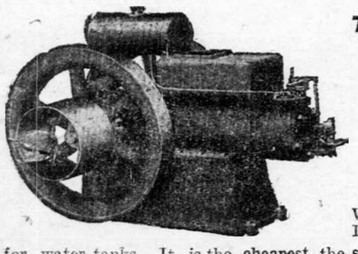

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OPPOSITION TO HOME RULE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Nov. 15.

The Burma Branch of the Anglo-Indian Empire League have sent a memorial to Mr. Montagu, in the course of which they express their disapproval of demand of a section of Indian people for Home Rule and are of opinion that it would be "a national disaster" if Home Rule were granted. They sympathise with the desire of the educated Indians for greater share in the government of the country and consider such desire should be met by gradual extension of representation by election on local and Imperial Councils. They urge it is essential to the welfare of the country that the British character of the administration should be maintained. The memorialists say the European and Anglo-Indian communities are part of the Indian Empire and have right to representation on all Councils in the Empire, which right up to present, so far as Anglo-Indians are concerned, has been absolutely ignored. There should be no division or distribution made between Europeans and their descendants. The memorialists feel it would be deplorable to give separate representations to Europeans as a class and to their descendants as another class and submit that it is the duty of good government to discourage, as far as possible, racial radius, class and other distinctions.

The memorialists are of the opinion that the status of the province should be raised to a governorship and that a High Court should as soon as possible be established with jurisdiction over the whole of Burma.

ALL-INDIA ARYA KUMAR CONFERENCE

SESSION AT ALLAHABAD.

(From a Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 15.

The eighth All-India Arya Kumar Conference, opened yesterday amidst great enthusiasm. Delegates from various Arya Kumar Sabhas from all parts of India attended, in large numbers. Mr. Hansraj, President-elect, arrived yesterday noon and was received by Kunwar Chandkaran Sardar, Secretary to the Parishad and the members of the Reception Committee at station. The Arya Kumars presented an address of welcome in Hindi to the President at the gate. The grand pandal was tastefully decorated with flags, buntings and Veda mantras.

The Chairman of the Reception Committee, Mr. Balmukand, then read his address.

Mr. Hansrajji after being duly elected read his address. The Subjects Committee met and drafted 11 resolutions after a good deal of discussion.

Mr. Chandkaran Sarda then read the report of the Parishad and announced the result of the Satyarth Prakash Pariksha in which 100 students appeared including a Mahomedan. The sammelan was a great success.

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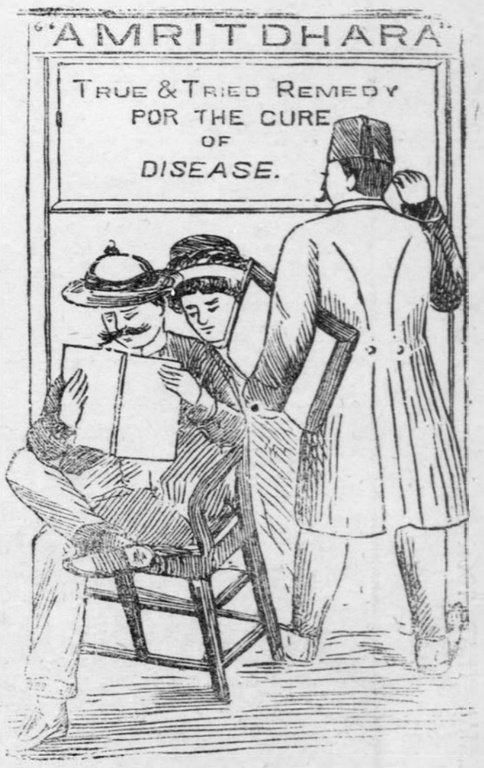

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